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NEW INDUSTRY TO BE LOCATED HERE

A MINING MACHINERY FACTORY FOR VICTORIA

Canadian Mine and Smelter Supply Co., Will Install Plant in the Earle Building.

Within a short time Victoria will be the home of an industry for the manufacture of mining machinery, which is likely to develop to an incalculable extent as the immense mining resources of British Columbia are laid bare by the ever-inquisitive pick and shovel of the enterprising prospector. The Canadian Mine & Smelter Supply Co. intend opening up a branch here, installing a comparatively modest plant at the outset and gradually increasing its capacity in accordance with the demands of the market. The Earle building, Yates street, has been secured and the machinery and other necessary accessories to an establishment of the kind will be put in place almost immediately. No time will be lost as there are already many orders which cannot be satisfactorily filled under the present conditions.

The output will consist principally of the Smith-Willey concentrator, although other specialties will be manufactured. To mining men it is unnecessary to enter into any explanation of the former machine. It embodies all the well-known improvements of the Willey along with certain undeniable improvements on the same by a mining engineer of acknowledged ability. Already it has become popular in British Columbia, and may be found in operation at the Monito and Ajax Reduction Works at Roseberry, B. C., at the Eva Mines Co., Camborne, and the Canadian Metal Co., Pilot Bay.

That the Canadian Mine & Smelter Supply Co. is a bona fide concern with strong financial backing is vouched for by the personnel of its board of directors, which follows: Jonathan P. Smith, mining engineer, president and managing director; Edward K. Carnes, superintendent of the Missouri Pacific Railway Co., of Kansas City, Mo.; J. M. Davidson, wholesale merchants, Kansas City, Mo.; and W. Townsend, M. V. I. E., who has been engaged as the chief mechanical engineer. He has had a wide experience in Great Britain, South Africa and the Antipodes, and is considered a very capable mining man.

Mr. Smith, the managing director, who is in Victoria, has specialized on the handling of refractory ores and the successful treatment thereof for many years. When seen by a Times reporter this morning he said that it was perfectly true that the Earle building had been secured as a location for the proposed factory. The company had come to Victoria because they could establish themselves more economically, could forward their machinery to any point in the province just as cheaply as from the lower Mainland, and because the capital undoubtedly was more the centre of the industrial northwest than any other point. It is also the mining centre of the province. Their operations at first would be on a small scale, five or six thousand dollars would be expended on the initial plant. In addition about twenty-five thousand dollars worth of stores would be brought here to supply the various properties of British Columbia with necessary machinery as required. But the business would not be permitted to remain stationary by any means. Its scope would be broadened with the mining development of the country. It was his belief, in fact, that although the Earle building offered over 10,000 square feet of floor space this would soon prove insufficient to permit of necessary augmentations to the capacity of the plant.

"You apparently have great confidence in the mining future of British Columbia?" queried the reporter.

Mr. Smith replied in the affirmative most emphatically. When he first came north he expected to find a small area of mineralized country. His advent here and a tour of inspection through the interior however, soon opened his eyes to the possibilities. Why, the mining territory of British Columbia is five times as large as that of the whole of the United States. When it was remembered that the output of the latter last year amounted to something like $150,000,000 the future of the Canadian west could be more clearly realized. Local residents didn't appear to appreciate the wealth of their heritage. Personally he had implicit confidence in the future, and it was this feeling that had prompted him in his decision to establish a mining machinery manufacturing plant somewhere convenient to the area which so attracted him.

It is Mr. Smith's intention to remain here for an indefinite period. His first idea was to let out the different machines patented by their company on a royalty, but the favorable impression they received on the various ores induced him to change his mind. He will give his personal attention to the construction of these machines and to the installation and operation of them. He also contemplates establishing in connection with the Victoria factory ore testing works where practical demonstrations of the most economical method for handling any ore—particularly the complex ones so prevalent in British Columbia—may be made, thus securing for those interested correct data for the erection of suitable works for economical operation of any given ore.

From this it is possible to obtain some conception of the magnitude of the industry, which the Canadian Mine & Smelter Co., Ltd., intends placing in Victoria. They are backing a large amount of eastern American and Canadian capital, and have selected a local site simply because of the advantages it offers for the prosecution of their plans. No assistance has been asked in any shape or form. They have come to Victoria quietly, confident of the future of the northwest from a mining standpoint, and determined to benefit by the expected development by being on the scene at the proper time. What their factory will mean to this city commercially it is impossible to estimate at present. But the confidence in Victoria thus tacitly and practically expressed should have the immediate effect of encouraging sanguine citizens and drowning the never ceasing grumblings of "moss-backs."

Mr. Smith also praises the beauty of Victoria from a residential standpoint. He will transfer his home from the United States here.

MYSTERY IN THE WATER QUESTION

COMMITTEE RETICENT REGARDING ACTIONS

City Engineer Scours Saanich Peninsula Seeking Further Supply—Wild Scheme Advocated.

An air of mystery pervades the city hall when the water question is mentioned. The Mayor has subscribed to the bond of secrecy previously holding the water committee, and though he states something will be doing in the near future, at present he refuses to talk. At present the city is using four-fifths of the possible limit of supply from the Elk lake system. Recent tests of pressure on the high levels show that something must be done not only to secure more water, but to improve methods of distribution.

The latest idea is to endeavor to secure an adequate supply independent of the Esquimalt Waterworks Company. It is known that soon the limit of the Elk lake system will be reached, and something must be done, and done quickly in other directions.

A change has come over the mind of many of the aldermen since the recent decision of Mr. Justice Duff. Those who were in favor of dickering with the Lubbe company before its title was supported by judicial authority, now seem to think the price will be placed altogether above civic resources. The matter of an appeal has been shelved for the present, and many think the operations indulged in within the past few days are in the nature of a bluff to get the Esquimalt company to reduce its figures. When its title was in the balance a deal might have been made at a figure the city, by exerting its fullest borrowing powers, could reach, but now it is thought that there will be an abrupt raise in the price.

The city has power to expropriate, with the sanction of the governor in council, but most of the aldermen have come to the conclusion that the city always gets the worst of it when this method is taken to settle a dispute.

Saanich peninsula has been the scene of recent investigation, and City Engineer Topp has practically concluded an estimate of all the water vallable in this district. Outside the present source of supply there is Prospect lake that might be made tributary to the system now in use, but it is feared that unavoidable expense will put it out of the question.

A wild and improbable story has been given in the Colonist regarding the construction of a set of dams and a direct system of piping from streams in the vicinity of Elk lake, but this is too absurd to receive any attention. It would be cheaper to employ the rainmaker.

There are no watersheds of any importance in the Saanich peninsula beyond those at present controlled by the city and other interests, and it is impossible to regard as a sane subject for discussion the proposal to dam a lot of small springs at widely different points and bring them by a new line of pipe to the city. It would mean constructing a small far-away waterworks for each block. No wonder expert Adams did not consider the matter—he is too busy a man to waste time.

The only reason given for the present reticence is that property would go up if it became known the city was looking for it. The water committee seem to think the good people of Saanich will witness the city engineer of Victoria investigating water supplies in their vicinity without making a good guess at the object in view. The Water Clauses Act gives the city the right of expropriation in only one way, for water supply purposes, from private owners, and the making of a mystery when there is no occasion gives rise to the supposition that there is a nigger in the fence somewhere.

A LONG JOURNEY.

Russian Officer Rode From Manchuria to St. Petersburg.

(Associated Press.)

St. Petersburg, June 5.—Capt. Byeff, who left the front in Manchuria shortly after the peace treaty was signed, arrived in St. Petersburg to-day. He rode the entire distance, about 8,700 miles, in eight months and four days. His horse, which was of English breed, was in good condition when the journey was finished. The captain's orderly, who was his sole companion, had a Mongolian mount.

RESIDENTS ARE ON THE WARPATH

COMPLAINT REGARDING DROSDOVITCH HOUSE

Grievances Set Forth in Petition Which Was Presented to City Council Last Night.

When the city fathers gathered together in weekly session last evening they found awaiting them two prominent citizens, namely, Simon Leiser and Max Leiser, residents of Pandora avenue. They were extended a cordial welcome, but no mention was made of the business which brought them to the counsels of the municipal solons. In fact their mission seemed to be generally understood. Both gentlemen appeared extremely anxious that their business should be dealt with early and decisively. They watched one communication after another pass through the hands of City Clerk Dowler with scant patience. Finally a large type-written document in the form of a petition made its appearance and the delegation of two smiled with satisfaction, their expressions conveying the impression of amusement strongly mingled with seriousness, as though acknowledging the humor of the situation, while wishing the council to realize the necessity of action calculated to relieve their embarrassment.

As the city clerk proceeded with the reading of the document referred to, it gradually became evident to humble members of the fourth estate, the only ones present who had not been previously posted, that Messrs. Simon and Max Leiser, backed by all the residents of the lower section of Pandora avenue, were "on the warpath." Their grievance was against Mrs. Drosdovitch's method of "keeping house" for her son Abe, a well known local expressman. They asserted that the aforementioned Mrs. Drosdovitch had neglected the "spring cleaning," customary in all cleanly establishments, for many years, and that her house was in a disgraceful, filthy and unsanitary condition. But this was not the full extent of their complaint. They claimed that Mrs. Drosdovitch and her son, Abe, made a practice of disturbing their neighbors in various ways, and, in short, were a constant nuisance. Perhaps, however, the situation may be better understood by quoting the petition in which the complainants set forth their case in a clear, terse manner:

Pandora Street,
Victoria, B. C., June 4th, 1906.

To the Mayor and Council City of Victoria, B. C.:

We, the undersigned residents of Pandora street, Victoria, B. C., hereby respectfully request you to take such steps as are necessary for the removal from their present dwelling of Mrs. Drosdovitch and her son, A. Drosdovitch, as they are a public nuisance to the residents of Pandora street near them. Mrs. Drosdovitch and her son, at all hours of the day and night, are constantly yelling and shouting for the express purpose of annoying the neighbors. The place is kept in a dirty, filthy condition. Lately they have brought in a lot of wild horses, which are taken out and trained on Pandora street, endangering the lives of children. Besides that, these people are torturing these animals almost to death, which can be corroborated by the police. They string the horses up, putting a canvas bag underneath them, causing the animals to kick all night long.

We have made repeated efforts to induce these people to behave themselves, without avail, and have now concluded to appeal to you to take the necessary steps to remove them from the neighborhood, as it is impossible for the other residents to continue living on Pandora street with such people for neighbors.

(Signed) Simon Leiser, F. G. Moody, S. Greenwood, (Mrs.) Annie McDowell, Miss K. Wright, Mrs. G. W. Dinsley, Mrs. Addison, W. C. Smith, Mrs. B. H. John, Mrs. H. Handley, Dora Green, L. M. Wilkins, Mrs. Roach, J. H. Mansell, Henry G. Dalby.

After the city clerk had read the above document, a proceeding which was accomplished with some difficulty became of frequent interruptions, expressive of the amusement it gave the auditors, Simon Leiser was invited to make a statement. He accepted with alacrity and delivered himself in effect as follows:

"Mr. Mayor and aldermen these are facts. The police won't act. I have called them in the early mroning, in the middle of the day and late at night, but they won't do anything. I don't want to take proceedings, but I can't stand it any longer. The Drosdovitch house is the filthiest place in the city. It is a disgrace. It wouldn't be permitted in Vancouver, Seattle or anywhere else. But in Victoria we jog along and don't take any notice. I have complained time and again. City Assessor Northcott admitted the house didn't look good from the outside. He's seen the condemned batter. I saw Sanitary Inspector Wilson, but he's afarid. She (Mrs. Drosdovitch presumably) pulled his whiskers once before, and he's frightened. (Uproarious laughter, during which Mr. Leiser pauses to recover breath.) Wilson said he'd go up there three days ago, but I don't believe he's been there yet. I saw him on the street and asked him whether he'd been. He said he had, and that she was going to clean up. But I can't stand it any longer, and unless somthing's done I'll carry the case into the Supreme court, charging the corporation officials with neglect of duty."

"Who would you lay the charge against?" interjected the Mayor in a quieting tone of voice.

"The police, other officials concerned, and perhaps yourself," sharply retorted Mr. Leiser.

Mr. Leiser concluded by stating that he had lived in his present house for 16 years, but that if there wasn't a change in the personnel of his neighbors in the near future he would have to move.

His Worship promised that immediate action would be taken, and S. Leiser and Max Leiser gracefully bowed themselves out.

In the discussion which followed, Ald. Hall pointed out that the only course open was to refer the question to the sanitary inspector. It might also be put before the police commissioners, as he thought it was possible to do something under the provisions of the pound by-law, on the ground that horses were being kept within the city limits without proper accommodation.

Ald. Stewart was of the opinion that the establishment should be condemned under the sanitary regulations.

The importance of the police taking the matter in hand was emphasized by Ald. Hall. The cruelty to the animals, he thought, offered a case for the S. P. C. A. He moved that the petition be referred to the sanitary officer, and that a copy be submitted to the police commissioners. This carried.

Thus concluded the one piece of business which broke the monotony of last night's proceedings of the city council.

PEASANTS KILLED RURAL GUARDS

DURING FIGHT IN SOUTHERN RUSSIA

Police Refuse to Obey Orders—Landlords Sell Estates For Anything They Will Bring.

(Associated Press.)

Voronezh, Russia, June 5.—A collision occurred here yesterday between rural guards and peasants, who were annexing land belonging to proprietors. Two guards were killed.

Mutiny of Guards.

Mobileff, Russia, June 5.—In many places in this vicinity the rural guards, who are in sympathy with the peasants, are refusing to obey the orders of their superiors.

Selling Property.

Yekaterinoslav, South Russia, June 5.—Owing to the agitation among the peasants in this province, the landlords are hastily selling their estates for anything they will bring.

Becoming Grave.

Tula, Russia, June 5.—The agrarian movement in this province is spreading, and is assuming a threatening phase.

CLEARING DAY IN PACKING HOUSES

EFFORTS BEING MADE TO IMPROVE CONDITIONS

Mayor Dunne, of Chicago, Is in Favor of Establishing Municipal Slaughtering Plant.

(Associated Press.)

Chicago, Ill., June 5.—The Tribune to-day says: "One of the immediate effect of the President's disclosure of packing house conditions was seen in at least three of the big plants yesterday, where steps were being taken to remedy the conditions condemned in the report. Toilet arrangements were renovated; floors cleaned, walls scraped and light and ventilation improved. The surroundings of the workers in these three places were improved 50 per cent. in one day. The general manager of one big plant spent the morning in a down-town plumbing establishment picking out the latest sanitary plumbing.

"Besides renovating the plumbing, the packing companies put up a variety of signs all over the plants, enjoining cleanliness. The foremen were told that the rule against expectorating must be enforced if discharge would result. Other new rules posted conspicuously was that forbidding the use of tobacco in all food producing rooms."

Mayor's Lunne's Proposal.

Chicago, June 5.—Impelled by disclosures at the stock yards, Mayor Dunne announced a new municipal ownership project last night. He declared himself in favor of the city owning a slaughtering plant where the packers would be compelled to kill their cattle and prepare the meat for sale to the public under strict municipal supervision. The only difficulty foreseen by the mayor is the problem of raising the necessary funds for such an undertaking. He will confer with Alderman Bennett, chairman of the council of finance committee, and other members of the city council to see if there is not some way of finding the money.

THE PRINCESS MAY IS NEARLY READY

SHIP HAS BEEN MADE A STATELY CRAFT

Will Enter Northern Commission It is Hoped Within the Next Fortnight.

The announcement appearing in the Colonist this morning that the new steel steamer for the quarantine station is nearing completion is an error. The vessel is no more than in frame as yet, and is therefore far from completion.

The only vessel in the yard of the B. C. Marine Railway at Esquimalt that is nearing this stage is the Princess May, the remodelled liner of the C. P. R. fleet. There is still over a week's work to be put on her, however, and this, dispite the fact that a large gang of mechanics is employed upon her, in adding the finishing touches. Only a few odd jobs in the carpentry line remain, and the most of that to be done on the ship is in painting and furnishing the vessel.

When the Princess May leaves the yard there will be no more stately looking craft of her kind in these waters, or probably in the Pacific, in the coasting service. On the Skagway run, the Princess May will stand alone in point of marine architecture. While capable of carrying a great deal of cargo, she has been converted into more of a commodious passenger steamer than she was before, and that this might be done she has been built up from the water line, permitting of a row of cabins on two decks. On the top is the observation room, in the extreme forward end, with big windows extending to within a foot or so of the flooring. This apartment, like all the other quarters, has not yet been finished, but when this feature has been attended to the effect will surely be very striking. One descends from the observation room into a forward social hall with cabins on both sides and provided with an abundance of daylight and fresh air. The passage ways forward of this room lead to a smoking room, the full width of the steamer, with a bar attached. The passage ways aft lead to another social hall with the same airy and cheery characterization of the one forward. A stairway from this takes one into the dining saloon, a handsome apartment right on the water line. The attractions of this are the paintings which decorate the sides between every port hole, and which include in addition to a number of marine views, pictures of game of various kinds. The whole are done in a most artistic manner.

On the top deck the same arrangement of cabins which formerly appeared on the steamer has been carried out. These cabins look as if they might be useful for private apartments. Just over the observation room is the wheel house with officers' cabins, the whole arranged in a manner calculated to afford the greatest convenience.

Messrs. Hawkins & Haywood have installed electrical fixtures all through the ship, so that night as well as by day the steamer will not be lacking in attractiveness. Such features as baggage rooms, a barber shop, lavatories, etc., are not lacking, and taking all in all the public will find in the Princess May a travelling home that will offer every comfort and luxury in so far as modern facilities permit.

The speed of the steamer, as previously mentioned, has also received attention. Comparatively speaking, she was fast before, having on any occasion when on the Victoria and Seattle run, been able to more than hold her own against any American opposition. She will now make 16 knots an hour with ease.

When the steamer was first tied up it was stated that $100,000 would be expended on her. To see the changes and improvements which have been effected is to realize that some such expenditure, if not a greater amount, has been made upon her. The vessel, it is hoped, will be able to take her place on the Skagway run within the next fortnight, but if this is done it will mean that the finishing work must be completed with the utmost dispatch.

ERROR IN MESSAGE.

E. S. Baring-Gould Dead—Novelist in Good Health.

(Associated Press.)

Capetown, Cape Colony, June 5.—Edward S. Baring-Gould, a cousin of Rev. Sabine Baring-Gould, the novelist, died on board the steamer Norman at Port Elizabeth.

A confusion of names led to the cabling last night of the death as that of the author. The latter is in London and in good health.

COTTON WAREHOUSES BURNED.

Firemen Probably Fatally Injured by Falling Wall.

(Associated Press.)

New York, June 5.—A second fire within a space of two weeks to-day destroyed two more warehouses of the American Cotton Dock Company at Tomkinsville Staten Island, and caused a loss estimated between $150,000 and $200,000.

Fireman George Bradley was crushed and partly burned under the ruins of a brick wall of one of the burning warehouses. His legs were broken, and it is feared that his skull is fractured, and that he is fatally injured.

SHORT OF LABOR.

E. Dewdney Says Railway Contracts Are Being Handicaped.

Edgar Dewdney, who recently returned from a trip to the interior of the province, says that railway construction in the Similkameen and Nicola countries is being handicapped on account of lack of labor. The Great Northern would have its road constructed farther were there the men available to do the work.

The same complaint was heard in connection with the Nicola branch from Spence's Bridge, which is being built for the C. P. R. On this work Mr. Dewdney says he understood that labor was almost confined to Indian workers.

The territory about to be opened by the railways is manifesting signs of activity, and that part of the province looks well.

MUCH ACTIVITY IN MINING CIRCLES

NEW LOCATIONS MADE IN THE IRON BELT

Port Renfrew the Scene of Very Promising Discoveries—Find at Sooke.

Two extensive finds of iron were made within the last fortnight in the vicinity of Port Renfrew, and have been recorded in the name of local men. The first group, the Iron Alice, consists of four claims, the Iron Hand, located by Sidney Shore, the Iron Cross, by A. Lipsky, the Iron Belle, by A. Deakin, and the Iron Alice, by A. J. Bentley. All the claims are adjoining on Lorimer creek, and though very little development has been done they are situated in the well-known zone extending along the West Coast.

Another group recently located in the same vicinity consists of the Grafton, Fairy Queen and Forest Queen claims, in the names of C. A. Baxter, F. Babbage and T. M. Baird, respectively. These lie on Falls creek, one mile south of San Juan rivers, and are also well within the iron district.

Copper has also occupied some attention in the Sooke district lately. Dan Campbell, formerly of the provincial police, has recorded a ledge in East Sooke, called the Copper King. The ore as exhibited in this city goes over $30 to the ton, and the finder is somewhat reticent as to the exact location of the claim. He intends to do some development in the near future, when further particulars will be made public.

While the visit of Julius Brethour and party to the Nitinat country was given out as a timber cruising expedition, mineral is one of the leading features. The day before they left the following mineral claims were recorded, all situate three miles south of Vernon creek, on the east side of Nitinat river: The Nitnat, in the name of J. T. Pearce; the Victoria, Julius Brethour, and the Empire, John Brethour. These locations lie in a well-known copper country, and will be examined while the party mentioned are in the district.

Two well-known local mining men have also left to investigate the molybdenum deposits on Pitt lake, near New Westminster. Their destination did not leak out until a day or two ago, after they had been some time on the ground. Before they return it is probable a hurried trip will be made across the divide separating Pitt and Slave lakes.

Mining in general, and exploitation of iron in particular, is looking up in the districts tributary to Victoria, and further changes in ownership to those noted in the Times of Saturday will take place in the near future.

NOVEL DEFENCE.

In Case in Which Woman Is Charged With Stealing a Diamond.

(Associated Press.)

Chicago, Ills., June 5.—A dispatch to the Record-Herald from Omaha says: "Mae Thomas, who swallowed a $300 diamond while examining the gem on a jeweller's tray, pleaded not guilty yesterday when arraigned in court on a charge of grand larceny and her attorney announced a novel line of defence in the case. 'There will be no operation on Miss Thomas,' said the lawyer. 'She has shown her honest intent by offering to return the diamond. We absolutely deny any felonious intent to steal it. Miss Thomas went into the jewelry store with the legitimate purpose of examining diamonds. While doing so she placed one of the stones between her teeth to test its hardness, and suddenly two detectives rushed at her, and one of them clasped his hands over her mouth. In her fright she swallowed the jewel.'"

SOUTH RUSSIAN HARVEST

Promises to Be Most Abundant in Twenty Years.

Odessa, June 5.—The south Russian harvest promises to be the most abundant in the last twenty years. There is some anxiety as to whether sufficient labor will be available as in consequence of the precarious political situation the garrison commanders have issued instructions that the army reserve men shall not be allowed this year to hire themselves to the farmers.

PEASANT MEMBERS' RADICAL PROGRAMME

FOR SETTLING RUSSIAN AGRARIAN QUESTION

Proposes Not Only Nationalization of Lands But Transfer of Factories to State.

(Associated Press.)

St. Petersburg, June 5.—The extent to which socialistic theories have taken possession of the proletariat are evidenced by the agrarian programme adopted by the radical peasant workmen group in the lower house, which aims ultimately, not only at the complete nationalization of land with its attendant total abolition of private property, but the socialization of industry.

The programme provides for the creation of a national land fund from the crown, the church and private property exceeding a certain amount in value, the state to pay for expropriated property, and in the cities the factories and mills to be gradually transferred to the state for the benefit of the workmen. After taking such lands as needed for state and public needs the remainder would be distributable to any body desiring to till, preference being given to the local agriculturists. The workers of the soil would pay an occupation tax, varying in accordance with the character and amount of ground taken.

Persons without means to purchase agricultural implements should be entitled to receive credit from the land fund.

AUTOMOBILE RACE.

Prince Henry of Prussia Will Be Among Starters in the Herkomer Competition.

(Associated Press.)

Frankfort-On-The-Main, Germany, June 5.—The hundred and fifty-six automobiles entered for the Herkomer competition were examined by the committees this morning, and their drivers were supplied with instructions regarding the race.

The Herkomer touring competition was founded by Professor Huber von Herkomer, the English artist, who will paint a portrait of the victor. The course will be from Frankfort-On-The-Main to Munich by way of Vienna, and the race will be started at 5 a. m. tomorrow. Prince Henry of Prussia was one of the first to enter, and later he announced his intention of starting. Many other noblemen and other well-known public men are announced as starters. The only American competitor is Percy Phierce.

RUSSIAN LOWER HOUSE.

Member Protests Against Ministers Being Allowed to Speak From Rostrum.

(Associated Press.)

St. Petersburg, June 5.—M. Ohipko, a peasant of St. Axeropol, created some excitement at the opening of the lower house of parliament to-day by protesting against allowing ministers to speak from the rostrum. President Mouromtseff called M. Ohipko to order, pointing out that the minister under the law had the right to speak from the rostrum. He hinted, however, that hereafter assistant ministers would not be permitted to do so unless they came by special authorization, and as the representatives of their chiefs.

DOCTORS MEET.

Several Thousand Attend Convention of American Medical Association at Boston.

(Associated Press.)

Boston, Mass., June 5.—With clinics arranged for every department of medicine and surgery and with daily sessions planned for a dozen different departments or sections the annual convention of the American Medical Association was opened here to-day with several thousand physicians and surgeons in attendance from this country and many from abroad. The incoming delegates, many of whom were accompanied by members of their families, taxed the capacity of the hotels and filled many private lodging houses.

WILL DEMAND APOLOGY.

Warships Sails For Tangiers to Demand Satisfaction For Murder of French Citizen.

(Associated Press.)

Paris, June 5.—The departure of a French warship to Tangier to demand satisfaction for the assassination of a French citizen is expected to bring an immediate apology from Morocco. The government here is determined to uphold French prestige in Northern Africa, but there is no thought of ulterior designs.

ENDED LIFE BY SHOOTING.

(Associated Press.)

Detroit, Mich., June 5.—S. Z. Harroun, for many years assistant wire chief in the Western Union telegraph office, in this city, committed suicide early to-day by shooting himself.

There are more aquatic birds than there are land birds.

Important Notice

SEVEN SUTHERLAND SISTERS beg to announce to the ladies and gentlemen of Victoria that they have made arrangements with

D. E. Campbell, Druggist

and will hold daily demonstrations for three weeks, commencing Monday, May 28th, regarding treatment of the Hair and Scalp. They respectfully invite everyone to call and consult with them. Come and see the Long Beautiful Hair, grown by the use of the SEVEN SUTHERLAND SISTERS' HAIR GROWER AND HAIR AND SCALP CLEANER. Canadian Head Office, 11 Colborne Street, Toronto. J. H. Bailey, Foreign Manager.

Direct Service to Gorge

COMMENCING WEDNESDAY NEXT, JUNE 6th.

Cars will leave termini every 20 minutes.

First car leaves city at 6 a.m.

First car leaves Gorge at 6.20 a.m.

Last car leaves city at 11.20 p.m.

Last car leaves Gorge at 11.40 p.m.

B. C. Electric Ry. Co., Ltd.

WE HAVE IN A NICE LOT OF

PICNIC HAMS

At 12 1-2 CENTS PER POUND

Windsor Grocery Company,

Opposite Post Office. Government St.

HOUSE STRUCK BY LIGHTNING

ONE MAN KILLED ANOTHER PARALYZED

National Agency Secures Controlling Interest in Toronto Life Insurance Company.

Rush Lake, Sask., June 4.—F. J. Reed, an American homesteader, was instantly killed and A. Robinson paralyzed by lightning while working on a house here to-day.

Church Destroyed.

Davidson, Sask., June 4.—The Presbyterian church here was struck by lightning this afternoon and destroyed.

Tragedy at Wedding.

Winnipeg, June 4.—The festivities at a Galician wedding culminated in a tragedy this evening, when Martin Soisky was set upon by three other guests and murdered. He was struck and knocked down by a stone, after which his head was fearfully battered. Three arrests were made.

For Winter Wheat.

Macleod, June 4.—S. N. Randall & Co., new arrivals here, are tearing up the virgin sod with a traction engine at the rate of thirty acres per day. They aim to break 1,000 acres, which they will plant in winter wheat. These gentlemen have a small farm of 2,500 acres, twelve miles east of Macleod. Mr. Randall says Macleod district suits better than any other part of the west, and that he is perfectly satisfied with the outlook.

Packing Business Sold.

Winnipeg, June 4.—The pork and beef packing business of J. Y. Griffin & Co., one of the foremost industries of the west, has been absorbed by a big American corporation. Although the names of the new stockholders are not announced, Mr. Griffin will retire from the company entirely, and will be succeeded as president by C. M. Aldrich, who is familiar with western affairs. The firm has branches at Vancouver, Nelson, Calgary and Fort William, but will be considerably extended in its operations by the purchasers, who are understood to have unlimited resources.

The Drought.

Calgary, Alta., June 4.—The board of trade assert that the damage to winter wheat crops by drought has been much exaggerated, and that the damage to the winter wheat crop is really slight.

Interests Protected.

Toronto, June 4.—The controlling interest in the Toronto Life Insurance Company which was held by the National Trust Company for the purpose of protecting the interests of the York County Loan stockholders, has been sold to the National Agency Company for the sum of $50,278.47. Under the arrangement by which the sale takes place the interests both of the Life Company policyholders and the York Loan shareholders are portected.

Imprisoned For Theft.

Quebec, June 4.—Compaints have been made of late that a large number of new railway ties belonging to the Intercolonial have been disappearing, and on Saturday, Chief Detective William, of the Intercolonial railway, arrested three residents of St. Jean Chrysostome, who were brought before Judge C. Hauvemu and sent to jail for one month without the option of a fine.

Golden Jubilee.

Hamilton, June 4.—Rev. W. J. Hunter, D. D., who has been occupying the pulpit of Hannah Street Methodist church since the death of Rev. T. J. Parr, celebarted his golden jubilee as a Methodist minister yesterday.

Sunday Observance Bill.

Niagara Falls, June 4.—The Hamilton Methodist conference has passed a resolution condemning the exemptions granted in the amended Lord Day Alliance Bill before parliament.

Grain Losses.

Fort William, June 4. — F. W. Thompson, vice president and managing director of the Ogilvie Flour Mill Company, Montreal, arrived this afternoon from the east. He and Manager Black are in consultation with Mr. McDonald, head of the McDonald Engineering Company, going into details of rebuilding of elevators. The crews of iron workers are already sent for to start work on the elevators. Discussing the recent catastrophe, Mr. Thompson said: "Referring to my company's notice that owners of grain stored in wrecked elevators must share in general average of loss, while our solicitors definitely advise that this position is absolutely sound in law my company is willing in the interests of all purchasers of grain, to join with the grain exchange in petitioning the Dominion government to amend the grain act by making all elevators, both terminal and otherwise throughout Canada, responsible in future for all such losses. The Ogilvie company will then undertake to pay and make good to all storers of grain in their Fort William elevator any loss occasioned by the recent elevator accident as if such amended act applied to this past loss. As the Dominion House is now in session and as the seriousness of the question to all grain shippers has been made apparent by the recent accident, I would urge immediate action along this line so that legislation be obtained during the present session."

TROUBLES IN SOUTH.

Guatemalan Troops Defeat Force of Revolutionists—Victorious All Along Line.

Washington, D. C., June 4.—The Guatemalan minister here to-day received a cablegram from the minister of foreign affairs, Mr. Barrios, stating that the revolutionary movement across the Salvador boundary had met with utter defeat.

According to the cablegram, the Guatemalan troops met the revolutionary party at Asuncion Mita and defeated them completely. The government forces, the cablegram says, have been triumphant all along the line, and have not met the slightest reverses anywhere.

KANN ART COLLECTION.

No Truth in Report That It Has Been Sold to J. P. Morgan.

Paris, June 4.—Edouard Kann declares there is absolutely no foundation for the report that the Rodolphe Kann collection of art objects have been sold to J. P. Morgan. He adds that it is not even true that negotiations on the subject have commenced.

A Secret It aids nature a little, that's the only secret about it. We refer to Ayer's Hair Vigor. It feeds the hair, makes the scalp healthy. The hair stops falling out and all dandruff disappears. The result could not be different, for it's the natural way. And it is a splendid dressing, keeping the hair soft and smooth. Why not save what hair you have and get more at the same time? J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

IMPURE MEAT COST THOUSANDS OF LIVES

AN INTERVIEW WITH GENERAL N. A. MILES

Says People Who Perpetrated Frauds Should Have Been Sent to the Penitentiary.

Kansas City, Mo., June 2.—General Nelson A. Miles on his way to Colorado last night said:

"The disclosures about packing house products now being exploited are no news to me. I knew it years ago. Had the matter been up at that time thousands of lives would have been saved.

"I believe that 3,000 United States soldiers lost their lives because of adulterated, impure, poisonous meats. There is no way of estimating the number of soldiers whose health was ruined by eating impure food.

"The investigating committee closed their case, and refused to hear 2,000 witnesses who I had ready. At that time I could have secured the testimony of 100,000 men that canned beef sold to the army was impure, adulterated and unwholesome.

"In my investigation of 'Embalmed' beef during the Spanish-American war I found poisons were used in the meat. My first intimation of the practice came to me in reports from commanding officers to the effect that the rations were not wholesome and were making the soldiers sick. I ordered an investigation, and learned from the reports brought to me that canned meats had been sold to the army which had been for months in the warehouse of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad and on the docks at Liverpool.

"This meat had been relabelled and sold to the United States for soldiers rations. I turned the reports over to the war department and an investigation was instituted and successfully carried out. The official report was that a 'Colossal error' had been made. As a matter of fact it was a 'Colossal fraud,' and the persons who perpetrated and who were interested in it should have been sent to the penitentiary."

THE 'FRISCO EARTHQUAKE.

Cause of the Recent Earthquake in California—Investigating Committee's Report.

Sacramento, Cal., June 4.—The preliminary report of the state earthquake investigating committee was received yesterday at the office of Governor Pardee, under the heading of "The Result." The report says:

"One of the remarkable features of the coast ranges of California is a line of pecular construction which extends obliquely across the entire width of the mountainous belt from Mendocino county to Riverside county. The surface feature along this line has been formed by a dislocation of the earth's crust, or a series of dislocations in times past, with a differential movement of the parts on either side of the plane of rupture. The movements that produced the line are attributed to separate earthquakes extending back into the remote period. In general terms the causes of these movements are attributed to the theory that stresses are generated in the earth's crust and accumulate until they exceed the strength of the rocks composing the crust, and find relief in sudden ruptures.

"The earthquake of April 18th is said to have been due to one of these movements, and the rift is described as extending from the vicinity of Point Arena, to the neighborhood of San Juan, Benito county, a distance of 185 miles. The evidence of the rupture and the differential movement is clearly defined in a continuous furrow in the surface soil several feet wide. The average horizontal displacement is two feet wide. In Sonoma and Mendicino counties there is a different vertical movement not exceedinr four feet.

"In consequence of this movement," the report goes on to say, "it is probable that the latitudes and longitudes of all points in the ring have permanently changed a few feet. A complete study of the phenomena will undoubtedly contribute greatly not only to our knowledge of the evolution to the earth's csust, but also to our knowledge of the means of minimizing the calamities which arise from the destruction of buildings and water pipes when such shocks occur in the future. Modern classes of structures appear to have been relatively passive, while the 'made' ground in their vicinity was profoundly disturbed. The weak point in frame buildings were the faulty under pinning, lack of bracing and the chimneys. Pipe lines, on low swampy ground or 'made' ground are in greater danger of destruction than those on high ground underlaid.

"In San Francisco the most violent destruction of the buildings was on 'made' ground, which behaved as jelly in a bowl. The miner shocks continued for many days after April 18th, and in this respect the earthquake accords in behaviour with other earthquakes in the past. The minor shocks which succeeded the main one are interpreted generally as due to subordinate adjustments of the earth's crust in the tendency to reach equilibrium after the chief movements."

JEALOUS MAN'S ACT.

Christopher, Ills., June 4.—The jealous resentment of Reuben Stewart brought the carriage ride of Roy Veach and Stella Dial to a tragic close here last night. The returning buggy was met at the Dial home by Stewart, who shot Veach in the head, killing him instantly. He fired at the girl, but missed. He then committed suicide.

GOOD APPETITE

awaits you in every tin of Clark's Ready Lunch Veal Loaf. More tasty, wholesome and digestable than plain veal. Get a tin from your dealer.

SENATOR GORMAN DEAD.

Passed Away Suddenly at His Home in Washington, D. C.

Washington, D. C., June 4.—Arthur P. Gorman, United States senator for Maryland, died suddenly at his residence in this city at 9.30 o'clock this morning. Heart trouble was the immediate cause of death.

Senator and representatives, committee employees, police and pages all knew Senator Gorman intimately, and grief is general.

The news of his death reached the Capital buiding at 9.50 o'clock when it was filling for the day's work. Every arrival was met with the announcement that the venerable minority leader had shifted life's care and found rest from the illness that had kept his seat in the senate vacant practically all of the present session. The announcement in nearly every case brought forth spontaneous eulogies such as are seldom given to any man, and especially to an intense partisan who had been a leader of a great party. The expressive tributes, so unanimous in bespeaking the lovableness of the man and silence concerning the incidents of political strife, best evidenced the marked esteem in which he was held.

AMBUSHED BY MINERS.

Later Details Regarding Fight Between Guards and Strikers.

Steubenville, Ohio, June 4.—While the situation in Jefferson county, Ohio, was most pacific to-night relative to the miners' troubles at Dillonville, Plum Run and Bradley, as well as the other mining towns near where trouble occurred between the striking miners and armed guards early this morning, there is an air of expectant trouble and the fear is general that the situation will become more acute to-morrow when the troops that were ordered from Columbus arrive.

At Dillonville to-night the strikers are in a bad mood, and it is reported that they and their sympathizers during the day made large purchases of rifles, revolvers and ammunition, and finding an insufficient quantity in Dillonville extended their purchases to Steubenville and Wheeling. Every effort is being made by the leaders of the mine workers to hold the men in check, but the failure to pay strike benefits, coupled with their straitened circumstances, had the effect of inciting the foreign element to desperate deeds.

While various estimates have been made of the casualties, it is impossible to verify any reports, although it is known that ten or more were shot, the coal companies deny that any guards were killed, but refused to give out the names of the injured.

It is known that one of the wounded guards who fell into the hands of the strikers was taken to Smithfield as a prisoner.

In this morning's fight four men, two guards and two strikers, were wounded, two fatally. The miners had prepared an ambuscade for the guards in the woods midway between Plum Run and the Bradley mines, and as the 63 armed men, marching single file, came along, a miner ahead shot in the air. At the signal the 250 strikers, who were hiding behind the rocks and trees, opened fire from the hillside on the guards in the hollow. Many of the latter at once broke ranks and fled back to Plum Run, but others stood their ground and returned the fire. The battle lasted 15 minutes and more than 500 shots were exchanged. The firing only ceased as the guards' ammunition was exhausted. The guards then retired to Plum Run.

The ambuscade was arranged last night because of an alleged assault upon an Italian union miner who refused to work. Sheriff Verhees has gone to the mines. Before leaving he telephoned the adjutant-general at Columbus to be ready to send troops if needed.

An engagement between guards and strikers took place at Glenn's Run mine number 2 during the night. All the men imported there had left, but strikers and guards got to clashing in arguments which led to blows and then shots. Nearly 500 shots were fired. During the battle Superintendent T. E. Young, of Cleveland, who was at the mine directing the guards, was slightly injured.

A SUNDAY OUTING.

Pupils of the Kuper Island Industrial School Visited Saanich Arm.

The pupils of the Kuper Island Industrial school, in charge of Rev. Father Donckele and Sisters of the institution, proceeded early Sunday morning from Kuper Island to Saanich Arm in the school's commodious launches, arriving at Tsartlip in time for morning service by Rev. Father Vullinghs at the Church of Holy Assumption. The sacred edifice was taxed to its seating capacity to provide accommodation for the resident congregation and visitors.

Service over, the beautiful garden surrounding Rev. Father Vullinghs' residence was looked over. The foliage of the trees and the vari-colored bunting which adorned the grounds rendered the scene a most picturesque one.

In the early part of the afternoon a concert was given by the boys and girls of the school, included in which were several selections by the band of the school and the Sanich Indian band, the former under the leadership of Mr. Schnee and the latter that of Bandmaster Thompson. The pupils acquitted themselves most creditably and many were the encomiums bestowed on the children and their painstaking teachers. At intervals throughout the day the two bands discoursed sweet music.

The return journey to Kuper Island was commenced about 4 p. m. As usual Rev. Father Vullinghs was untiring in his efforts to make the day pass pleasantly for all concerned. In connection with the regular Sunday service at the church the visits of Mrs. Hickey, of Victoria, who so ably presides at the organ, are much appreciated by the congregation.

CHINESE CUSTOMS.

Pekin, June 4.—The government has handed to Mr. Carnegie, the British charge d'affaires, its promised written assurances concerning the recent customs edict. It is understood they specify the period for which the customs will be pledged as security for China's foreign obligations.

Mrs. Charlotte Leethem, proprietress of a hotel and lodging house at Little Rock, Ark., was found stabbed to death in her room Monday. A bloody coat and a man's hat, which had been slashed with a knife or razor, were found in the room.

PATERSON'S JUNE SALE OF Canvas Oxfords

LADIES' WHITE CANVAS OXFORDS	$1.25
LADIES' TAN CANVAS OXFORDS	1.50
MISSES' WHITE CANVAS OXFORDS	1.00
CHILDREN'S WHITE CANVAS OXFORDS, 8 to 10½	.85
BOYS' CANVAS RUNNING SHOES, rubber soles, 1 to 5	.60
YOUTHS' CANVAS RUNNING SHOES, rubber soles, 10 to 13	.55

TWO STORES

Shoe Emporium, Cor. Govt. and Johnson | City Shoe House, 70 Government Street

Blue Serge that won't Fade

Fit-Reform Serge Suits are guaranteed all the way through

And the guarantee holds good about the color, as well as the tailoring and fit.

"West Of England" Serge defies rain and sun—and stays a rich, dark blue as long as you care to wear the suit.

Made in both single and double breasted styles.

Fit Reform

ALLEN & CO., - 73 Government St.

ORPHANAGE MEETING.

Arrangements Made For the Annual Pound Party at the Home.

The ladies committee of the Protestant Orphans' Home held its regular monthly meeting yesterday afternoon. Mrs. G. A. McTavish presided, and there were also present Mesdames Higgins, Fell, Shakespeare, Van Tassell, Hirchell, Spragge, McCulough, Toler, Andrews and Miss Aubin.

An inquiry was received for a boy to work on a farm. The writer was informed that at the present time none were available.

Votes of thanks were passed to the celebration committee for entertaining the children on May 24th; to Mr. Kirk for entertaining them on the merry-go-round, and to Mrs. Manson, of Nanaimo, for $5 for spending money for the children during the celebration.

Accounts to the amount of $208.52 were ordered to be paid.

Arrangements were made for the annual pound party, which was fixed for Wednesday, June 13th, and an invitation is extended to all friends of the institution to attend on that date.

Mrs. C. F. Todd and Mrs. H. L. Bishop were appointed visitors for June.

The visiting committee reported as follows for the past month:

Your committee for the month visited the Home each week, found the inmates all well except the matron, Mrs. Kaye, who is not at all well, her short holiday doing her very little good. It will require a much longer period than three days to build her up.

The children spent a very pleasant time during the holidays. On the morning of the 24th one could judge by their smiling faces while they were being driven in 'busses with the parade how much they were enjoying it. The 'busses were provided through the kindness and thoughtfulness of Dr. Carter.

It has been a month of great cleaning at the Home; cleaning has been the order of the day, and everything is now spick and span from garret to cellar.

Miss Hynds, who is returning to Salt Spring Island, is taking with her one of the boys, to assist in light duties at Mr. Bullock's home.

Supplies for the month have been purchased from Mr. Wallace.

We find the attachments to the washing machines badly and should be attended to at once.

There does not seem to have been much business to take up your visitors' attention this month but such as has been done was done cheerfully.

The matron reported all the children well and acknowledged the following donations during May: Mrs. Lawrence Manson, Nanaimo, $5 to buy fruit for children; Mrs. Townsend, Mount Tolmie, two sacks potatoes; Mrs. Ohlson, Oaklands, milk; Mrs. L. O. Demers, Colwood, three pounds tea; Mrs. Hanfield, Fort street, clothing; Mrs. Heisterman, 295 Douglas street, seven jars jam; A Friend, clothing; Mrs. Ohlson, milk; Mrs. Munsie, clothing; Earl and Lewis Heald, books games and clothing; G. Potter, two sacks potatoes and onions; Mrs. Harris, Clarence hotel, clothing; Y. M. C. A., per Mrs. Adams, 40 loaves of bread and 30 pies; Mrs. McKay, 32 Rae street, clothing; Miss Pope, flowers; Mrs. Ohlson, milk; Mr. King, expressage; Times and Colonist, daily papers.

The meeting then adjourned.

WORCHESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

(The Grocer.)

On Tuesday, April 24th, the action of Lea & Perrins vs. Holbrooks, Ltd., again came before Mr. Justice Swinfen Eady. Mr. Sebastian said the action was brought to restrain defendants from advertising their Worchestershire sauce as the only "genuine" and "original," and when the matter was last before the Court an undertaking was given by the defendants until over that day not to repeat the acts complained of. Defendants had now agreed to make an end of the matter, and to treat the motion as the trial of the action. Defendants admitted that plaintiffs, Lea & Perrins, were the original makers of Worcestershire sauce, and consented to an injunction restraining them from representing that they were the original and only genuine makers of Worcestershire sauce. They also agreed to pay £10 by way of damages, to deliver up all the specified alleged offending documents, and also to pay the taxed costs of plaintiffs. Mr. Kerby, for the defendants, agreed to these terms, but desired to explain that the acts complained of had taken place in Canada, the advertisements being inserted in a newspaper by an agent entirely without defendants' knowledge. Directly the directors of defendant company heard of what had been done, they at once gave orders that it should be discontinued, and this had been done.

AT BITTANCOURT'S GROCERY STORE
SECOND STREET

20 lbs. Granulated Sugar	$1.00
Victoria Creamery Butter	30c. lb.
Orange Peko Tea	35c. lb.

Wood Wood Wood

We have the Largest supply of Good Dry Wood in the City. Fine Cut Wood a specialty. Try us and be convinced.

Burt's Wood Yard

Telephone 828. 51 Pandora.

Patents and Trade Marks

Procured in all countries. Searches of the Records carefully made and reports given. Call or write for information.

ROWLAND BRITTAIN

Mechanical Engineer and Patent Attorney, Room 3, Fairfield Block, Granville Street.

GOOD TUG FOR SALE

PAYING 25 PER CENT. NETT ON INVESTMENT.

BRITISH AMERICAN TRUST CO., Limited.

HAROLD M. DALY, MANAGER

Offices: Cor. Broad & View Sts. VICTORIA, B. C.

SHAWNIGAN LAKE HOTEL

Shawnigan Lake

The most perfectly appointed health and pleasure resort outside of Victoria. Twenty-eight miles' ride on E. & N. railway. Tennis and croquet lawns, pleasure boats, fishing and hunting. Get off at Koenig's.

Mrs. A. Koenig, Proprietess

HOTEL STRATHCONA

SHAWNIGAN LAKE, B. C.

GOOD FISHING. BOATS FOR HIRE

MRS. WORK, Prop.

VICTORIA'S TOURIST RESORT GOLDSTREAM HOTEL

Under New Management. A. SLATER, PROP.

A FINE DRIVE FROM THE CITY, 20 minutes by E. & N.; high class hotel; every comfort; lunch and dinner a speciality. WINES, LIQUORS, etc., of the best. Good stabling.

Bedding Plants

PANSY PLANTS TOMATO PLANTS

Cheap Prices.

Johnston's Seed Store

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GENERAL TEAMSTER.

WOOD AND COAL At Current Rates.

Wood cut any required length by electric machinery. Truck and Dray work promptly attended to.

RESIDENCE, 17 PINE ST., V. W.

Ladies' Tailoring Parlors

ROOM 3, MOODY BLOCK.

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MERCHANT TAILORS.

Room 3, Moody Block, Up-Stairs.

76½ YATES STREET.

WING ON

Pioneer Grocer and Provision Dealer

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All Kinds Chinese Help Furnished.

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SPECIAL TO LADIES

We are renowned for style and careful work in Ladies' Suits and Children's Dresses.

Exquisite designs in our new arrivals of Chinese, Japanese, and Pongee Silks, Linen and Cotton Wear. Underwear made to order.

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75A FORT STREET

MALT NUTRINE

100 per cent. Pure.

The Highest Priced Malt Extract Made.

Sold by All Druggists.

R. P. Rithet & Co. Ld.

WHOLESALE AGENTS

AMUSEMENTS.

Victoria THEATRE
F. R. RICKETTS, MANAGER & LESSEE

Monday and Tuesday, June 4, 5.
DAVID PROCTOR
And the Original London and New York Company in
A MESSAGE FROM MARS
The Famous Universal Success, as played 1,000 nights in London, 500 nights in New York. Complete scenic and electrical production.
Prices, $1.50, $1.00, 75c., 50c. and 25c. Box office opens 10 a. m. Friday, June 1st. Mail orders, accompanied by cheque, will receive their usual attention.

Grand Theatre
Daily Matinees, 3 p. m.
Daily, 7.30 to 10.30.
Entire Lower Floor, 25c.; Balcony, 15c. Matinees, 15c. all over.
ROBT. JAMIESON ..... Manager
Week of June 4th.
MR. AND MRS. DANNY MANN.
STANLEY & SCANLON.
THE DALVINES.
MARCO BROTHERS.
MISS JESSIE DALE.
FREDERIC ROBERTS.
NEW MOVING PICTURES.

BASEBALL
Victoria Fernwoods
VS.
Seattle Electrics
OAK BAY PARK
Saturday, June 9th
3 P. M.

To the Musical Community
All who are interested in music should get
"Musical America"
Profusely illustrated. Published weekly. Price $1.00 per annum. Special Victoria correspondent.
Send your subscriptions to
SEYMOUR H. O'DELL
Balmoral Hotel, City.

WEATHER BULLETIN.

Daily Report Furnished by the Victoria Meteorological Department.

Victoria, June 5.—5 a. m.—The barometer is abnormally low over the western portion of the continent, and unsettled, showery weather is general from Northern British Columbia to California. Fine hot weather is reported in Atlin and the Yukon, and local showers are again reported in the prairie provinces.

Forecasts.

For 36 hours ending 5 p. m. Wednesday.

Victoria and vicinity—Easterly and southerly winds, unsettled, with occasional showers.

Lower Mainland—Easterly winds, unsettled and cool, with showers.

Reports.

Victoria—Barometer, 29.72; temperature, 48; minimum, 48; wind, 8 miles N. W.; rain, .03; weather, cloudy.

New Westminster—Barometer, 29.76; temperature, 48; minimum, 46; wind, 4 miles E.; rain, .10; weather, cloudy.

Kamloops—Barometer, 29.88; temperature, 48; minimum, 48; wind, 4 miles E.; weather, fair.

San Francisco—Barometer, 29.90; temperature, 54; minimum, 54; wind, 6 miles S. W.; weather, cloudy.

Edmonton—Barometer, 29.60; temperature, 44; minimum, 42; wind, 8 miles S.W.; rain, .42; weather, fair.

LACTATED FOOD
THE CHOICE OF ALL WISE MOTHERS.

The purest, most nutritious, most wholesome and cheapest infant food in [illegible] similarity of composition to healthy breast milk, renders it the most trustworthy food for infants and feeble children.

LACTATED FOOD corrects all derangements in digestion, prevents dysentery, diarrhoea and constipation, and gives perfect and lasting health.

Thousands of mothers in Canada have sent in strong and valuable letters of testimony in favor of LACTATED FOOD; many mothers say that if it had not been for LACTATED FOOD their little ones would have found an early grave.

Keep your little one vigorous and strong during the summer by using LACTATED FOOD. All doctors recommend it, and your druggist will tell you that it is the best.

Vice-Admiral Sir A. G. Curzon-Howe, of the Channel fleet, has issued a strongly-worded memorandum upon poor shooting in the light quick-firing players' competition.

PROPOSED CHANGE IN LEVYING TAXES

MAY BE SUBMITTED FOR PUBLIC APPROVAL

By Referendum at Next Civic Election—Innovations Possible Under New Municipal Act.

At last evening's meeting of the city council an important report was received from the special committee appointed to investigate the suggestion thrown out by His Worship Mayor Morley to the effect that the cost of all street improvements be taxed to the property immediately benefitted. It poinied out that this would be a radical departure from the system in vogue at the present time. In view of this it was recommended that the matter might be laid before the ratepayers at the next general election under the Referendum By-law. The report was laid on the table. Numerous other matters of more or less public interest came up for consideration, and it was 11 o'clock before the civic solons rose from their desks.

The B. C. Land & Investment Agency compalined of the grade of the Carr street permanent sidewalk. It was received, instructions being given the city clerk to inform the firm that no change would be made.

H. Cuthbert, secretary of the Victoria Development and Tourist Association, submitted the recommendations of the civic committee of the society. They dealt with improvements to the city streets in the way of beautifying them by the planting of boulevards. The communication was referred to the streets, bridges and sewers committee.

A. H. Bridgman drew attention to the indelicacy of habitual bathers at the Gorge. He referred to the matter in a sarcastic vein, stating that the annual complaint was being made by certain "grumbling prudes." In order to overcome the susceptabilities of these people he suggested that some kind of a frame structure be built for the free use of swimmers.

Some discussion followed, in the course of which it was stated that it was the intention to remove the St. Clair pavilion to the upper part of the Arm. It was thought this would supply the need.

In this connection Ald. Yates mentioned the danger to boating parties in trying to stem the rapids of the Gorge, such action being necessary by the crowding of the platform by an overcurious public.

The matter was refered to the park committee.

H. Hollings wrote in reference to a contract for the supplying of poles.

The Mayor explained that the writer had been asked to deliver them as quickly as possible.

The action was endorsed.

Mrs. M. Grant drew attention to the work of the Refuge Home among friendless women, and asked for the usual appropiration for the support of the organization in its endeavors.

Referred to the finance committee for favorable consideration.

The city solicitor reported that Judge Lampman had handed down a decision against A. L. Belyea in his fight against the tax imposed upon members of that profession practicing within the municipality. Received and filed.

The solicitors for the owners of a certain condemned wharf on the inner harbor consented to the removal of the structure at the corporation's expense.

Ald. Vincent asked whether the destruction of the building involved the pulling out of old piles. Such a thing was most expensive, and he wanted it understood before the council committed itself.

The matter was left in abeyance.

The city solicitor reported as follows:

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to report upon the alterations in city legislation which the council may deem it desirable to make after the coming into operation of the new statute on the 11th instant.

The alterations were suggested in my report to you upon the effect of the act [illegible] the 11th March last, [illegible] as follows:

1. The council by-law can be amended to give effect to the power to appoint an acting mayor during the absence for any cause from the city of the mayor.

2. The streets by-law may now be amended by making regulations as to the driving of cattle through the city.

3. The revenue (receipts) by-law may now be amended by levying a general tax to cover the cost of scavenging throughout the city.

4. The pound by-law may now be amended to authorize the [illegible] the pound keeper of diseased or vicious dogs.

5. The plumbers' by-law may now be amended by approving the establishment of a board of commissioners for the granting of certificates of efficiency and for preventing the doing of plumbing work by uncertificated persons.

6. Under sub-section 190 of section 50, the revenue receipts by-law may now be amended by defining that fire insurance companies are liable for the $300 tax who do business and take risks in the city, and this tax may be made to apply to companies who do not pay the $300 tax per annum under the fire aid ordinance. I have a suggestion from Mr. Drury as to the form in which this tax should be levied, but owing to his absence in the East, I have not been able to confer with him fully upon the matter.

7. The revenue payments by-law may be amended to direct payment for any sum granted for advertising the advantages of the city.

8. The license by-law may be also amended by making the tax upon insurance companies, other than fire, and the other companies enumerated in sub-section 24 of section 175, liable for the tax if they do business and take risks in the city, the tax upon one agent being limited to $50. All sub-agents could be made to pay the general tax of $10.

9. I have before called attention to the desirability of a by-law dealing with the machinery for the hearing of applications for liquor licenses and the conditions and limitations which may be placed upon them. Section 205, sub-section B, provides for the limiting by by-law of the number of licenses.

10. A by-law may be passed altering the mode and time for assessing for works of local improvement. A draft of this by-law has been prepared by me and submitted to the auditor, the city engineer and the city assessor.

11. A by-law may be passed for the appointment of three taxpayers upon the park committee.

In addition to the foregoing I have elaborated a revision and alteration of the hired vehicles by-law. I consider this revision advisable to give effect to the criticisms and objections of the police magistrate in the recent case of Morris vs. Winter.

I beg to suggest that I may be instructed as to which of these by-laws it is desired to prepare and introduce, and generally to be instructed as to preparation of the same.

C. DUBOIS MASON.

The report was received and filed.

The arbitrators in the case of the expropriation of the Cameron property for the extension of Birdcage Walk to Dallas road announced that the award was ready. They explained that it might be obtained by the issuance of a cheque for $320 to pay the arbitrators and meet incidental costs.

Upon motion of Ald. Stewart it was decided that the cheque should be issued. The general opinion seemed to be that it would be inadvisable to delay the matter any further.

Simon Leiser, Max Leiser and other residents of Pandora avenue complained of the unsanitary condition of the dwelling occupied by Mrs. Drosdovitch and her son, Abe. It also was contended that they are constantly shouting and yelling for the express purpose of annoying the neighbors.

Mr. S. Leiser was present, and made a statement of the character of the nuisance objected to, emphasizing what was outlined in the petition in forcible terms, details of which appear in another column.

The city solicitor forwarded a statement of the costs in the recent water works case. It was to the effect that the defendants had been granted an additional sum amounting to $2,000.

Ald. Fell asked the solicitor whether he had ever before heard of such an action in the judicial history of British Columbia.

The reply was that there was a somewhat parallel instance in the case of the Attorney-General vs. the Pine Creek Power Co., tried in Vancouver. Then, however, the award was not as large, amounting to $1,000 or thereabouts.

The communication referring to the removal of a wharf was taken up again, Ald. Fell speaking. He explained that if the corporation had power to destroy the structure under the act the costs would be charged to the owner of the property. Therefore, he moved that the matter be submitted to the city solicitor for an opinion as to the council's powers. It carried unanimously.

E. Azar agreed to cut the grass at Ross Bay cemetery for $15. The tender was accepted.

Tenders of wide variety were received for the renovating of the police barracks. They were referred to the purchasing agent for report.

The finance committee's report recomended the payment of accounts amounting to $4,871.79. It was received and adopted.

The same committee advised the appropriation of $200 for the encouragement of rifle shooting among members of the C. A. Rifle Association. This also was adopted.

The Old Men's Home committee reported that the inmates had been removed from the old to the new institution. What furniture was fit for use had been installed in the present home. They were now comfortable. Received and filed.

The streets, bridges and sewers committee recomended that the agreement prepared by the city solicitor for the right-of-way for a sewer through the property of Major Dupont be approved and executed under seal; that tenders be called for the labor necessary in painting Point Ellice bridge, the city to furnish the paint; that the city solicitor be instructed to take such steps as may be necessary to protect the city's rights in regard to the excavations on the southeast end of Caledonia avenue by the erection of a retaining way by the owners of the property abutting on the said avenue; that a sewer be laid on Broad street, between Yates and Johnson streets.

The report was adopted.

Ald. Douglas mentioned the growth of weeds on Douglas street between the tramway company rails. He was of the opinion that the sight was disgraceful.

Ald. Vincent explained that the matter was under consideration. He believed the company intended clearing the weeds away. They were doing so without coercion. It would not be possible to force them to take action.

Ald. Fell drew attention to the fencing in of the foreshore along the Gorge from the Victoria Gardens to Craigflower bridge. He knew the council had no jurisdiction, but the mayor, as president of the Victoria Development and Tourist Association, might take the matter in hand. If it continued the most beautiful drive of Victoria's suburbs would be seriously marred.

The joint committees on local improvements was submitted as appended:

Gentlemen:—Your joint committee on finance and streets, bridges and sewers, to whom was submitted the communication of His Worship the Mayor on the matter of the present civic revenue and expenditure, and suggesting the advisability of charging the entire cost of all new works on streets, etc., against the property benefited under clause 13 of the Local Improvement General By-Law, No. 343, beg to state that we have given the matter our best consideration, and to report as follows:

We recognize with His Worship that the amount available for making necessary improvements and the proper upkeep of the city is quite out of proportion to the work required to be done.

We are also fully aware that under the present system it is impossible to effect a great number of much needed improvements which must consequently be postponed for indefinite periods unless they are carried out under the local improvement plan.

With reference to His Worship's allusion to the present expenditure for education, we would observe that the amount required to be raised for the current year for this item is $82,057.50, about double the sum available for work on our streets and sidewalks. Of this amount $57,500 is expected to be realized from the government grant and by the special rate, leaving about $25,000 to be contributed from general revenue. It is quite possible that if the gross amount required under this head were raised by a special rate the taxpayers would more fully realize the large expenditure involved in this service. As this would not bring about a reduction of taxation, but would simply place an additional burden on the property owner, we are not prepared to recommend it.

The proposal to do all new work on streets and sidewalks at the entire cost of the property immediately benefited is, however, such a radical departure from the practice heretofore in vogue here, that we entertain grave doubts whether it would commend itself to the persons most interested, viz., the property owners of the city. We would recommend that as this proposal is a serious innovation on established practice, advantage be taken of the Referendum By-Law, No. 401, and the following questions submitted to the property owners at the next annual election:

1. Are you in favor of the entire cost of all new work on streets and sidewalks in the city being borne by the property immediately benefited?

2. Are you in favor of two-thirds of the cost of all new work on streets and sidewalks in the city being borne by the property immediately benefited—one-third being borne by the city?

Your committee beg to take exception to the remarks reflecting on its actions attributed to His Worship at a recent meeting of the Development and Tourist Association. We are just as anxious for the improvement and prosperity of the city as His Worship can possibly be, but we are of the opinion that any new scheme that may be submitted for this purpose demands the mature consideration of the council, and should not be dealt with in a hasty and precipitate manner; we are further convinced that this view is shared by all sensible and prudent citizens.

We are therefore strongly of the opinion that the censure conveyed in His Worship's remarks was quite unmerited, and that such utterances are both impolitic and unwise, as they are calculated to disturb the harmonious relations that should exist between all the members of this council.

Ald. Hall spoke on the matter of raising revenue for educational purposes. Under the new school act, he said, it was possible to levy a tax up to five mills for the maintenance of schools. The committees' report contended that the levying of a special tax for education would be simply increasing the taxes. He didn't think so. If two mills were taxed for that purpose the same amount could be deducted from the general rates. Then the public would know just how much was being expended on the educational system.

His Worship remarked that the suggestion met with his approval only that he thought all taxes should be levied through the council.

It was moved that the report be laid on the table for a week. Carried.

Ald. Hall reported on redistribution. The committee, he said, wanted instructions whether it was desired that the city should be divided into three, four or five wards. The city assessor believed that the latter would be the better plan.

Ald. Fullerton contended that the question had been settled last year, and that power to act had been obtained at the last sitting of the provincial legislature.

Ald. Hall retorted that the power given the municipality was that its council might consist of from five to ten aldermen. He moved that the assessor be authorized to report on the five ward proposal.

In Ald. Fell's mind the concensus of opinion was in favor of five wards. This led, last year, to the introduction and passage of legislation which would become law on the 14th inst. All that remained to be done was to pass the necessary resolution to bring into effect the intentions of last year's council.

Ald. Yates did not think such summary action was fair to those who were not fortunate enough to occupy places on the council of 1906. He didn't know whether five wards were best. Three might be better.

The matter was left in abeyance until the council becomes empowered to take action.

It was resolved that condemned buildings on lot 5, block 12, should be destroyed forthwith.

The Mayor announced that in company with Dr. [illegible], medical officer of the Provincial Royal Jubilee hospital, he had made an inspection of the institution. In view of the fact that the corporation subscribed liberally towards the maintenance of the place he thought it his duty to make a verbal report. He found everything satisfactory.

Attention was drawn to a report that the San Francisco relief committee was selling supplies below cost. Ald. Hall thought this should be corroborated if possible simply for the satisfaction of the council.

Ald. Stewart suggested that some arrangement might be made whereby the librarian of the Carnegie library should be granted shorter hours during the summer months.

Upon motion of Ald Hall it was decided to recommend to the commissioners that the library be closed on Sundays for, at least, the next few months. Ald. Fullerton's was the only dissenting voice.

The meeting then adjourned.

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GANTHONY'S COMEDY SPLENDIDLY RENDERED

Performance of "A Message From Mars" Proves Most Enjoyable—Repetition To-Night.

A first class company, a powerful play, good scenery and adequate lighting, made the performance of "A Message From Mars" at the Victoria theatre last night particularly enjoyable. The house was not full, but should be this evening, when the engagement concludes with a repetition of the same play.

In "A Message From Mars," Richard Ganthony shows the effect of a ripened dramatic experience. The tetchnique of the comedy is faultless. Several developments that would have become farcial at the hands of a less able dramatist go with a vim that reflects credit alike on the dramatist and his interpreters.

While the motif of the play is not exactly new, being reminiscent in the opening act of Kipling's poem on the cigar, and in other scenes of Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde, with a slight dash of some of the old melodramas, the effective combination of extremely divergent characters and incidents, without a noticeable want of continuity in the action, make the great success of "A Message From Mars" in London and New York understandable.

As Horace Parker, David Proctor gave a notable interpretation. Admirably restrajned, he was still most effective, and both in light and heavy scenes proved himself a finished actor. The messenger, Henry J. Hadfield, possesses an imposing presence and a most expressive voice; in every way worthy of the character he represented. Cyril Young, as the tramp, gave a clear and well thought out impersonation, never for a moment forgetting his sole and playing to the gallery. All the other male parts were in adequate hands.

Among the ladies honors were divided evenly between Elizabeth Valentine as Minnie Templar and Anita Rothe as Aunt Martha. While not so evident on the stage as the two principal male characters, they did their part in effectively bringing out the story of the play. With such a large caste it is impossible to particularize further; suffice it to say that those who do not take advantage of this evening's performance will miss an intellectual and artistic treat.

The scenic dressing of "A Message From Mars" is complete in detail, and the light effects much above those usually seen in a travelling company. The final exist of the messenger from [illegible] with the right amount of uncanniness.

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An inquest was held by the East London coroner on Susannah Hayes, who died from erysipelas set up by forcing a pair of common brass earrings into her ears, which were pierced eight years ago.

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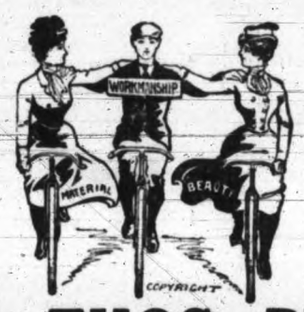

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PUBLIC SCHOOL "EDUCATION."

It is rather a singular coincidence that just at this time when a proposition has been seriously advanced that the urgent educational need of British Columbia is not a university as a complement of our educational system, but the establishment of public schools such as they have in England, that the value of the work done by Eton, Harrow and the other great schools of the Mother Land should be the subject of severe criticism. A short time ago we reproduced part of an article published in the National Review dealing with the subject. The author of that paper, Mr. Lucas, wrote from personal experience as a public man of affairs. His attack has evidently aroused considerable interest, as the question of the practical value of public school education has been taken up by several of the leading periodicals, and has been discussed with the freedom and frankness characteristic of the Briton when stirred to action. T. P.'s Weekly, one of the most influential of London journals, says: "Two subjects are in the air just now which have a more or less intimate bearing on each other. I refer to emigration to the colonies, and to the training of our English public schools. Optimists and pessimists alike write more or less at random about each, and I am glad to be able to refer my readers to a really judicious article in the current issue of Chambers's Journal, entitled 'English Public School Education, from a Colonial Point of View.' Anybody who has been at an English public school and has found himself transplanted to one of the sections of Greater Britain, must have experienced something incongruous between the whole scheme of his mental training and the actual demands of daily life. The writer of the article I have referred to calls himself 'a victim,' but he writes without rancor, and many of my readers must have learned from bitter first-hand knowledge that what he says is simply the cold, unvarnished truth. He sketches briefly his own school career, and tells us that while 'theology reigned supreme' science was 'treated as the Cindrella of the educational family.' On all sides the present was ruthlessly sacrificed to the past. 'We read, of course,' he writes, 'the usual Greek and Latin authors, painfully committed to memory some thousands of lines from the ancient classics, and practised assiduously the profitable art of turning wholesome English into barbarous Greek and Latin verse. The mythology of the Greeks and Romans, it is hardly necessary to add, was carefully studied; and I am afraid a good many of my fellow pupils took a greater interest in the exploits of Jupiter and Hercules than in those of Cromwell and Wellington. History, like wine or certain works of art, was valued according to its age. We acquired a great deal of knowledge about the early Hebrews, Greeks and Romans, and fairly full details of the condition of England about the time of the Heptarchy; but a mere outline of the events that followed was deemed sufficient.' Fortified by this mental training he began life afresh in Australia. What did it do for him in the hand-to-hand fight for existence? 'I think,' he tells us, 'I may say confidently that at least ninety-nine out of every hundred of such emigrants would, after five years of colonial life, declare that, on acquiring the rudiments of learning, they would have gained knowledge far more useful to them later in the course of three years spent in a carpenter's shop or on a farm than during twice that period passed at almost any of the large public schools in England.' He speaks in this article principally of Australia, but in every colony the man who can drive a nail into a plank has a better chance in the rough-and-tumble of life than the man who winces at a false quantity. In the long run the broken gentleman gets used to everything:

"In the course of my wanderings I have met highly educated men working as fossickers on goldfields, as bullock-drivers, roustabouts on stations, shepherds, and hopelessly broken-down tramps or sundowners. The moral fall of the educated man is usually irretrievable. He falls, like Lucifer, 'never to hope again.' He frequently conceals his identity under an assumed name, and ore would be surprised often if one knew the real antecedents of the bloated, foul-mouthed Long Charlie, Bullock Tom, etc., one may fall across in a condition of pitiable bestiality in some bush shanty. One of the roughest characters I ever came across was the brother of an Irish peer. Yet these poor reprobates were very likely at one time sensitive and refined gentlemen. The iron has entered into their souls and there rusted, corrupting their entire moral natures. The squalid hardships to which poverty introduces such men are intolerable to all but a few possessed of exceptional strength of character."

The writer from whom I have quoted is not merely destructive in his criticism, but suggests a practical remedy—namely, that the wandering younger son should have, in addition to his smattering of the languages of Greece and Rome, a trade. 'If the German Emperor,' he urges, 'does not disdain to have his heir taught the art of the locksmith, it is hard to see why the most aristocratic Englishman should treat with contempt the suggestion that each of his younger sons at least should be qualified to earn his bread after the fashion of St. Paul, by toiling with his own hands.' His conclusion is that after five years of school and five years on a farm or in a workshop any young man of average capacity may hope for a successful career in the colonies. One admits that the essence of any education is to teach a boy to think, but in the rough-and-ready communities beyond the seas the young Englishman is constantly being asked what he can do. Can he do anything? The question is in the air, a rude boorish question, if you will, but one that must be answered neither in Greek nor Latin, but in actual work. After all, it is not a question of what conditions actually do exist. The fluent remittance man may curse this or that colonial backwater for decades, but he does not count in the new scheme of things in which the young immigrant finds himself. Thrown on his own resources—and it is a thousand times better for him in the long run that he should be so thrown—there is one question, first and last, for him to answer—What can you do?"

IT IS "UP TO" THE KING.

It is announced that the Duke and Duchess of Connaught will visit Canada shortly. Their highnesses will be received in this country with great cordiality, of course, but it is a visit from the King himself we are all looking forward to. And, by the way, we notice that the municipal councils of all important cities in Canada have endorsed the resolution passed by Parliament praying His Majesty to take the matter of a visit to this country into his most serious consideration. The Victoria City Council is possibly not aware of this. We would not be surprised to read, also, of the government of the United States joining in the request. If King Edward did cross the water and did extend his visit beyond the bounds of his own possessions, wouldn't our neighbors make the welkin and everything else ring in the enthusiasm of their welcome! The visit of the Queen of Sheba to Solomon would not hold a candle to it in the magnificence of the entertainment and the splendor of the display. The American people from the president down would be on their mettle, their hospitality would be indescribable in words; the King, who is a master of the art of diplomacy, tactful, accomplished and endowed with all the graces properly appertaining to the "first gentleman in Europe," would win the hearts of the democratic people of the great republic by the simple bonhomie of his demeanor. He would tell them without suggestion of flattery, "Howbeit I believed not the words until I came, and mine eyes had seen it; and, behold, the half was not told me; thy wisdom and prosperity exceedeth the fame which I heard." Then the rapprochement would be complete, the entente cordiale would be so strong that nothing could endanger its existence, not even the efforts of Canada to protect herself from the consequences of the entente when they took form in a disposition to offer up sacrifices of her territory or her rights upon the alter of friendship.

The Conservative opposition at Ottawa has received an unmistakable hint that it would be well to drop all antagonism to Mr. J. J. Hill and his railway. It has acted on that intimation and opposition to the construction of the Great Northern Railway through Canada has ceased. The tariff as a subject of controversy has also been relegated into the background, doubtless because the extraordinary prosperity of the country at the present time and ever since the change of administration is the most convincing possible evidence of the efficacy of the present fiscal system. The Montreal Star, a strenuous newspaper opponent of the Laurier government, and usually a strong advocate of high protective duties, says of the announcement of Finance Minister Fielding respecting revision: "There is not any great uneasiness over the matter in the country. The government is expected to leave well enough alone. Some changes the changing conditions of native industry render necessary, but this is hardly a time for experiment. The tide is with us and we must not risk capsizing, any wheres near to the stream." Two subjects of political controversy being thus stricken out of the Conservative programme, what can it do but attack with fervor the administration of the departments and strive to prove there has been dishonesty in the conduct of civil servants, and that those having business relations with the servants of the people have conspired to despoil the country?

It is reported that in pursuance of the agreement arrived at last year between the Imperial and the Dominion governments, a number of Canadian officers have just arrived in London, and are to be distributed among the various depots for six months' military training. At the end of this period they will probably be sent out to India for a further course, their places in England being taken by another batch of their fellow-countrymen. It has been arranged that fifty officers shall in this way pass through the course during the first year, at the end of which the movement will be developed and extended.

The Colonist has now definitely promised an investigation into the affairs of the provincial Lands and Works Department. It is time adventurers of all classes, who have neither toiled nor spun and yet have lived sumptuously and waxed fat, should be barred from profiting at the expense of the public of British Columbia of the special knowledge they possess of the workings of the peculiar machinery of this important department.

* * *

King Alfonso is doubtless a very fine young fellow, but from the "pictures" that have been published of the royal bride and groom it is apparent that his Queen is really the "better half" of the partnership. An infusion of the blood royal of Great Britain within the veins of various Imperial families of Europe has had a solutary influence, and the world may look forward with hope to beneficial results in the case of Spain also.

What Other People Think

SABBATH LABORS.

To the Editor:—Credit must be given the members of the Lord's Day Alliance in their endeavors to free the race from Sabbath labors, and, incidentally, bring within the fold many who are sinfully absenting themselves from worship.

The methods employed, however, are crude, if not detrimental. Sunday newspapers are to be debarred publication, necessitating a Monday issue. What does this mean? The mechanical work ends at two o'clock Sunday morning on Sunday issues, whereas a Monday issue begins at eight o'clock Sunday evening. Objection is taken to the band playing in the park on Sundays. There is no question of the wisdom in attracting the people to the restful beauties of nature and away from sin; but no, it is sinful, and behold the band is engaged to play at the Gorge park, outside of the restricted area. Here, with the hospitality of two saloons and the knowledge that this favored spot possesses privileges unobtainable elsewhere, the drinker may drink enough and more.

As to Sunday excursions by train and boat, will not those who want an outing of a Sunday afternoon observe the wisdom of leaving the city on Saturday evenings, and transportation companies with an eye to best interests arrange a time table that will prove acceptable to their patrons and profitable to themselves?

The Lord's Day Alliance will find it extremely difficult to legislate the race into sanctity. Far betetr would it be to ascertain the cause of the widespread dissent with a view of meeting the necessary conditions. A new era is dawning, the sympatities and co-operation of the people are required in unfolding their spiritual natures, but this will not be obtained by the methods employed.

I would strongly advise well meaning churchmen to look at this whole question in a broader spirit. Let us try to understand ourselves (a thing we know too little about) and then essay the larger task—looking after our neighbor.

P. S.

THE PROTESTANT ORPHANAGE.

To the Editor:—According to Mr. McPhillips' version of the law governing the orphanage the term "Protestant," so long applied to that institution is altogether out of place. Anyone who pays two dollars and a half a year becomes a subscriber and thereby becomes entitled to vote at a meeting called for the election of members of the board of management, and also becomes eligible for election to the board. Therefore three or four hundred Chinamen, by paying that amount each, can attend the annual meeting, elect twelve good Chinamen as directors and gain control and possession of the property, and do with it whatever seemeth good in their own eyes. The same could be done by an equal number of Japs; or, if our Roman Catholic brethren should take a notion to combine and get control of the so-called Protestant Orphanage, the law, according to Mr. McPhillips, affords them ample opportunity of doing so. Is this the actual condition of things which has been allowed to continue for eight or ten years under the wise and statesmanlike management of Mr. Hayward and his associates? If so, then it is time there was a change, and those who were instrumental in bringing about the recent change have rendered the Protestants of the city a great public service.

PROTESTANT.

VISITED CARIBOO.

Col. Prior Returns From a Business Trip in the Interior of Province.

Col. E. G. Prior returned last evening from a six weeks' trip in the vicinity of Kamloops. The object of his visit to that part of the country was for business purposes. In company with J. R. Michell, the manager of the E. G. Prior & Company's branch at Kamloops, the head of the firm paid a visit to the farming sections about Kamloops and Ashcroft, and then went into the Cariboo district. Col. Prior travelled about 1,000 miles on the trip, and says he had a most enjoyable time.

At Bullion he visited J. B. Hobson and inspected the works which the manager of the Consolidated Cariboo Hydraulic Company has established there. The careful manner in which Mr. Hobson has carried out the work is everywhere in evidence, and the utmost care is taken that there shall be no depreciation in the plant. Everything about the mine indicates good management.

The different farming communities visited all seemed to be enjoying a marked degree of prosperity. The prices obtained for the produce raised are necessarily high.

In the district Col. Prior met many of the old pioneers, and was deeply interested in conversing with them. A story was circulated he says while he was in Cariboo that he intended contesting that district at the next election. There was no ground for that, Col. Prior says, his trip being one of business and pleasure combined.

LOCAL NEWS.

One drunk paid the usual fine in the police court this morning, and a minor assault case was remanded till to-morrow.

The contract for overhauling the steamer Selkirk has been let to the Victoria Machinery Depot and to W. Turpel. The former has the work of overhauling the machinery, and the latter of making repairs to the hull and housework.

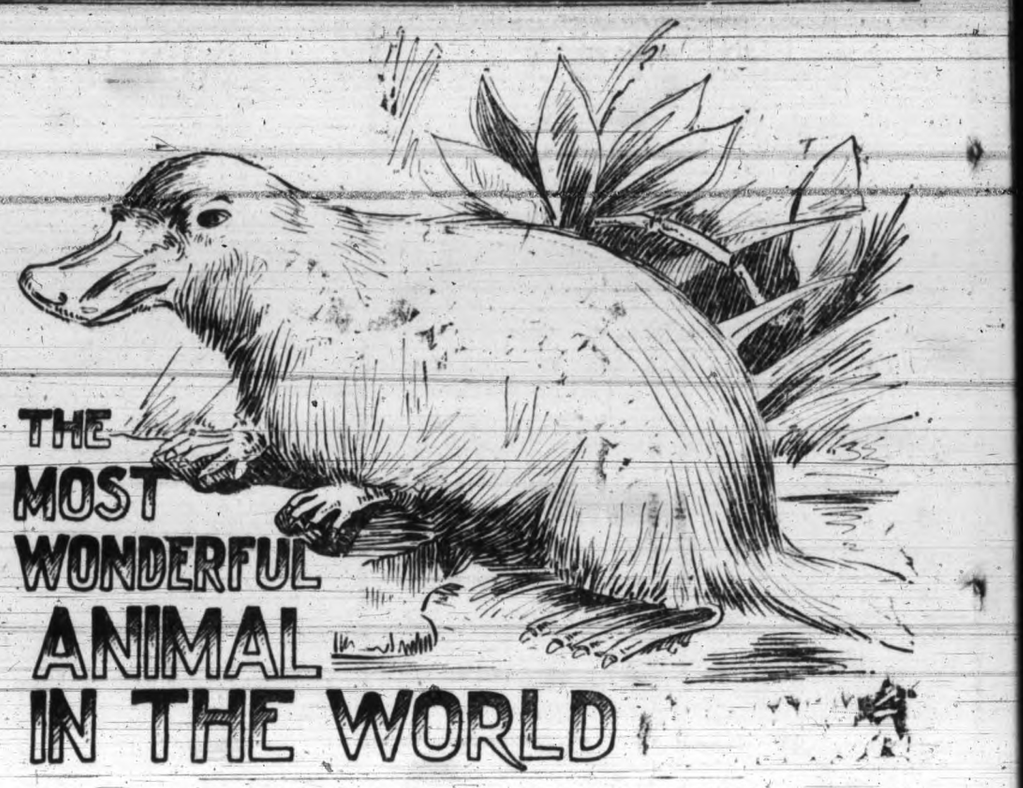
The steamer Venture was launched from the ways of the Victoria Machinery Depot yesterday evening after receiving some slight repairs, and soon after being floated proceeded to Vancouver to take on the balance of her cargo for northern British Columbia ports.

Charles Henericks, a horse dealer from Okanagan, is in the city. He brought a carload of horses here and disposed of them so rapidly that he intends to bring about 50 bronchos to Victoria in five or six weeks. These will be broken to the saddle and harness here, and citizens will have an opportunity of seeing how the "busters" carry on their calling.

News has just been received that Lachlan McMillan, son of ex-Ald. John McMillan, of this city, has graduated from the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Chicago, with honors. He has now gone to Mayo's hospital Rochester, to take a special course in surgery, and will then return West. Mr. McMillan studied with Dr. Ernest Hall of this city. He was one of over two hundred students who wrote at the recent examination of the college, and was one of the first ten to graduate.

Steamer Chieftain, which has been undergoing repairs at the Victoria Machinery Depot for the past few months will leave for the north in a day or two. The vessel, it will be remembered, was jammed in the ice on one of the northern rivers, and sustained so much damage that she had to come to Victoria for repairs at once. At the Victoria Machinery Depot she has been put in first class condition again. Her boilers and engine were overhauled she received new railings, and had considerable of her house work renewed.

At a meeting of the Ministerial Association held yesterday it was decided to have the proposed change in the hour of Sunday evening church services in abeyance for the present. Oswin A. Bull, B. A., representing the Scriptural Union, addressed those present. It was afterwards unanimously resolved that a mass meeting of Sunday school workers should be held on Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock at the Metropolitan Methodist church. Mr. Bull will be present on that occasion. A communication regarding a proposed visit of Rev. W. J. Dawson, the evangelist, to Victoria was referred to a special committee. Other minor matters were considered, after which the meeting adjourned.



THE MOST WONDERFUL ANIMAL IN THE WORLD

There is an animal in Australia which has the head and feet of a bird, the body and four legs of a quadruped, and the habits of a fish. It lives under water, yet breathes air. It lays eggs, yet it suckles its young. Scientists call it the duck-billed platypus.

It was in the wonderful country which claims this strange paradox, that bileans for biliousness were first produced. Up to the discovery of bileans, practically all liver and stomach disorders contained mercury, bismuth and other mineral poisons. These harmful ingredients, if taken for long, have such serious effects as loosening the teeth, causing the hair to fall out or become prematurely grey, etc. Bileans, on the contrary, are purely vegetable. They contain no trace of any mineral poison, and are thus not only more powerful as a cure, but are more safe in their use. They cure stomach and liver disorders without introducing other evils. So powerful are they in operation that they eradicate the causes of the ailments they are compounded to combat, and yet they are so mild that they are suitable to the most delicate constitution.

Not only are bileans superior by virtue of their vegetable nature, but being the product of modern scientific research, bileans are thoroughly up-to-date. They do not merely purge, giving temporary relief only, and leaving the patient weakened like the out-of-date so-called remedies of forty or fifty years ago, which, as already stated, contain aloes, mercury, and other harmful drugs. Bileans, without the slightest discomfort, prompt the liver and digestive organs to act in nature's normal way, leaving those organs strengthened and stimulated to continue the performance of their duties without further assistance. They produce a gentle action of the bowels, curing or preventing constipation, cleansing the stomach and ridding the system of all impurities.

Reports from all parts of Canada show how effective are bileans when applied to all symptoms arising out of liver and stomach disorders.

Mr. A. Monohan, of Berlin, says: "I have taken bileans and found they did me a great deal of good. I suffered from piles and constipation, and bileans proved so highly beneficial that I shall be pleased to recommend them to any sufferer or answer any question about them."

Mr. Stanley Richardson, of Main St., Galt, says: "Having used bileans both here and in England I can speak with perfect confidence of them as a splendid remedy for all stomach troubles, etc. I shall be pleased to recommend them at all times."

Miss Marie Brewer, a certificated nurse, writing from Spennymoor, says: "I have for a long time now recommended bileans, having proved them most valuable. I am a trained certificated nurse, and have suffered a great deal with headache and biliousness. I could not get relief from doctors' medicine and was advised to try bileans. I did so, and with most beneficial result. I always keep bileans in the house, and am continually recommending them in cases of stomach disorders, headaches, indigestion, constipation and various other complaints."

In all quarters where they have been tried bileans are spoken of in similar high terms. They are a certain cure for headache, constipation, piles, liver trouble, indigestion and all digestive disorders, female ailments, skin eruptions, biliousness, sick headache, bad taste in the mouth, foul breath, dizziness, fainting, buzzing noises in the head, feelings of uncomfortable fulness even after a light meal, wind pains, anemia, debility, etc. They improve the general circulation, and are a boon to pale-faced girls and weak women. For all purposes to which a household remedy is put bileans will be found of excellent service.

Bileans are obtainable from all druggists and stores, at fifty cents per box, or direct from the Bilean Co., Colborne St., Toronto, upon receipt of price. To obtain a free sample box cut out this article and write across it the name and date of the paper, then post it to the Bilean Co. at above address with a one cent stamp to pay return postage, and your name and address written clearly. Your request will receive immediate attention.

JUST ARRIVED!

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ENGLISH CUTLERY AND HOLLOWARE

Call and Get Prices

Walter S. Fraser & Co., Ld.

'Phone 3. WHARF STREET.

A BOY'S ..NEW HAT..

One of the handsomest yet produced—the very newest shape—from dented crown, new dip front, inside leather sweat, outside fancy ribbon bands, in fancy or plain straw, or in linen crash; 50 cents each.

Its only one of the good things we have for the boys. Some others are:

Fancy Shirts, New String Ties, New Caps, Swell Suits.

W. G. Cameron,
55 JOHNSON STREET

Fine Cutlery and Tableware

If you are in need of any articles for the dinner or tea table, call and examine our stock of table knives, forks and spoons, fish and dessert knives and forks, etc., in polished oak cases, from the best Sheffield makers. We are also showing a fine line of tea services and other articles in sterling silver and in electro plate, of the best quality, which we import direct from the makers, and are consequently able to sell at very reasonable prices, while our well known reputation is a guarantee of the quality.

C. E. Redfern, 43 Government St

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Local and Long Distance.
HEADQUARTERS FOR ATHLETIC SPORTS.
Good Imported, Domestic and Local Cigars and Tobacco.
BYRNE BROS.,
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PHONE 12.

Woodyatt Lawn Mowers
—AND—
Bowers Rubber Garden Hose
The name of Bowers on a Hose is a guarantee of its reliability. Do not buy a cheap Hose with an unknown brand. We sell the best.
THE HICKMAN-TYE HARDWARE CO., LTD.
32 AND 34 YATES STREET, VICTORIA B.C.
P. O. Drawer 613. Telephone 53.

Morrell's
'Iowa's Pride' Hams & Bacon
As good as by Morrell's, but are sold by dealers who make it a point of selling the BEST.
THEY have a mild and sweet cure and have never been EQUALLED in FLAVOR or APPEARANCE.
IF YOU WISH TO EAT THE BEST BUY
Morrell's
JOHN MORRELL & CO., LTD.
OTTUMWA, IOWA.

The San Francisco Disaster Photographs
50 Glimpses of Havoc by Earthquake and Fire. PRICE 35 CENTS.
T. N. HIBBEN & CO.
69 and 71 Government St., Victoria

SHOW CASES
We manufacture Up-to Date Show Cases, Bank, Store, Hotel and Office Fixtures, Wall Cases, Counters, Shelving, Mantels, Desks, Art Grills and Mirrors. Order furniture a Specialty.
DICKSON & HOWES,
Phone 1165. 131-133 Johnson St.

Oceanic S.S.Co. HAWAII, SAMOA, NEW ZEALAND AND SYDNEY DIRECT LINE TO TAHITI
S. S. ALAMEDA, for Honolulu, June 9, 11 a. m.
S. S. VENTURA, for Honolulu, Samoa, Auckland and Sydney, June 21, 2 p. m.
S. S. MARIPOSA, for Tahiti, July 1, 11 a. m. Grand tour this voyage, $125 round trip.
J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO., Agts., Ticket Office, 643 Market St. Freight Office, 329 Market St., Pier No. 7, Pacific St.
R. P. RITHET & CO., LTD., Victoria.

The Seamen's Institute
17 LANGLEY STREET.
Free reading room for seamen and seafaring men. Open daily from 10 a. m. to 10 p. m. Sunday, 2 to 5 p. m.

VACATION—Needs in the Grip

Packing your grip, to leave us during the hot spell? Don't forget the following summer country comforts: Cold cream for sun burn and freckles. Talcum Powder for perspiring and overheated skin. Hand brush. Tooth brush and powder, paste or wash. Good pure soap, scented or unscented, and soap holder. Combination nail file, cleaner and clipper.

When you are in our neighborhood, step in. We may be able to give you valuable suggestions. We carry only the best of toilet requisites. Prices very low for such quality.

Cyrus H. Bowes, Chemist, 98 Government St. Near Yates St.

FOR SALE

SHEEP RANCH

2450 ACRES
PARTLY WOODED
WELL WATERED

P. R. BROWN, LD.
30 BROAD STREET.
Phone 1076. P. O. Box 423.

TWO ACRES
YOUNG FRUIT
GOOD COTTAGE
NEAR OAK BAY
(ON CAR LINE)
BIG SACRIFICE

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NO. 2 VIEW STREET.

GOOD INVESTMENTS

Green Street, 2 Lots	$ 350
Stanley Avenue, Lot	200
Grant Street, Lot	200
Sea View, 3 Lots	240
Ida Street, Lot	100
Ross Bay, 3 Acres waterfront	2,500
Carey Road, 8 Lots	400

Money to Loan at Current Rates.
Fire and Life Insurance.

11 TROUNCE AVENUE **LEE & FRASER** VICTORIA B. C.

RHODES SCHOLAR TO BE SELECTED TO-NIGHT

Three Candidates Will Present Themselves Before the Provincial Board of Examiners.

To-night at the office of the department of education there will be a meeting held to select the third recipient of a Rhodes scholarship from the province of British Columbia. Three candidates have placed their names before the board of examiners. They are: Arthur Yates, of Vancouver, who has passed the second year examinations at Vancouver College; Nevill Smith, of Comox, who graduated this spring from McGill University; and Harry Bray, of Nanaimo, who passed through the Vancouver High school and is a graduate of Toronto University.

As is now well known, scholarship is not the only requisite for those competing in examinations to obtain an university training in England under the bequest of the late Cecil Rhodes. Prominence in athletic circles, powers of leadership and general good conduct also are carefully taken into consideration, and the successful candidate receives practically the highest honor that can be awarded by his province. Two Vancouver boys have already been selected, A. M. Donaldson, in 1904, and Israel Rubinowitz, in 1905, and are now pursuing their studies at Oxford.

The board of examiners for British Columbia consists of Chief Justice Hunter, Mr. Justice Duff, David Wilson, B. A., provincial inspector of schools; H. M. Stramberg, B. A., principal of New Westminster High school; and Alexander Robinson, B. A., superintendent of education.

We Are Demonstrating McLaren's Jellies To-Day

We extend to every housekeeper an invitation to call and sample the superior qualities of this jelly powder.

WATSON & JONES
FAMILY GROCERS
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BEST VALUE IN TEAS IN THE CITY

"House of Lords" WHISKY

SAUNDERS'S

EXTRA OB QUALITY
TRADE MARK

IS GUARANTEED PURE MALT
and
POT STILL WHISKY

The only Scotch Whisky continuously supplied to the Refreshment Department of the House of Lords since 1879.

THE HUDSON'S BAY CO.
SOLE AGENTS FOR B. C.

"I found no Poisons in Steedman's Soothing Powders"

(Evidence of Dr. Chas. J. Fagan, Secretary Provincial Board of Health.)

The jary returned the following verdict at the adjourned inquest on the infant May Duval, who died in Victoria, B. C., on Jan. 7th, a Steedman's Soothing Powder being the last medicine given:

"THAT THE CHILD, MAY DUVAL, DIED FROM NATURAL CAUSES, AND FROM THE EVIDENCE GIVEN THERE IS NOTHING TO INDICATE THAT THE CHILD'S DEATH WAS CAUSED BY THE USE OF STEEDMAN'S SOOTHING POWDERS."

In consequence of the wide publicity given to this case and the fact that the unduly prolonging of the inquest, has given opponents an opportunity to impugn the composition of the GENUINE STEEDMAN'S (two E.E.'s) SOOTHING POWDERS (Walworth, Surrey, England), the proprietors are desirous of placing the facts before the public.

The Public Analyst stated upon oath that he found NO POISON IN STEEDMAN'S SOOTHING POWDERS, and the verdict of the coroner's jury given above clearly exonerates Steedman's Soothing Powders.

Sworn testimony was submitted by the manufacturer's counsel, Mr. Rogers, as to the great care exercised to ensure perfect division in the preparation of the powders which have been manufactured for eightly years.

CITY NEWS IN BRIEF

SPECIAL SALES
TOILET GOODS
COMBS,
BRUSHES,
SKIN TONICS,
PERFUMES, ETC.
B. C. DRUG STORE
Tel. 356. 27 Johnson Street.
J. TEAGUE, Proprietor.

RUPTURE
HEARD'S FAMOUS APPLIANCES
For men, women and children. Endorsed by physicians everywhere, and absolutely guaranteed.
OFFICE, 76 YATES ST.

—Beware of Imitation.—Get the genuine XXXX Bass's Burton ale at the Clarence, Yates street.

—Next Sunday the steamer Iroquois on her trip among the famous Gulf Islands will stop one hour at Crofton smelter, which is now in full operation.

—Dr. George H. Duncan has removed his offices from 79 Fort street to rooms 20 to 26 in the Five Sisters' block near the corner of Government and Fort, facing the latter.

—All lovers of choice home cooking and home-made bread should go to The Palms for lunch and afternoon tea. Open 7.30 a. m. to 11.30 p. m. No Chinese employed.

—In Chambers yesterday applications were made for the probating of the wills of Albert Vidler and Isaac Geo. Washington. The orders were made.

—A handsome addition has been made to local automobiles by W. L. Challoner, who has just received a splendid Olds car. It is twice as powerful as the machine he used last year having 40-horse power with corresponding capacity for speed and fast road work.

—The proposal to equip one or more fire engines with an electric motor is receiving the attention of Chief Watson, who is in communication with several electrical works on the subject. It is unlikely anything will be done until next year as funds to make the change are not at present available.

—The local examinations of the University of Toronto, in the theory of music, will be held in the High school on Tuesday, June 12th, commencing at 2 p. m. Mrs. A. T. Watt, M. A., local representative of the college, will preside. The piano examination will be held in Waitt's hall on the afternoon of July 5th, when Dr. Harris, of the Hamilton Conservatory of Music, will be in charge.

—The manager of the Home for Aged and Infirm acknowledges with thanks the following donations to the home for the month of May: Mrs. Garachee, clothing; Mrs. L. J. Quagliotti, San Francisco newspapers; Mrs. B. W. Pearse, Illustrated London News; Mrs. H. D. Helmcken, magazines; Mrs. Van Tassell, rhubarb; G. Winter, sr., eggs; J. Morrison, reading matter; N. Shakespeare, reading matter; C. Kent, Tit-Bits and Family Heralds; Times and Colonist, daily, Mining Exchange, Farmers' Advocate and Western Clarion.

—J. E. Tyrrell, geologist and mining engineer, has been engaged by Mackenzie & Mann as mining expert with headquarters in Toronto.

—The board of directors of the Royal Jubilee hospital will meet at that institution to-morrow evening, when a full attendance is requested.

—The interior of Odd Fellows' hall, Fernwood road, has been completely redecorated, and is now one of the best meeting rooms in the city.

—The skulls found Friday evening on James Bay flats may be appropriated by the school board and used as adjuncts for the teaching of physiology.

—Dr. Robert Bell, of the Canadian geological survey has gone to London, England, to attend the meeting of the Royal Geological Society and receive the medal recently awarded him by that body.

—The spring salmon run on the Skeena river ceased abruptly early last week from some unknown cause. So scarce were the fish that none could be purchased for table use by visiting steamers.

—The department of militia and defence, Ottawa, is calling for sealed tenders for the supply of coal and fuel wood required for the heating of military buildings in this city during the year, beginning July 1st. Tenders will be received up to Friday, June 15th, by the secretary of the militia council, Ottawa. Each must be accompanied by a cheque, equal to five per cent. of the amount of the tender, which, as is usual in such cases, will be returned if the tender is not accepted.

—Commencing Wednesday there will be a through car service from the Tramway Company's Yates street terminus to the Gorge. Cars will run every twenty minutes leaving on the hour and at regular intervals thereafter. On Sundays the transportation facilities will be increased, cars starting from the city every ten minutes. It is the intention to reserve the two large new cars, Nos. 70 and 71, for the Victoria-Gorge service exclusively, thus giving picnickers and others wishing to spend a pleasant hour or so on the Arm the opportunity to make the trip without inconvenience.

—The Mercury arc rectifier just installed as an adjunct to the city fire alarm system is a new thing in the West, being an innovation as far as this province is concerned. It is designed to recharge the batteries direct from the electric light wires, and will save much time and expense. Formerly supplies for this work cost about $300 per annum, but the new device will reduce this standing charge to not more than seventy-five cents a month. As many local electricians are interested in the matter a demonstration will be given by Fire Chief Watson, probably on Wednesday night.

Special Notice

While my new building is being erected I intend to sell the balance of my

Furniture at 15 Broad St., at the Biggest Sacrifice Possible

To save moving. AVAIL YOURSELF OF THIS OPPORTUNITY.

All persons having furniture in Blygh's store had better call for same before end of this month, as he will not be responsible for any goods after July 1st.

A. BLYGH
FURNITURE STORE, 15 BROAD ST.

VICTORIA'S DAILY WEATHER

Sunday, June 3.

	Deg.
Highest	67
Lowest	54
Mean	60

Rain, .04 inch; sunshine, 1 hour 54 minutes.

Monday, June 4.

	Deg.
Highest	65
Lowest	50
Mean	57

Rain, .10 inch; sunshine, 4 hours 30 minutes.

—A monster potlach started at Duncans yesterday afternoon, which is being attended by a large number of Indians.

—There will be a parade of No. 1 Company, Fifth Regiment, at the drill hall to-night at 8. New uniforms will be issued to all requiring the same.

—Chief of Police Crossan, of Nanaimo, arrived in the city to-day with Michael Harvey, a sailor, who was sentenced to a year's imprisonment for stabbing a shipmate on the Terje Viken, lying in Nanaimo harbor.

—The I. O. O. F. Provincial Grand Lodge will meet in this city next week, the proceedings opening on June 14th. A banquet will be tendered visiting brethren that evening at the Driard hotel and other festivities are being arranged.

—J. L. Roe, pastmaster at Cumberland, died on Sunday at the early age of 40 years. He was a native of Dublin, and leaves a wife to mourn his loss. Two brothers survive him, Geo. H. Roe, of Cumberland, and Samuel Roe, of this city, and a sister, Mrs. Feld, of Honolulu.

—The Ladies' Aid Society of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church will hold a Dutch fair in the school rooms to-morrow afternoon and evening, when several novelties are promised.

—Agnes Deans Cameron left on Sunday for Winnipeg to attend the third annual convention of the Woman's Press Association. Leaving Manitoba on June 11th she will form one of a special party to tour the new provinces of Alebrta and Saskatchewan.

INTRODUCTORY SERVICE.

Rev. A. E. Roberts Commenced His Ministry in Victoria West on Sunday.

Rev. A. E. Roberts commenced his ministry at the Victoria West Methodist church on Sunday. At the morning service he took occasion to speak of his new relationship to the people, and bespoke the hearty co-operation and sympathetic prayers of every member of the congregation. He trusted that all would work in heartiness and harmony for the extension of Christ's kingdom, and set the ideal of a "revival in every home" before the church.

The subject of the evening sermon was "The Baptism of Fire," the text being taken from Luke 3:16. John, the forerunner of Jesus, was preparing the way for the coming Messiah, preaching the doctrine of repentance and by his severe life and earnest words, attracting many people to his wilderness pulpit. The people, expecting the Messiah, were wondering in their minds if John were not the Expected One, but he told them, "I indeed baptize you with water, but He shall baptize you with the Holy Ghost and with fire." The baptism of fire is the need of the individual, and of the Christian church to-day. There is no holiness without the baptism of fire, and an enthusiastic, aggressive, saving religion can only come from intimate communion with Christ, the Living Saviour. The church needs the personal passion for Christ that characterized the reformers of other days; the baptism of fire that come to the waiting disciples on the Day of Pentecost. To obtain this blessing we must wait before the Lord as the disciples of old did.

The sermon was listened to very attentively by the fair-sized congregation, which gathered to welcome the new pastor.

FEES TO COUNSEL.

Amount Allowed in Water Case Not Larger Than in Other Actions.

At the meeting of the city council held last night the city solicitor stated that the counsel fees of $2,000 allowed the Esquimalt Waterworks Co. was, as far as he knew, the largest ever given in this province. According to his recollection the largest fee previously allowed was $1,000 in the suit of the Attorney-General against Pine Creek Power Co.

In this C. Dubois Mason was not correct. At least twice in Victoria $2,000 or $2,500 has been allowed, in the cases of Harris vs. Dunsmuir and Le Roi Mining Co. vs. Rossland Miners' Union. The city paid $2,000 in the water case for Messrs. Rodwell and Davis' services, without taking into consideration the work done by W. J. Taylor, K. C., who is retained on a salary. It will thus be seen that if the water company got too much in counsel fees for winning the case the city paid more for the privilege of losing.

PROGRESS IN KOOTENAY.

Hon. R. F. Green Returns From Extended Tour and Reports Conditions Flourishing.

Hon. R. F. Green, chief commissioner of lands and works, returned last night from an extended tour of the Kootenays, devoting several days to electioneering in Kaslo. He reports great activity in mining circles. Though the Slocan has not recovered its former prosperity, confidence is felt in the future. Around Nelson the principal new feature he noticed was the attention directed to fruit growing, which promises to become an important factor in the valleys of the southern interior. The Trail smelter is now employing 315 men, and has a monthly payroll of $45,000. An 80-ton roaster has been recently added to the plant. The output is about 50 tons of refined lead daily, largely sold in the Dominion.

Rossland is making steady progress and the Boundary country is booming. There is quite a lot of excitement over recent finds at Franklin's camp, on the north fork of Kettle river. A steel plant, the first of its kind in the province, will shortly be started at Carson, and employ in the neighborhood of 50 men.

From Revelstoke a trip was made up the Big Bend to the present head of navigation, and a large amount of development found in course of prosecution at Dowie creek. In Northeast Kootenay market conditions were very good.

During the tour several public meetings were held, all well attended, residents generally being anxious to hear the government on its defence. Hon. Richard McBride is paying a visit to Cranbrook and Fernie and will not return for a few days. Hon. F. J. Fulton will reach Victoria to-night.

PERSONAL.

J. H. Greer has left for Chicago to attend the convention of Mystic Shriners to be held there at an early date. It is his intention to visit various Eastern Canadian centres before returning. He will spend some time at his old home, London, Ont.

* * *

Jas. Henderson, of Jacksonville, Ill.; Geo. Dunne, of Denver, Colo.; Geo. Ross, of Vancouver; J. D. Gillies, of Nicola; and W. Berryman, of Victoria, are registered at the St. Francis.

* * *

Dr. R. D. Mahanna, of Denver; R. D. Merchant and wife, of Portland; and J. Hopkirk, A. R. Carpenter and R. E. Milligan, of Seattle, are at the Dominion.

* * *

The following are guests at the St. Francis hotel: A. Beaumont and wife, E. Plobo, Jos. Bernstein, W. Mayes and T. F. Keegan, of New York city.

* * *

J. T. Moore, of Tacoma; A. L. Thompson, of Portland; Henry Horstman, of Seattle; and Geo. M. Grant, of Vancouver, are at the Victoria.

* * *

S. S. Taylor, K. C., of Nelson, is in the city on business connected with the sitting of the Full court. He is staying at the Driard.

* * *

Chas. W. Ellis and Elizabeth Ellis, of Chicago, and Geo. C. Ellis, of Bellingham, are registered at the King Edward.

A. G. McLanahan and wife, and A. E. Fleming and wife, of Greencastle, Pa., are at the King Edward.

Mrs. W. B. Smith, of "Thistle Hall," Craigflower road, has left for Galt, Ont., to visit her mother.

D. Murphy, of Ashcroft, is at the Driard. He is here as counsel to appear before the Full court.

Miss L. Fraser, of London, Ont., and Miss E. C. Read, of Keene, Ont., are at the Dominion.

A. C. Cameron, of Toronto, and G. Chandler, of Seattle, are at the King Edward.

D. V. Mott, of the Fernie Ledge, is in the city. He is a guest at the King Edward.

G. L. Wood and A. C. Janjon, of South Pender, are staying at the Balmoral.

H. Mitchell and wife, of Ladners, are in the city. They are at the Dominion.

Albert Williams and James Jones, of Nanaimo, are at the St. Francis.

W. N. Maclean, of Glasgow, Scotland, is a guest at the Victoria.

E. C. Binder and Miss Binder, of Chicago, are at the Driard.

Mrs. Clive Phillipps-Wolley, of Pier Island, is at the Balmoral.

W. S. Deacon and E. E. Rand are at the Driard.

Potatoes 60c Sk.

E. B. JONES, Cor. Cook & N. Park Sts. 'Phone 712

FEED YOUR LITTLE CHICKS
ON OUR CYPHERS CHICK FOOD AND WATCH THEM GROW.
WHEAT, CORN AND CRACKED CORN FOR THE HENS.
R. BAKER & SON
'Phone NO. 1 30 Yates Street

Three Fine WALTZES

RED RIDING HOOD,
By J. T. Hall.
HEART'S HAVEN,
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We try them over for you.

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Building Lots
FOR SALE
HOUSES BUILT ON THE INSTALLMENT PLAN.
D. H. Bale,
CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER.
Phone 1140 Elford Street.

The Economy of Our Flatwork Prices

There is no longer any need of spending hours over a washtub when your washing can be done here perfectly at a very reasonable price. Cleanliness for sale at the

STANDARD STEAM LAUNDRY
Get your share. Make the change to-day.
85 VIEW ST., OR PHONE 1017.

Turn cold air into house heat

Even in Arctic weather this furnace uses LEAST fuel to heat MOST house,—simply because it's built so it quickly changes cold air into hot heat—its grate burns a lot of AIR and little fuel.

Oxford Warm air Furnace burns any fuel

All the fire-heat moves in one direction—so you get the heat's good while it's good heat—not after it's gas-loaded, dust-choked, lukewarm. That point's a big one.

Fire-door is big, to let you feed in big coal, rough wood—anything burnable. The corrugated walls increase radiation—get more heat from less fuel, and get it quicker.

Come and look—or write for book

THE GURNEY FOUNDRY CO., LIMITED
151 Hastings Street, Vancouver
Toronto Montreal Winnipeg Calgary

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Of obtaining goods at a first class store is obvious. We have not been in the business for over 40 years without securing for our customers the best that money can buy.

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The Quality Music House.

HENRY CLAY...

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LA FLOR DE HENRY CLAY
JULIAN ALVEZ
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A Cigar Deserved by Popular With Critical Smokers of Imported Cigars.

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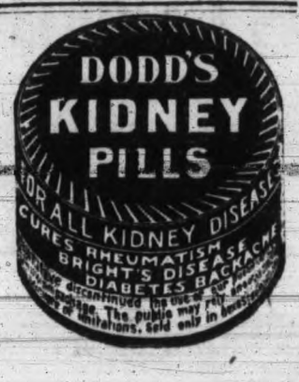

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VICTORIA CREAMERY BUTTER, per lb.... .... 25c.
COWICHAN CREAMERY BUTTER, per lb.... ... 25c.
FANCY CREAMERY BUTTER, 2 lbs. for.. ..... 45c.
FRESH DAIRY BUTTER, 2 lbs. for.. .. .. .. 45c.

STRAWBERRIES AND CREAM

STRAWBERRIES FRESH DAILY AT LOWEST MARKET PRICES.
FRESH THICK CREAM, per bottle.... .. .. 25c.

DIXI H. ROSS & CO.

THE GROCERS. 111 GOVERNMENT ST., VICTORIA.
TRY OUR PRIME PORK SAUSAGES. R1188

Per Sack--$1.50--Per Sack

FROM ANY AND ALL GROCERS.

Calgary Hungarian Patd. Flour

EX "TEUCER"

Rose Head Copper Boat Nails

ALL SIZES.

Peter McQuade & Son

Wholesale and Retail.

78 WHARF STREET.

AUCTION SALE

We are instructed by Mr. McB. Robinson to sell at our rooms, 58 Broad, all his

Well Kept Furniture and Effects

Thursday, 7th, 2 p.m.

We will also sell a very fine assortment of Plants at this sale.

MAYNARD & SON, AUCTIONEERS.

Messrs. L. Eaton & Co.

Duly instructed, will hold a sale of

Cattle, Live Stock, Implements, Etc

On the vacant lot adjoining their Auction Mart on Fort street, on Friday, June 8th, at 2 p. m.

Anyone wishing to dispose of stock are requested to communicate with

THE AUCTIONEERS, L. EATON & CO.

CUSTOMS SALE

Under instructions from J. C. Newbury, Esq., Collector of Customs and Receiver of Wrecks, I will sell by PUBLIC AUCTION at 11 a. m., WEDNESDAY, JUNE 6th, at Victoria Customs Building.

UNCLAIMED, ABANDONED AND SEIZED GOODS

Also WRECKAGE re VALENCIA AND KING DAVID.

See hand bills for particulars.
Terms cash.

W. JONES
Dominion Government Auctioneer.

Hardaker Auctioneer

I am instructed to sell at Salerooms, 77-79 Douglas street,

Friday, June 8th

2 P. M.

Elegant and Costly FURNITURE

English Carved Mahogany Goods, Valuable China, Bric-a-Brac and Silverware.

Particulars later.

WM. T. HARDAKER, Auctioneer

Try Dermyl

For Sunburn and Skin Irritation. Not sticky nor greasy. Antiseptic, cooling and healing. Price, 25 and 50 cents.

Ask for sample.

John Cochrane, Chemist

N. W. COR. YATES AND DOUGLAS STREETS.

A TEA POINTER

WHEN BUYING TEA BE SURE IT IS

"SALADA"

CEYLON TEA
UNEQUALLED FOR QUALITY AND FLAVOR
LEAD PACKETS ONLY. AT ALL GROCERS.
HIGHEST AWARD ST. LOUIS, 1904.
KELLY, DOUGLAS & CO., WHOLESALE AGENTS.

ACREAGE

Close In to City. Apply to

A. W. JONES, Ltd.

28 Fort Street, Victoria.

Wall Paper Flat Rate

FOR SALE BY JOSEPH SEARS 91-93 YATES ST.

BRIGHT OUTLOOK FOR THE STRAWBERRY CROP

Saanich Farmers Propose Shipping Entire Output to Mainland Market—Local Conditions.

This year's strawberry crop promises to be one of the heaviest in the history of fruit culture on Vancouver Island. The acreage devoted to this line of farming has been materially increased, especially in Saanich and throughout the Gorden Head district. If the weather from now on remains favorable those in the business expect to derive returns far and away exceeding anything in the past. With the augmentation of the supply the capacity of the market in British Columbia has increased. Island berries especially are in great demand in Vancouver and lower Mainland points, where their superiority over the products of neighboring districts is acknowledged without reserve.

Realizing the appreciation of residents of Vancouver, New Westminster and towns in that vicinity of the berries grown on the Island and the possibility of obtaining a better return from these sources, the farmers of Saanich are reported to have decided to forward all their crop to the Mainland market. The matter will be finally decided at a meeting of the Victoria Friut Growers' Association to be held to-morrow afternoon.

It has been contended that should such action be taken it will materially affect the local supply, and might keep prices at an almost prohibitive figure throughout the season. This, however, is a mistaken idea. It is stated by those in close touch with the conditions that at Gordon Head alone there are berries enough to allow all Victorians to enjoy that luscious fruit for the usual period and at the usual quotation—10 cents a box. Therefore the decision of the farmers to enter the outside market on a more extensive scale than heretofore is not a matter for criticism. On the other hand their enterprise is to be commended, while they must be congratulated upon the quality of the fruit which enables them to enter into competition with that of the Mainland without any possibility of being outdone, despite the fact that it is shipped a greater distance.

As already stated, the prospects are that the crops will be better than has been the case for years. The recent rains have done much good, and, providing they hold off now for a few weeks, berries beautifully ripened by the sun will be found gracing the windows of local merchants in any quantity within a short time.

THE RELEASE OF BROTHIER.

(Special to the Times.)

Ottawa, June 5.—Macpherson was interviewed to-day as to the release of Desire Brothier.

"I never heard anything about it," replied Mr. Macpherson, "until I received a telegram from Vancouver asking me about it, and if I had anything to do with it. That was the first time I had heard of it. I discovered to-day that Brothier's case was attended to by a Vancouver gentleman, and I had nothing to do with it in any shape or form. Had I been consulted I would not have approved of it. It seems from the correspondence that Brothier will require to leave Canadian soil at once, and if he returns he will be liable to arrest and sent back to the penitentiary to complete his sentence."

The National Life Before the Insurance Commission.

The National Life Assurance Company of Canada, after a searching investigation and examination before the royal commission on insurance, was found to be in first-class shape. It was discovered that no syndicates have ever existed, that all the securities of the company are high-class, viz., government, provincial, county, town and city debentures, bank stocks and the head office building. It was also shown that the surplus to policyholders in less than a year has risen from $13,000 to over $180,000, and the cash assets from $350,000 to almost $700,000.

It was also noted that the National Life is one of the very few companies who have the automatic non-forfeiture feature in their policies. This means that as long as there is any reserve value belonging to the policy it is used to keep the policy in force. The following comment was made by the chief actuary for the government: "A clean and well managed company." The counsel for the government publicly complimented the company on the clean way in which the business was conducted and upon the excellent showing made. The Toronto Daily News of Friday, May 25th, had in its head lines, "The National Life Comes Out of the Investigation Better Than Any of the Other Companies." The Toronto Daily Star of the same date said: "Counsel comments on the National Life's Excellent Showing." The many policyholders and shareholders residing in the province of British Columbia will no doubt be delighted to know that the National Life is doing so well, that it is conservatively and well managed and is making such solid and rapid progress. Mr. A. W. Currie, of Victoria, is manager for British Columbia.

LOCAL NEWS

—A special meeting of Victoria Union Lodge, No. 4, order of Ancient Aryans, will be held at Anthony Anderson's office, 76 Government street, this evening at 8.15 o'clock.

—Merchants who have arranged for space in the "Made In Victoria" exhibition are requested to get their displays into shape in time for the formal opening on Monday next.

—The Canadian Rubber Company, of Montreal, has found business on the Island so expanding that it has opened branch offices and supply depot in the building on Wharf street formerly occupied by the C. P. R.

—The executive committee of the Development and Tourist Association will meet in the city hall at 4 this afternoon when a report is expected from the committee on collections. A meeting of the reception committee will meet in the association's rooms tomorrow evening at 8.

—A bioscope entertainment is to be one of the attractions at the Gorge park during the coming months. The entertainment will last an hour and a half, and, it is expected, will go a long way in sustaining interest in one of the most popular resorts. The show will probably begin Saturday evening, June 16th.

—James A. Mitchell, of Rockland avenue, has disposed of his team of drivers, the purchaser being B. Rogers, of the B. C. Sugar Refinery, of Vancouver. The team has been greatly admired on the streets of the city since Mr Mitchell arrived from Winnipeg, and took up his residence here. The price realized is said to have been about $1,250.

—A quiet wedding was celebrated at St. Andrew's Presbyterian church yesterday afternoon, when Mr. Harold Grant, M. E., son of Captain William Grant, of this city, and Miss Maude Chambers, daughter of Mr. Walter Chambers, were joined in the holy bonds of matrimony by Rev. Leslie W. Clay. Only the immediate friends were present, but the principals in the event were the recipients of a large number of congratulations. Both bride and groom have a wide circle of friends in this city, who wish them every success in life. The honeymoon is being spent in cities of the Sound.

—The Princess Victoria sailed from Vancouver at 1 o'clock to-day, after connecting with the through train from the East.

—In the provincial police court this morning another chauffeur was obliged to pay a fine for exceeding the limit of speed set by statute. W. Ferris was the victim this time.

J. J. HILL IN OTTAWA.

(Special to the Times.)

Ottawa, June 4.—J. J. Hill addressed the Canadian Club to-day. He repeated much what was said at Winnipeg, and spoke of great benefits which would follow the building of the Gordon Bay road and what a fine heritage Canada had in the Northwest.

In an interview he said he had no interest in the Vancouver, Westminster & Yukon line.

FATAL FALL.

(Associated Press.)

Moose Jaw, Sask., June 5.—Jos. Kerr, while assisting in boring a well near Pasqua yesterday, fell to the bottom, 110 feet, and was killed.

ARCTIC SUPPLIES.

(Special to the Times.)

Ottawa, June 5.—Col. Gourdeau, Commander Spain and Col. Fred White were all examined to-day at the special committee in regard to the Arctic supplies. They all testified that the quality was good, and that the amount of provisions was reasonable for a trip of three years, for which the Arctic was provisioned. The doctor ordered the champagne on board and Commander Spain says he approved after the doctor had done so.

BRANCH LINES.

(Special to the Times.)

Ottawa, June 5.—At the railway committee to-day the Grand Trunk Pacific branch lines were discussed, but nothing definite done.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE—Team of draft horses. Apply James Freeman, Shawnigan Lake.

WANTED—Sewing girls. Apply at Mrs. Churton's, 62 Humboldt street, after 6 p. m., or at Weiler Bros.

WE HAVE AN OPENING for an ambitious man as collector and salesman; good chance for advancement. Apply Metropolitan Bldg., Room No. 6, 8 to 10 a. m.

LADY, just arrived from England, desires position as resident or non-resident governess; is experienced in teaching and management of children; kindergarten work, music, French and German, good sewer; highest testimonials from English ladies' schools and private families. Box 226, Times.

WANTED—Boys and girls, at B. C. Soap Works.

STUMP PULLING—By power, on large or small scale; size of stumps immaterial; work guaranteed; rates reasonable. House moving, etc. Apply Stumps, this office.

A DANCE will be held at Colwood Hall Thursday, June 7th. The tally-ho has been chartered, leaving Bray's at 8 o'clock. Admission to the hall, gentlemen, $1; ladies, free.

FOR SALE—1 carload of horses, well broke. Can be seen at the back of the B. C. Rice Mill, Douglas street.

THE MOST CONVENIENTLY SITUATED HOTEL IN VICTORIA.

Hotel St. Francis

C. N. JOHNSON, Proprietor.
Under Entirely New Management.

THE BUSINESS MAN'S CLUB

Table and Service Unsurpassed.
RATES, $1.50 PER DAY AND UP.
SPECIAL RATES TO FAMILIES AND LARGE PARTIES.
FREE BUS.

CARD OF THANKS.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Crawford and Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Luney desire to express grateful thanks to the many kind friends who showed sympathy in their recent bereavement.

Granite and Marble Works

Monuments, Tablets, Granite Copings, etc., at lowest prices consistent with first-class stock and workmanship.

A. STEWART.
COR. YATES AND BLANCHARD STREETS.

ROSLYN COAL

R. DAVERNE, SOLE AGENT.
Dealer in
WOOD AND BARK
OFFICE, 22 TROUNCE AVE. PHONE 97.
YARD PHONE, 266.

Everybody Smokes Old Chum.

DEPARTMENT OF MILITIA AND DEFENCE, OTTAWA.

Sealed tenders (in duplicate) for the supply of Coal and Fuel Wood required to heat the Military Buildings at Victoria, B. C., for the twelve months beginning 1st July, 1906, will be received up to Friday, 13th June next. Each tender is to be marked "Tender for Fuel," and addressed to the Secretary of the Militia Council, Ottawa.

Printed forms of tender containing full particulars may be obtained from the Secretary of the Militia Council, Ottawa, or at the Office of the District Officer Commanding, Victoria, who will furnish all information required.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque, payable to the order of the Honorable the Minister of Militia and Defence, for five per cent. of the amount of the tender, which will be forfeited if the party making the tender declines to sign a contract when called upon to do so. If the tender be not accepted the cheque will be returned.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

L. F. PINAULT, Colonel,
Deputy Minister of Militia and Defence.
Department of Militia and Defence,
Ottawa, May 18th, 1906.

The Corporation of the District of Saanich.

MUNICIPAL NOTICE

Election of School Trustees, 1906

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given to the Electors of the Municipality of the Corporation of the District of Saanich, that I require the presence of the said Electors at the SCHOOL HOUSE, ROYAL OAK, in the aforesaid Municipality, on Monday, the 11th day of June, 1906, from 12 noon to 2 p. m., for the purpose of electing five persons to represent them as members of the Board of School Trustees of Saanich Municipality School District.

The mode of nomination of candidates shall be as follows:

The candidates shall be nominated in writing; the writing shall be subscribed by two voters of the Municipality as proposer and seconder, and shall be delivered to the Returning Officer at any time between the date of this notice and 2 p. m. of the day of nomination, and in the event of a poll being necessary, such poll will be open on Thursday, the 14th day of June, 1906, in the said School House, from 8 a. m. to 4 p. m., of which every person is hereby required to take notice and govern himself accordingly.

Any person being a householder in the School District and being a British subject of the full age of 21 years, and otherwise qualified by the Public Schools Act of 1905 to vote at an election of School Trustees in the said School District, is eligible to serve as School Trustee.

Given under my hand at Royal Oak P. O., in the said Municipality, this 4th day of June, 1906.

PHILIP D. GOEPEL,
Returning Officer.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned as Hotel and Saloon Keepers at the Colonial Hotel, Johnson street, Victoria, B. C., has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. Mr. Samuel John Waldron will receive the debts due to and pay the liabilities of the said partnership.

Dated this first day of June, 1906.

SAML. J. WALDRON.
GEO. H. BRETT.

Witness: Arthur P. Judge.

For School Trustee

TO THE ELECTORS OF VICTORIA:

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—I beg to announce myself as a candidate for the office of School Trustee, and I respectfully solicit your support and influence.

P. J. RIDDELL

COAL

J. KINGHAM & CO.

Victoria Agents for the Nanaimo Collieries

NEW WELLINGTON COAL.

The best coal sold in the market at current rates. Anthracite coal for sale. Dealers in Cord and Cut Wood.

OFFICE 34 BROAD ST.
TELEPHONE 647.

Some Elegant Gift Things at Small Cost

¶ Don't allow a restricted expenditure deter you from coming here in search of that wedding present.

¶ The things that are priced in single figures are greatly in evidence, and rival the more costly bits in bids for preferment.

¶ You'll find something to fit your purse that will size up in every way to your most hopeful expectations, even if you desire to spend but a dollar or two.

¶ It doesn't cost any thing to look, remember.

WEILER BROS.

HOME, HOTEL AND CLUB FURNISHERS
VICTORIA, B. C.

W. 1187.

TRY

E. B. MARVIN & CO

74 Wharf Street, Victoria, B. C.

For Marine Hardware, Yacht and Launch Supplies, Manila, Hemp and Cotton Cordage. Local, Canadian and British White Lead and Paints.

Tar Pitch, Rosin and Oakum, Cotton Duck and Flax Canvas, Flags, Galvanized and Black Steel Wire Ropes

WE SELL

HARDWARE

NICHOLLES & RENOUF, Ld.

Cor. YATES & BROAD STREETS
'PHONE 82 396 VICTORIA

FATTEN YOUR HOGS

With Ground Grain at

$24 PER TON

Consisting of Barley, Corn and Wheat, thoroughly ground, which cannot fail to bring good returns. Try a sack.

SYLVESTER FEED COMPANY, 87-89 YATES STREET

ELECTRIC FANS

ARE

Cheaper Than Ice

Our new stock of the latest electric fan is on view and will be sold at

POPULAR PRICES

HINTON ELECTRIC CO. LD

29 GOVERNMENT ST., VICTORIA, B. C.

Fairfield Estate

Only a few lots left. Call for maps and particulars. Easy Terms.

B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited

40 Government Street

BRAY'S TALLY-HO COACH

Seeing Victoria along the famous Beach drive to Oak Bay, returning via Rockland avenue.

Daily trip, 1.30 p.m. Seats reserved at any hotel or by direct 'phone, 182

CHEESE FROM MANY CLIMES

FINEST MELROSE FALLS CHEESE, per lb. ..... 20c.
GENUINE IMPORTED SWISS, per lb. ..... 40c.
GENUINE IMPORTED LIMBURGER, each ..... 20c.
EDAM CHEESE (Dutch), each $1.00
ROQUEFORT CHEESE, per lb. ..... 50c.
CAMEMBERT CHEESE, each ..... 25c.
NEUFCHATEL CHEESE, 4 ..... 10c.
GERMAN BREAKFAST CHEESE, each ..... 5c.
IMPORTED MACARONI (to use with above), 2 pkts. for ..... 25c.

THE WEST END GROCERY COMPANY

SYDNEY J. HEALD, Manager.
'PHONE 88. 1 GOVERNMENT STREET. P. O. BOX 566.

Fresh Grass Butter

From Alberni Creamery

2 Pounds For 45 Cents.

TELEPHONE 312.

W. O. WALLACE

FAMILY GROCER, CORNER YATES AND DOUGLAS STREETS.

CORPORATION ADDRESS HAS BEEN ENGROSSED

Civic Resolution of Farewell to Imperial Troops a Splendid Specimen of Art.

The address from the Mayor and corporation of Victoria to Lieut.-Col. English and the Imperial troops on their departure from the city has been engrossed on parchment by Surveyor-General McKay. In the general scheme of decoration is embodied the emblems of all branches of the service represented in the late garrison, and altogether it is a splendid specimen of the illuminator's art.

At the top are displayed the shields giving the royal arms and those of British Columbia, flanked on either side by royal standards and surmounted by a crown.

The border to the right contains three medallions. First is the device of the Royal Artillery with the regimental motto, "Quo fas et gloria ducent." (Go where the fates and glory lead.) In the centre is the design used by the Army Service Corps, and the legend "Nil signa labore" (Nothing without labor.) At the bottom is a shield showing the bearings adopted by the Ordnance branch of the service. Connecting the two first medallions is a design of crossed cannons and ramrods, typical of the Artillery, while the latter two are joined by conventional roses, shamrocks, and thistles, emblematic of the cosmopolitan nature of the forces.

The left border also contains three medallions representing the Royal Engineers, the Medical and the Pay corps. The motto of the Engineers is the same as that of the Artillery, and the design shows the royal cypher surrounded by a band bearing the words, "Edward VII., Deo gratia, Rex." The brazen serpent of the Royal Army Medical Corps is in the centre, and at the bottom, balancing the Ordnance design, is the cypher of the Army Pay Corps, surrounded by a crown. An old design, the portcullis and Tudor rose connects the first named medallions, the bottom space being decorated with the Geneva cross as setting forth the work of the surgeons.

The bottom border has a design of crossed pen and sword, suggested by Lytton's well known phrase in the drama "Richelieu," "The pen is mightier than the sword." This beautifully illuminated address will eventually be deposited in the United Service Institution in London, together with the piece of silver plate presented by the citizens. The address is on exhibition in the window of Challoner & Mitchell's jewellery store, where it will remain for a few days.

SPORTING NEWS.

RUGBY FOOTBALL.

STUDIED ENGLISH RULES.

James Lanagan, of the Stanford University, after a visit to Vancouver for the purpose of studying the English rules, has gone back to California well pleased with the game as played on this side. He says that English Rugby will be introduced into Stanford University as a result of his visit, and he goes back to instruct the players of the college in the system.

BASEBALL.

DUNCANS DEFEATED.

The Hillside baseball team defeated the players at Duncans on Saturday afternoon, the score being 12 to 11. Mcillmoyle was in the box for the Hillsides, while Horne pitched for Duncans. The ground was in anything but good condition.

THE GUN.

BUSINESS MEETING.

There will be a meeting of the Victoria Gun Club this evening in Weiler Bros.' office. The meeting will commence at 8 o'clock. Business of importance is to come up and a full attendance is desired.

POOL.

CLARENCE TOURNAMENT.

The opening game in the bottle pool tournament was played last night between A. J. Benson (rec. 30) and J. Bell (rec. 40). The latter won by 25 points. Games will be on each evening this week.

YACHTING.

RACE TO BERMUDA.

A dispatch from Hamilton, Bermuda, says the sloop yacht Gauntlet, from New York, crossed the finish line yesterday at 4.20 p. m. in the 650-mile race started from New York under the auspices of the Brooklyn Yacht Club.

R. D. Floyd's 30-foot yawl Lika arrived at the finish line at 7.35 o'clock last evening, 28 hours and 7 minutes after the Tamerlane, and 2 hours and 4 minutes behind the Gauntlet.

The arrival of the Gauntlet at Bermuda [illegible] hours and [illegible] minutes ahead of the Tamerlane, which crossed the finish line at 3.28 p. m. Sunday, made the Tamerlane the winner of the Lipton cup. The Tamerlane allowed the Gauntlet sixteen hours and ten minutes.

"A COTTAGE AUCTION".

A modest poster on a barndoor proclaimed the event. Mine host stopped on progress to read its announcement. "Brass and copper kitchen utensils, fine carved oak chest," we read. "Umph! One can sometimes pick up a decent bit of stuff at these out-of-the-way auctions, where the ubiquitous dealer is not. Suppose we go over and have a look at what's to be found, eh?" A mile and a half's tramp brought us to the little white-washed village that straggled half-way up a precipitous hill, stopping as though to admire the fine expanse of country, hill, and sweeping woodland that rolled away to east and west.

Our goal was a cottage in the main street, a dwelling in the style of architecture of our childish slate-drawing, a door in the middle flanked by windows, with a row of three on the first floor. We climbed the high cobble-stoned bank, known locally as a "lynch," that protected it from the high road. A group of tidy village folk hesitated at the open door. They made way for us, and we passed into the small low-ceilinged front parlor, where a heterogeneous array of china, "cloam," as the country people term it, was displayed; the auctioneer's "man" sat at the round table, making up his lists, with an air of inaccessible officialdom that sent the housewives hovering in our wake upstairs to inspect undisturbed. There were some quaint bits of coarse blue and white ware amongst the odd pieces of glass, high-stemmed wine glasses, and portly grog tumblers. I noticed several dozen steel-pronged forks in black horn handles, with carvers to match.

Before the kitchen fire sat a blinking cat on the hearthrug of red and black tailor's pieces, mildly expostulating at the unusual. The place was as clean and orderly as a hospital ward. The rows of brass candlesticks, arranged size upon size, winked in polished rivalry from the high mantelshelf. The fine pierced brass cover of the old warming-pan had long since parted with its decorative patterings, under the sturdy hands of generations of housewifely owners. A copper skillet and "brandize" were indicated by my companion, who could give me no derivation for the local name for a hearth trivet. "Here's an oak rushlight box! Do you notice the shape of it. You'll always find such in old sculleries hereabout, sometimes with fine brasswork upon them. I secured a beauty last year for three shillings, black as my hat when I picked it up." We mounted the narrow stairs with a feeling that muddy boots desecrated their scrubbed boards.

The most prominent article of furniture in the small bedrooms was, in each case, the bed, with faded and spotless chintz hangings arranged on a curious tent-like arrangement that stretched from head to foot. The bedroom furniture was well made, of solid mahogany. I heard of the trade of cabinet-making that, half a century ago, was a tradition in the neighborhood, in days when a village supplied all its residents' needs, even to its chests of drawers and washstands. "Made fifty or sixty years ago, and good to stand for another fifty, I'll wager!" I agreed, passing my hand over the well-jointed surface of a table. There was a carved "Bible-box" bearing initials and a date of the early eighteenth century, and a substantial chest that hardly bore out the auctioneer's descriptions. The bedroom ware was unchipped, and in each case of blue and white Staffordshire make, of the old-fashioned Indian temple design.

The wallpapers, stridently hideous in their youth of fifty years ago, had faded to a reposeful background. I noticed that the design of one was identical in line with that I had chosen from a firm of modern repute only last week. There were sets of freshly-laundered toilet things arranged on the counterpane, foolish household toilet trifles, mats, pincushion covers, and such; probably the work of those austere women whose faded lineaments looked out from their tarnished gilt daguerrotype frames over the chest of drawers.

One had a sudden vision of these eventless, frugal, contented lives, lived out in frugal uprightness, of which these simple household plenishings were the fitting accompaniment and expression. One saw for an instant, as in a mirror, the steady procession of quiet days, each with certain duties, unquestioning, limited outlook, and sombre, undisturbed atmosphere.

There came the echo of many feet ascending the stairway, the sound of that inevitable performer at village functions, a protesting infant's cry.

"Come," said my friend, a hand on my arm, "let's get out of this. There's nothing really worth buying. It was a waste of time to bring you over, after all." [illegible]

I disagreed. And as we went back through the winter afternoon, with tracery of leafless bough against a clear sky, and a ploughing team, turning up the rich, red earth to richer redness yet across the upland, I took with me, awhile, the picture that the little cottage home had given me. I was glad, somehow, not to be the witness of its final dismantling.

WHEN YOU GROW OLD.

The body needs patching—wasted tissues must be rebuilt, played-out organs need a tonic, and the whole system nourishment. Elderly people need Ferrozone—need it because it vitalizes and rejuvenates as no other remedy can. Ferrozone builds up the kind of strength that makes one feel good—keeps back the decay of old age and makes you look young and handsome again. Forget nervous exhaustion, renew your vital energy, again re-enter the life of youth. Your remedy is Ferrozone, only fifty cents per box, at all dealers.

WE HAVE ADDED TO

Cowan's Cake ICINGS

A new one, Cocoanut Cream, which is most delicious. Ladies say they never tasted anything finer.

The Cowan Co., Ld., TORONTO

"IF I HAD MY LIFE TO LIVE OVER AGAIN"

The other day a group of gentlemen in New York gave a dinner to an old, an honored, and a successful merchant. The occasion was his seventy-fifth birthday. Ten years ago he retired, giving his great business over into the hands of younger men, feeling that he had means and honor and effect enough. Having been out of the battle for some ten years, the merchant wanted to meet his former associates, as well as the young men in his own business, and so at the guest table was a group of white-haired merchants, bankers, and manufacturers.

To an outsider these men looked like members of the Old Guard, who had come in after a fierce fight on the far-off frontier. Not one had come off unscathed; all brought scars with them. And so these merchant veterans, in their after-dinner speeches, fell into a reminiscent mood. The merchant and guest of the evening struck the keynote when he took for his toast, "If I had my life to live over again."

Would Take Care of Health.

When the honored merchant arose he said that for full ten years he had been out of the battle. He was like a horse that had lamed its leg and saw all the other horses go charging by; like a boat that had sprung a leak and was up on the beach for repairs when all the other ships set sail. For ten years, just at the time when his experience fitted him to have been most useful, through ill-health he had been laid aside. He said he had drunk an ocean of water—iron water, salt water, soda water, sulphur water, clean water, and dirty water. He had tried steam baths, hot air baths, mud baths, had been baked in dry ovens and toasted over electricity. One doctor told him he did not exercise enough, so he walked. One that he was not jolted enough, so he rode horseback; another that he was shaken too much, so he tried an automobile; a fourth that he needed companionship, so he took up golf. One winter he tried California, and the next France. One summer he went to Norway and the next to Canada.

He said he hated doctors, abhorred hotels, rebelled against travel, and that the sum of his experience was this: That success purchased by the loss of health was not worth while. He said if he had spent one-quarter the time in keeping the health God and his parents gave him that he had spent in trying to recover the health he had thrown away he might have had a happy old age.

Then the old merchant laid down the law to his young associates: Don't work any harder any day than you can recover by sleep at night. Eat simple foods, walk to your business, and walk home again. Exercise and sleep and take plenty of time for your recreation. With what time is left make as much money as you can, and be content with it. Don't overdraw your nervous capital. You ought to sleep as soundly and be as well when you are seventy as when you are thirty. And nothing else counts, excepting that every day you take care of your health."

The old merchant astounded his young associates, but before he was through they had wakened to their peril as one wakens to discover that he is making a vital blunder and marching towards a precipice.

Business Less for Making Money.

After the merchant came a manufacturer. He said that if he had his life to live over again he would use his great business and factory less to make money than to make men. Happiness, he said, was in building the institution rather than getting money out of it. Recalling his early business career, fifty years ago, he said he started out on the theory that his one aim must be to get dividends. He said employers then fed their workmen in at one end of the business, and ground out money at the other. The bond between the employer and the workman was the cash bond. But now that he was old and successful and ready to leave the stage, he wished he had stood in the relation to his employes of a college president to his students or of a father to his children.

The happiest recollection of his life, he said, was the memory of certain poor boys he had called "my boys," advised them, warned them, rebuked them, helped them, and finally he had the satisfaction of feeling that he had made certain men. "But," he said, "I see now that is what the whole business ought to have been. That factory which makes money and spoils the men who work in it is a failure. That factory which takes poor foreign help and makes men of them, even though its dividends be small, is successful." He said he wished that fifty years ago he had looked after the amusements of his employes, had put in a night school, and had given one evening a week to free legal advice and fatherly counsel to his young workmen. "Things look very differently to a man at seventy-five from what they do to a man at forty or fifty. What looked right at fifty now seems wrong to me. Make men out of your clerks first, then afterwards make money."

A Little Success and a Good Name.

Then a lawyer spoke who had been the old merchant's counselor and friend for many, many years. He told the young men the sum of his experience was that a little money with a good name was better than a billion with a blackened reputation. He told a most pathetic incident about seeing a certain man, formerly honored, at a great banquet in New York. The man is known as a millionaire; formerly he had been honored and surrounded by men who crowded close to have the honor of speaking to him. But now as he approached everyone turned to speak to his neighbor.

Diogenes with his lantern going about looking for an honest man was not more disappointed than this millionaire going about looking for a friendly face. He did not know how to estimate aright the value of a good name until he lost it; then he wakened up to his peril. How gladly would he have exchanged his money for universal honor and reverence! An old man can no more live midst the atmosphere of unfriendliness than a bird can live in a vacuum. And recent events lent interpretation to the old lawyer's reflection. That company needed no jurist to tell them a good name was better than great riches.

Make a Business of Preparing for Age.

Then other men, not less honored spoke, and all talked about what they would do if they had their lives to live over again. A rich banker said he would make it his business to get ready for old age. One man said he would make friends every day of books, keep up the intellectual life, the musical life, and the art life. Another man said he would not withdraw from politics and selfishly pursue his own business, but would interest himself in social reform, break with the political parties, stand for the best man, and give himself to patriotism and his country just as earnestly as he had prosecuted his great business.

But only one thought appeared in every toast, and that was the emphasis of right, clean and upright living. Not one of these successful men but said that his highest happiness had come through doing right, helping his fellows and obeying the law of God. One of them exclaimed: "I have learned that the only place in which to bring up a family is the Christian church and the Christian life." Perhaps the mood in which most old men want to die is the type of manhood and character that young men ought to live in.—Newell Dwight Hillis, in New York World.

A New System of Physical Culture.

Mr. Eustace Miles and the Bath Towel Theory.

For fifteen minutes a day spent in special exercises good health is promised by the author of the newest system of physical culture.

"Develop your feet and legs," says one authority. "Train your lungs," says another. "Strengthen the muscles of your trunk," says another. "Exercise all the muscles of your body," says another.

Now there comes this new teacher who asserts that the skin is the organ which needs most care, and devotes a great deal of his system, which is supposed to take only fifteen a minutes a day, to the culture of the skin by methodical rubbing.

In contrast to these physical systems, which do not mention the bath at all, or else recommend it before or after all the movements, Muller sets the bath in the middle of the room and the middle of the course.

Some exercises are to warm you up before the bath. Others are to warm you up after it.

It is very interesting to contrast Muller's with the most commonly known systems. One of these, says Muller, assumes that the order of importance for the training of the different parts of the body is: "(1) Muscles of the forearm; (2) upper part of the arm and shoulders; (3) some of the muscles of the legs and trunk; while (4) the lungs and skin receive hardly any direct attention."

Muller, while he advises people to "run on the balls of their feet," and while he—himself an all-round athlete (runner, [illegible]) [illegible] the value of games and athletics, says that the three chief aims of his system are to promote:

(1) The functions of the skin; (2) the action of the lungs; and (3) the digestion.

First, he says, come eight exercises, of gradually increasing difficulty, which should induce perspiration.

Then the bath, followed by thorough drying of the body.

Then ten "composite" rubbing exercises.

The rubbing, he says, is best done with the palms of the hands, and should be a simple stroking or friction to begin with; later on, as one's strength increases, it should be so vigorous that it becomes a sort of massage, if not for the internal muscles further from the surface, at any rate for the thousands of small muscles connected with the vessels of the skin, which . . . will become firm and elastic, yet smooth and soft as velvet, and free from pimples, blotches, spots, or other disfigurements."

Moreover, "after twelve of the exercises a pause of twelve seconds has been allowed for two very deep, or three fairly deep, easy respirations. And . . . there is a three-fold pause before the bath," so that the breathing and pulse-beat may become normal.

As to the arms, they are, he maintains, strengthened by all the rubbing exercises.

As to the legs, he thinks that "the best leg exercises cannot conveniently be carried out within doors." There I altogether differ from him. Indoors one can exercise the legs admirably, unless one is ignorant of the way to do it!

As to the organs, "no less than eleven of the exercises," he claims, act directly on the internal organs, and vigorously stimulate the muscles enclosing them, which are hardly ever called into use by everyday occupations.

He insists on one very vital point, neglected by almost all teachers of exercise.

"Beginners," he says, "must on no account hold their breath, but must inhale and exhale evenly, through the nose, all the time."

He holds that it is a matter of indifference whether one goes through the system in the morning, in the middle of the day (when changing one's clothes) or in the evening before going to bed."

A good suggestion is that, after the day's work; one should run or walk quickly home so as to get into a heavy perspiration, then take a bath at once, and go through the rubbing exercises, and dressing again for the meal.

Then he gives some instructions as to the effects of sunlight on the skin, the kind of underclothing to be worn, simple food to be eaten, and so forth. Here he is somewhat dogmatic.

At the end of the book he gives useful notes on the way to graduate the exercises, and letterpress and pictures regarding the use of the bath towel. One can begin (as the Swedish system does) with the hands on the hips, then put the hands behind the head; then, after still further practice, outstretch the arms and interlace the fingers.

[illegible] which is often the case with men who wear long-sleeved woollen vests, whereas women rarely feel the cold in their arms—they can be dried before the body, and after that, the fronts and sides of the legs. Then dry between the legs. Lastly, dry the feet, first one and then the other, and you should habituate yourself to doing [illegible] standing on one leg like a stork, w[illegible] a very good balancing ex[illegible] the feet are best dried by taking one end of the towel in each hand and pulling it towards you, with each hand alternately, and while you are drying in between all the toes—there is plenty of time for that—rest your heel upon your knee.

But it is the system itself ("My System" is the title of his book, which is published by the Anglo-Danish Publishing Company, in London) which will interest most people. So it will be best to give two sample exercises, namely:

1. An exercise to be taken before the bath; and

2. A rubbing exercises, to be taken after the bath.

This is how he describes them. The former, I think, might be improved in clearness:

"Plant your feet firmly, to preserve your balance, about eighteen inches apart (from centre to centre), with the toes slightly turned out in a natural position. With arms outstretched, fingers interlaced, and wrists sharply curved as before, lean the body over backwards and swing it with an even, rotatory motion towards the right, and round to the front—being careful to keep the spine straight when leaning forwards, and not to face a different way—then on round to the left and to the back again until the body is once more in the same position as when you started. You must not, however, stop, but go on swinging or revolving the body in wide circles, five times round the same way, the arms being held all the time close against the ears, a thing one is especially prone to forget while swinging forward. Then stop, and revolve the body in the opposite direction, that is, backwards to the left—then round to the front, towards the right, etc., completeing five circles."

The system will commend itself to certain people because it contains exercises difficult for them, and demanding some strain. But I do not think it at all likely that ordinary people will be pleased when they put the system into practice.

Instead of spending fifteen minutes over the course, they will be likely to spend more than half an hour over it when they start, and to find themselves tired owing to the vigorous use of untrained and [illegible] muscles.

But the book itself is worth reading, and the system—adapted to individual needs—is worth a trial. At least the writer, J. P. Muller, is an enthusiast, and from cover to cover the pages convince one that he genuinely believes every word he writes, and that every conclusion is based on personal experience and observation, and that the new point of view—that the skin is the first organ to be attended to—is at least worthy of consideration by us who neglect it so terribly in our daily life in cities.

EUSTACE MILES.

It is stated that the healthiest trade in the world is that of dye-making from coal tar. The average life of a [illegible] worker is eighty-six years.

Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway

TIME TABLE NO. 53. TAKING EFFECT SUNDAY, APRIL 29th, 1906.

Northbound. Leave.	Daily. A.M.	Southbound. Arrive. P.M.	Northbound. Leave.	Sat., Sun. & Wed. P.M.	Southbound Arrive. P.M.
Victoria	9.00	12.06	Victoria	4.00	7.35
		A.M.			
Shawnigan Lake	10.20	10.46	Shawnigan Lake	5.17	6.46
Duncans	11.00	10.02	Duncan	5.55	5.55
Chemainus	11.32	9.30	Chemainus	6.25	5.25
Ladysmith	11.52	9.10	Ladysmith	6.45	5.00
Nanaimo	12.35	8.20	Nanaimo	7.37	4.19
Ar. Wellington	12.53	Lv. 8.00	Ar. Wellington	7.52	Lv. 4.00

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An Enemy of The King

By Hegenbuch Wyman

CHAPTER VI.

How He Fled Southward.

When one is pursued one's best course is to pursue the pursuer. So, when M. Barbemouche and his troop of Guisards had gone some distance down the road I came forth from the shed and followed them afoot, keeping well to the roadside, ready to vanish should any of them turn back. It was evident that Barbemouche had little or no hope of catching me on the road. His plan was to surprise me at my chateau, or to lie there in wait for me. He had not shown any persistence in questioning the landlord. The latter (through laziness or sheer stupidity, or a fear of incurring blame for having sheltered a fugitive, had not given him any information that might lead him to suspect that the man he was seeking was so near. So I could follow, in comparative safety, into Anjou.

Their horses constantly increased the distance between the Guise man hunters and me, their desired prey. In a few hours they were out of sight. Thus they would arrive at La Tournoire long before I could. Not finding me there, they would probably put the servants under restraint and wait in ambush for me. Several days of such waiting, I said to myself, would exhaust their patience; thereupon they would give up the hope of my seeking refuge at La Tournoire and would report to their master. My best course, therefore, would be to take my time on the road, to be on the alert on coming near La Tournoire, and to lie in hiding until I should be assured of their departure. In order to consume as much time as I could, and to wear out the enemy's patience without putting my own to the test, I decided to go first to Angers, deliver Marguerite's letters to Monsieur and Bussy d'Amboise and then make for La Tournoire. Therefore, when, after a few days of walking I came to Le Mans, I did not turn southward toward La Tournoire, but followed the Sarthe southwestward to Angers.

On this journey I skirted Rambouillet Anneau, and the other towns in my way, and avoided large inns, for fear of coming up with the Guise party. I made my money serve, too, by purchasing cheaply the hospitality of farmers and woodmen. My youth had withstood well the experiences attending my escape from Paris, and enabled me to fare on the coarse food of the peasantry. There was plenty of healthy blood in my veins to keep me warm. Outside of my doublet my shoulders had no covering but the light mantle, of which I was now glad that I had been unable to rid myself in my swim down the Seine. People who saw me with my rumpled clothes and shapeless ruff and peasant's cap, probably took me for a younger son who had endured hard fortune.

Such was my condition when I reached Angers and presented myself at the gate of the chateau wherein the Duke of Anjou had taken residence. There were many soldiers in and about the town, and horsemen were arriving and departing. I might not easily have obtained audience of the Duke, had not Bussy d'Amboise ridden up at the head of a small troop of horse, while I was waiting at the gate. I called out his name and he recognized me, showing surprise at my appearance. I gave him his letter and he had me conducted to the Duke, who was striding up and down the hall of the chateau. His mind was evidently preoccupied, perhaps already with fears as to the outcome of his rebellious step, and he did not look at me when he took the letter. His face brightened, though, when he saw the inscription in Marguerite's handwriting, and he went, immediately, to a window to read the letter. Bussy d'Amboise, who had dismounted and come in with me, now beckoned me to follow him, and when we were outside he offered to supply me with a horse, money and arms, proposing that I enter the service of the Duke of Anjou. But I told him that I was bound for Gascony, and when he still offered me some equipment I protested that I would refurnish myself at my own chateau; so he let me go my way. I could see that he was in haste to break the seal of Marguerite's letter.

I had gone two leagues or more northward from Angers, and was about to turn eastward toward La Tournoire, when I saw a long and brilliant cortege approaching from the direction of Paris. Several men-at-arms, were at the head, then came a magnificent litter, then a number of mounted ladies and gentlemen, followed by a host of lackeys, a number of mules with baggage, and a rear body of soldiers. This procession was winding down the opposite hillside. The head of it was already crossing the bridge over a stream that coursed through the valley toward the Sarthe. Slowly it came along the yellow road, the soldiers and gentlemen holding themselves erect on their reined-in horses, the ladies chatting or laughing, and looking about the country, the wind stirring the plumes and trappings, the sunlight sparkling on the armor and halbreds of the guards, the sword-hilts of the gentlemen, the jewels and rich stuffs which shone in the attire of the ladies. There were velvet cloaks and gowns, satin and silk doublets, breeches and hose; there were cloth of gold and cloth of silver. Here and there the cavalcade passed clumps of trees that lined the road, and it was then like pictures you have seen in tapestry.

Concealment had lately become an instinctive act with me, and I now sought refuge in the midst of some evergreen bushes, at a little distance from the road, from which I could view the cavalcade as it passed. On it came, the riders throwing back their shoulders as they filled their lungs with the bracing country air. The day was a mild one for the time of year, and the curtains of the litter were open. Inside sat a number of ladies. With a start I recognized two of the faces. One was Mlle. d'Arency's; the other was the Queen-mother's. Mlle. d'Arency was narrating something, with a derisive smile, to Catherine, who listened with the slightest expression of amusement on her serene face.

Catherine was going to try to persuade her son, the Duke of Anjou, to give up his insurrectionary designs and return to the court of his brother. I guessed this much as I lay hidden in the bushes and heartily wished her failure. As for Mlle. d'Arency, I have no words for the bitterness of my thoughts regarding her. I grated my teeth together as I recalled how even circumstance itself had aided her. She could have had no assurance that in the combat planned by her I should kill De Noyard, or that he would not kill me, and yet what she had desired had occurred. When the troop had passed, I arose and started for La Tournoire. It seemed to me that a sufficient number of days had now passed to tire the patience of Barbemouche, and that I might now visit my chateau for the short time necessary.

Nevertheless it was with great caution that I approached the neighborhood in which all my life, until my departure for Paris, had been passed. At each bend of the road I stopped and listened before going on. When I entered a piece of woods, I searched with my eyes each side of the road ahead for a possible ambush. When I approached the top of a hill it was with my ears on the alert for the sound of horsemen or of human feet, and when I reached the crest I found some spot where, lying on my stomach or crouching behind underbrush, I could survey the lowland ahead. And so, meeting no indication of peril, treading familiar and beloved ground, I at last reached the hill top from which I would have my long expected view of La Tournoire. It was just sunset with beating heart I hastened forward, risking something in my eagerness to look again upon the home of my fathers. I gazed down, ready to feast my eyes on the dear old tower, the peaceful garden.

And I saw only a smouldering pile of ruins not one stone of my chateau left upon another, save a part of the stables, before which, heeding the desolation no more than crows are repelled by the sight of a dead body, sat M. Barbemouche and two of his men throwing dice. Only one tree was left in the garden, and from one of its limbs hung the body of a man, through which a sword was thrust. By the white hair of the head I knew the body was that of old Michael.

(To be continued.)

CONSUMPTION AND MARRIAGE.

Our Duty to the Future.

By C. W. Saleeby, M.D.

I have been asked to discuss an extremely difficult and important subject. Suppose there be a definite family history of consumption. What is the duty as regards marriage of the members of that family, assuming that they themselves, at the time when the question is raised, are, so far as they know, in good health? The duty referred to is obviously that towards posterity, and we shall not concern ourselves here with the question of duty in so far as it refers to the possible partner.

If the fact of our duty towards the future had been as clearly present in the minds of our forefathers as it is in ours, they would have returned an answer to this question, at once unqualified and distressing. For them consumption was an hereditary disease, probably of the nature of a premature degeneration of certain tissues, which conspicuously ran in families, and to which the children of a consumptive parent or consumptive parents, and also those persons possessed of a certain shape of chest—the phthisical chest—were almost inevitably foredoomed. If, then, the question of duty towards unborn children was to be entertained, plainly such persons should not marry. For the sake of the present argument, we may assume that there is no third possibility, though the fact of that third possibility may be of the utmost importance in this and in many other instances. Its nature has lately been defined by the Bishop of London for the benefit of all who might not be aware of it.

Immunity.

But now we know very precisely that there is one essential factor, at any rate, in the causation of consumption, which was unsuspected by our fathers, and that, as every reader is fully aware, is the tubercle bacillus. Whether or not there be any other essential factor, there is at least this; and, furthermore, there are on record only one or two instances—out of possibly hundreds of millions—of children being, at birth, already preyed upon by this bacillus. In the first place, then, whoever is to suffer from consumption must become infected with the bacillus.

In this, as in the case of every other infectious disease, however, there is a second factor. If the seed is to grow, it must fall upon suitable soil. The tubercle bacillus is practically omnipresent, in cities, at any rate. Everyone of us has frequently swallowed it in milk; we have all inhaled it times without number. The seed is everywhere sown, yet five out of six of us do not die of tuberculosis. There is thus raised the question of immunity and susceptibility. Why are some of us susceptible but some immune?

Now, in the case of a large number of diseases there can be no question that immunity and susceptibility are matters of inheritance, and, we may practically say, of nothing else. If you are one kind of sheep and are inoculated with anthrax bacilli, you will suffer; but if you are another kind of sheep you are immune. If you are one kind of man, you will take measles in your infancy, but will recover; if you are another, as for instance, a South Sea Islander, you will die; measles being as fatal to you as plague or cholera to us. Similarly with many more diseases, racial differences in this respect having been explained by Dr. Arundel Hall as the result of past experience of the disease which, by natural selection, has weeded out the susceptible stocks, and thus, in certain cases, has evolved races that are more or less completely immune.

Inherited Tendencies.

Now, in the case of tuberculosis, I am bound sorrowfully to admit that, in some measure, the same holds true, so far as great racial differences are concerned. The terrible experience of the Red Indians is sufficient proof of this. Nevertheless, this disease unquestionably differs greatly from most of the others that have been mentioned, and for this reason—that immunity or susceptibility are determined, to an exceptional degree, by the general state of the bodily health. That is why consumption is in general a disease of the lower classes in this country, the fewer victims of the upper classes paying the penalty for the indifference of their class to the misery beneath them. It is a difficult question to determine, but it is probable that whereas, if you are inoculated by the bacilli of plague you will certainly develop plague, yet, you may or may not suffer, the result being determined (as well as by the virulence of the particular bacilli in question) more by the state of your general health at the time than by any property inherited and inherent in your tissues. That is to say, so far as infection with the tubercle bacillus is concerned, you are better to be in thoroughly good health, breathing fresh air and living a sane life, though your parents died of consumption, than to have a clean bill so far as your family history is concerned, but to breathe dirty air and be in poor health. It is perhaps rash to make this statement, and I am certain that it cannot be regarded as established, but the evidence inclines us to the view that in determining one's degree of immunity to the tubercle bacillus, environment is of more importance than heredity; it is assuredly of greater relative importance than in the cases of most other diseases.

There is no question whatever that innumerable cases of supposed inheritance of tuberculosis have been wrongly interpreted, even since the establishment of the germ theory. Father and son alike suffer, but so also, only too often, do husband and wife, and the factor which explains the latter case must not be forgotten in the former. It is increased risk of infection. Tuberculosis is by no means a very infectious disease. But it has been clearly established that countless cases of the supposed hereditary transmission of the liability to tuberculosis are capable of the simpler explanation, as consequences of excessive exposure to infection.

A Limited Risk.

If I am asked in general terms my opinion regarding the marriage of the insane, then, following all who have studied the subject, I am bound to assert with the utmost emphasis that, except in certain classes of cases which can be distinguished, it is a wicked and abominable and brutal thing for such persons, and for many other defective or degenerate or diseased classes of humanity to have children. There is conspicuously one infectious disease, due to a microbe recently discovered, which renders the parenthood of its victims a crime of the very blackest; but for the reasons I have already advanced, it is impossible to return a similar answer in the case of tuberculosis.

In the first place, we have seen that the children of consumptive parents contain no tubercucle bacilli at birth. We have seen, on the other hand, that in all probability such children are more liable, other things being equal, to admit and entertain, this bacillus than children of non-consumptive parents. But, on the other hand, we have seen that, in the case of this disease, as in the case of certain others, the state of the general health is a factor of particular importance, and also that another explanation is possible in a very large number of cases of apparent transmission of susceptibility.

My opinion will, I think, be supported by the highest authorities when I say, professed advocate of Eugenics though I be, that the marriage of persons having a consumptive family history cannot be forthright condemned. Under proper conditions, such as those under which we should all live, these persons and their children run a risk of consumption which is probably not very much greater than that of their sane neighbors, and is much less than the risk run by the sort of people—still extant, I hear—who sleep with their bedroom windows shut.

But if some of us are to marry and some are not, I would rather, in general, that those who have such a bad family history remained in single blessedness. I say, in general, because, follower of science though I be, I am not quite such a fool as to forget that circumstances alter cases!—The London Chronicle.

NO BREAKFAST

is complete without the subtle charm that is found in Pure High Grade Coffee such as CHASE & SANBORN'S

SEAL BRAND

Sold by all good Grocers.

(IN 1 AND 2 LB. TINS ONLY.)

CHASE & SANBORN, MONTREAL.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &C.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.

Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive *special notice*, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York

Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

THE POWER

OF THE

EVENING PRESS

The high-grade, home, evening newspaper is a pertinent factor in the success of advertising, both foreign and local.

The influence of women in the home makes this possible, for they are the greatest buyers of the world's goods, and enjoy reading clean evening newspapers.

The "power" of the evening press must be reckoned with.

Aim to reach women in their homes, through these high-grade, home, evening newspapers and you will get good results.

Advertisers know this to be a fact.

OLD OFFENDER CAUGHT.

Impossible to escape being cured if you apply Putnam's Corn Extractor to the worst corn on record. Painless, safe and costs only a quarter in any drug store.

If you have anything for sale and are averse to having the public know of it the public is not apt to become inquisitive. Make your wants known through the Times want columns.

BC CUTS

ENGRAVING

BC CUTS

CATALOGUE WORK
BANK CHECKS
LABELS
LETTERHEADS
BUSINESS CARDS
COLOR WORK

OFFICE STATIONERY
BLOTTERS
CALENDARS
BUILDINGS
MACHINERY
FASHION PLATES

BRITISH COLUMBIA ENGRAVING CO. VICTORIA B.C.

CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS

RATES for insertion in THE TIMES: All Classifications except Births, Marriages and Deaths 1 cent per word per day; six insertions for the price of four; no advertisement taken for less than 25 cents.
TIME RATES ON APPLICATION.

WANTED—MALE HELP.
Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

SMART BOY WANTED. Apply Campbell's, 48 Government street.

STRAWBERRY PICKERS WANTED—By the Victoria Fruit Growers' Association. Apply to F. R. Stewart & Co., Victoria.

WANTED—Camp cook, at Cariboo Gold Mining Company, Bullion, B. C. Address J. B. Hobson, cor. Moss and Belcher streets, Victoria.

WANTED—Messenger boys. Apply C. P. R. Telegraph Co.

WANTED—Carpenters, at Lemon, Gonnason & Co.'s Capital Planing Mills.

WANTED—Boys, active boys, over 14 years; good wages. B. C. Messenger Service, No. 9 View.

WANTED—A man to sell in this field exclusively for one of the largest nurseries in the West; cash advanced weekly. Address Washington Nursery Company, Toppenish, Washington.

ANY INTELLIGENT PERSON may earn a good income corresponding for newspapers; no canvassing; experience unnecessary. Send for particulars. Northern Press Syndicate, Lockport, N. Y.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this announcement in the Times.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.
Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

WANTED—Girls for shirt factory. Apply J. Piercy & Co., wholesale dry goods, Yates street.

WANTED—A nurse, with some hospital experience, or a nurse that wants permanent place. Woman's Private Hospital, Seattle, Wash.

WANTED—A nurse's maid, salary $20 a month. Apply Matron, Jubilee Hospital.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this announcement in the Times.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.
Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

WANTED—To buy, second-hand bicycle, for cash. Apply Box 77, this office.

WANTED—To purchase, income paying property, value $2,000 to $5,000, on terms. Particulars to Income, Box 606, this office.

WANTED—Second-hand cooking stove, No. 8. Apply Box 212, this office.

FOR SALE—At The Ark, cor. Broad and Pandora: Express wagon, 2 seats, $25; 1 road cart, $12; 2 buggies, $16; host of furniture, lawn mowers, etc., at auction prices.

WANTED—Good prices will be paid for HOUSE RAGS of any kind, also old copper, brass, zinc, lead, cast iron, etc. Victoria Junk Agency, 30 Store street.

WANTED—Old coats and vests, pants, boots and shoes, trunks, valises, shotguns, revolvers, overcoats, etc.; highest cash prices paid. Will call at any address. Jacob Aaronson's new and second-hand store, 64 Johnson street, two doors below Government street.

WANTED—All kinds of bicycle repair work; all work guaranteed. J. T. Brader, 78 Douglas street. Estimates given on all plumbing and heating work.

WANTED—To buy for cash second-hand organ or melodeon. Apply by letter M. C. S., Room 8, Elsmere House, Pandora street.

SUNLIGHT SOAP COUPONS WANTED—Toilet soaps given in exchange for these coupons by C. R. King & Son, 15 Wharf street, Victoria.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this announcement in the Times.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.
Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

PUPS FOR SALE—First-class English setter pups, 7 weeks old, cheap. W. E. Pitchburn, 22 Michigan street, city.

FOR SALE—English leather valise, $6; navy boots, $1.45; gold watch, Geneva lever, $20; double breasted suits, $4.50; square top trunk, $1; white vests, 50c; full dress suit, almost new, $12. Jacob Aaronson's new and second-hand store, 64 Johnson street, two doors below Government street.

FOR SALE—Cheap, a well furnished five room cottage, nearly new, h. and c. water, electric light, large pantry, full size lot; price $1,300. P. O. Box 377.

FOR SALE—Five roomed house, cor. Cook and South Gate street. Inquire on premises.

FOR SALE—One black horse, five years old, sixteen hands high, very gentle; one bay horse, six years; one sorrel horse, six years; well broke; also buggies, carts and wagons, and harness. Apply I. J. J. Fisher, Carriage Shop, Store street.

FOR SALE—10,000 ft. wire cable, 2c. ft.; household effects of every kind, at auction prices; largest stock on the Coast. Big Church, cor. Broad and Pandora streets. Phone A942.

ENGINE FOR SALE—10 horse power. Can be seen in operation at the Times Building, 36 Broad street, running Times machinery.

FOR SALE—If you want a Chatham incubator or brooder, fanning mill or farm scale, send your name and address to Box 194, Victoria. Your own time to pay for them. We pay freight.

FOR SALE—Cheap, flags for decorating, fire extinguishers, furniture and stoves. Old Curiosity Shop, cor. Fort and Blanchard streets.

FOR SALE—Naptha launch Blanche, of the following dimensions: Length, 25 ft., beam, 6 ft. 2 in.; depth, 2 ft. 6 in.; in first-class condition. For particulars apply to E. B. Marvin & Co., 14 Wharf street.

WOOD AND COAL—At current prices. Johnston's Transfer & Fuel Co., 156 Douglas street. Tel. 606.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this announcement in the Times.

HOUSES AND LOTS FOR SALE.
Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

$50 WILL BUY A NICE COTTAGE, full sized lot, good garden, chicken house and good run for chickens or cow. R. Hollis, Lansdowne road, city.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this announcement in the Times.

TENDERS WANTED.
Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

TENDERS WANTED—For trenching for gas mains. For particulars apply at the office of the Victoria Gas Co., Ltd., 35 Yates street.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this announcement in the Times.

There is no apology necessary for any of the ads. in the want columns of the Times. Each one of them represents a genuine want, and under no circumstances is any fake advertising permitted in the Times. This guarantees the accuracy of the ads. and inspires the confidence of the reader. There are no fake ads. printed just to fill up space. Each one is genuine and paid for by the advertiser.

THE MAN of a hundred years ago had to work ten times as hard as the man of to-day for his dollars. The man of to-day is advertising his wants in THE TIMES and the dollars come to him. That's the difference. Try it.

You need not beome disconsolate. There is plenty of work for everyone. But don't sit on a fence, like Micawber, waiting for something to turn up. You will have to turn it up yourself, and the best way to do it is with the aid of the Times' want columns. Merit is always rewarded, and if you really want employment the Times is always willing and able to assist you in securing it.

LOST AND FOUND.
Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

TAKEN from General Post Office, silk umbrella. Please leave same at White's Drug Store.

LOST—On Sunday evening, old-fashioned gold brooch. Finder please return to this office.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this announcement in the Times.

TO LET.
Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

TO LET—Large front room, suitable for two, with or without board. 125 Quadra street.

SMALL, well furnished cottage. Apply 32 Quadra street.

TO RENT—Suite of offices on first floor in Bank of Montreal building. Occupation May 1st. Apply Bank of Montreal.

TO LET—Housekeeping rooms, large, warm and sunny, in the Douglas House, Elliott street, one block from C. P. R. wharf and half block from Parliament Buildings.

TO LET—Well furnished house, modern in every respect, on car line. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Government street.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this announcement in the Times.

CLIMB AS HIGH as you can. Find your opportunity in the want ad columns of the Times.

LODGES.

VICTORIA LODGE, No. 1, A. O. U. W., meets every second and fourth Wednesday in month at A. O. U. W. Hall. Members of Order visiting the city cordially invited to attend. R. Noble, M.W.

COURT CARIBOO, No. 742, I. O. F., meets in K. of P. Hall, corner Pandora and Douglas streets, on the 2nd Tuesday and 4th Monday of every month, at 8 p. m. For information inquire of C. B. Deaville, Fin. Secy., at Melrose Co.'s, Fort street.

COURT VANCOUVER, 5755, A. O. F., meets first and third Mondays in K. of P. Hall, cor. Douglas and Pandora streets. S. Wilson, Secy., Michigan street, James Bay. Visiting brothers cordially invited.

NATIVE SONS—Post No. 1, meets K. of P. Hall, last Tues. of each month. A. E. Haynes, Secy., Bk. of Commerce Bldg.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the first sitting of the Annual Court of Revision of the Municipality of the City of Victoria will be held in the Council Chamber, City Hall, on Thursday, the 21st day of June, 1906, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of hearing complaints against the assessment as made by the Assessor, and for revising and correcting the Assessment Roll.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.
Victoria, B.C., May 15th, 1906.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the second annual general meeting of the shareholders of The Pacific Northern & Omineca Railway Company will be held at the office of Bodwell & Lawson, No. 24½ Government street, Victoria, B. C., on Monday, the 18th day of June, 1906, at the hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon.

Dated this 16th day of May, A. D., 1906.

HENRY PHILIPS,
Secretary.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the "Trustees and Executors Act," that all persons having any claims against the estate of John Haning Coulthard, late of Victoria, B. C., who died on 7th February, 1906, and whose will has been proved in the Supreme Court of British Columbia by Elizabeth Mary Coulthard and Frederick [illegible] the executors therein named), are hereby required to send the particulars of such claims, duly verified, to the undersigned, Solicitors for the executors, on or before the 31st August, 1906, after which date the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have had notice.

Dated this 31st May, 1906.

CREASE & CREASE,
Victoria, B. C.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria, at its next sittings, for a transfer from myself to J. Nisbitt Johnson of the license to sell spirituous and fermented liquors for lot 155, Victoria City, on the premises known as the Oriental Hotel, situate on the corner of Yates Street and Oriental Alley, Victoria, B. C.

Dated this 11th day of May, 1906.

MARGARET M. M'KEON.

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST HOMESTEAD REGULATIONS.

Any even numbered section of Dominion Lands in Manitoba or the Northwest Provinces, excepting 8 and 26, not reserved, may be homesteaded upon by any person who is the sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years of age, to the extent of one-quarter section, of 160 acres, more or less.

Entry may be made personally at the local land office for the district in which the land to be taken is situated.

HOMESTEAD DUTIES: A settler who has been granted an entry for a homestead is required to perform the conditions connected therewith under one of the following plans:

(1) At least six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each year during the term of three years.

(2) If the father (or mother, if the father is deceased) of any person who is eligible to make a homestead entry under the provisions of this Act, resides upon a farm in the vicinity of the land entered for by such person as a homestead, the requirements of this Act as to residence prior to obtaining patent may be satisfied by such person residing with the father or mother.

(3) If the settler has his permanent residence upon farming land owned by him in the vicinity of his homestead, the requirements of this Act as to residence may be satisfied by residence upon the said land.

APPLICATION FOR PATENT should be made at the end of three years, before the Local Agent, Sub-Agent or the Homestead Inspector.

Before making application for patent the settler must give six months' notice in writing to the Commissioner of Dominion Lands at Ottawa, of his intention to do so.

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST MINING REGULATIONS.

Coal.—Coal lands may be purchased at $10 per acre for soft coal and $20 for anthracite. Not more than 320 acres can be acquired by one individual or company. Royalty at the rate of ten cents per ton of 2,000 pounds shall be collected on the gross output.

Quartz.—A free miner's certificate is granted upon payment in advance of $5 per annum for an individual, and from $50 to $100 per annum for a company according to capital.

A free miner, having discovered mineral in place, may locate a claim 1,500x1,500 feet.

The fee for recording a claim is $5.

At least $100 must be expended on the claim each year or paid to the mining recorder in lieu thereof. When $500 has been expended or paid, the locator may, upon having a survey made, and upon complying with other requirements, purchase the land at $1 an acre.

The patent provides for the payment of a royalty of 2½ per cent on the sales.

PLACER mining claims generally are 100 feet square; entry fee $5, renewable yearly.

A free miner may obtain two leases to dredge for gold of five miles each (or a term of twenty years, renewable at the discretion of the Minister of the Interior.

The lessee shall have a dredge in operation within one season from the date of the lease for each five miles. Rental, $10 per annum for each mile of river leased. Royalty at the rate of 2½ per cent, collected on the output after it exceeds $10,000.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.
N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

ESTATE OF ANNE GODDING.

Late of 14 Rupert Street, Victoria, B. C.

Take notice that probate of the will of Anne Godding was granted by the Supreme Court of British Columbia, on this 25th of May, 1906, to me, the sole executor. All persons having claims against this estate are hereby notified to send written particulars thereof duly verified, to me before the 25th day of June, 1906, as after that date I shall proceed to distribute and administer the estate, having reference only to the claims of which I shall have received notice.

Dated 25th May, 1906.

THOMAS COMPTON JONES,
Boat Builder,
[illegible]

RE KENNETH M'KENZIE, DECEASED

Notice is hereby given that all persons having any claims against the estate of Kenneth McKenzie, late of Lake District, B. C., who died on 20th May, 1906, are required to send particulars of their claims to the undersigned, Solicitors for Robert G. McKenzie, the administrator, on or before the 21st August, 1906, after which date the administrator will distribute the assets of the deceased, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have had notice.

Dated 31st May, 1906.

CREASE & CREASE,
Victoria, B. C.

IF YOU HAVE anything for sale and are averse to having the public know of it, the public is not apt to become inquisitive. Make your wants known through the Times want columns.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

ART STUDIO.

MISS MILLS, Art Mistress, R. C. A., London. Lessons in drawing, painting and design. Studio, 8 Canadian Bank of Commerce, Government street.

BUILDER & GENERAL CONTRACTOR.

THOMAS CATTERALL—16 Broad street. Building in all its branches; wharf work and general jobbing. Tel. 820.

BICYCLES.

IN BUYING A BICYCLE, get the very latest improvements. Harris & Moore, Broad street, are in a position to show some sterling value in English wheels. They have also new arrivals of their standard, well-tried American wheels. Phone 1969.

BOOT AND SHOE REPAIRING.

NO MATTER where you bought your shoes, bring them here to be repaired. Hibbs, 3 Oriental Ave., opposite Grand Theatre.

BUILDER & GENERAL CONTRACTOR.

M'CARTER & DRYSDALE, builders and contractors. Houses built on instalment plan. 61 First street. Phone A987.

T. LEWIS, 88 Fort street, carpenter. Jobs at your home, office or store skilfully and promptly executed. Phone B241.

CHAS. A. M'GREGOR, 85 Yates street. Jobbing trade a specialty. Twenty years' experience. Orders promptly filled.

COFFEE AND SPICES.

VICTORIA COFFEE AND SPICE MILLS—Office and mills, 148 Government St. A. J. Morley, proprietor.

CHIMNEY SWEEPING.

CHIMNEYS CLEANED—Defective flues fixed, etc. Wm. Neal, 32 Quadra street. Phone 1019.

LLOYD & CO.—Sweepers to H. M. Naval Yard, Jubilee Hospital, Dominion, Vernon and other first-class hotels. Orders taken at Gower & Wrigglesworth's, 119 Douglas street. Phone 910. Prices sensible.

CHINESE GOODS.

CANTON BAZAAR, 106 Government St. Just arrived from China, exquisite embroidered and drawnwork table covers and doilies; also linen and silk embroidered goods, Chinese fire crackers, etc.

CUSTOMS BROKER.

J. LEEMING, Customs Broker and Forwarding Agent, 1 Fort street. Tel. 148; residence, 1135.

DISPENSING CHEMISTS.

FOR DENTAL SUPPLIES go to Fawcett's. Gold plate, clasp plate, foil, solders, cylinders, ropes and Success alloy. Phone 639.

DENTISTS.

DR. LEWIS HALL, Dental Surgeon, Jewell Block, cor. Yates and Douglas streets, Victoria, B. C. Telephone—Office, 537; Residence, 122.

DYEING AND CLEANING.

VICTORIA DYE WORKS, 116 Yates street. Dyeing and cleaning, modern plant; satisfaction guaranteed. Tel. 711.

B. C. STEAM DYEWORKS—Largest dyeing and cleaning establishment in the province. Country orders solicited. Phone 200. Hearns & Renfrew.

ENGRAVING.

GEORGE CROWTHER, engraver and stencil cutter, 12 Wharf street, opposite Post Office.

BOARDS OF TRADE, Tourist Associations, etc., should consult us when preparing guide books, advertising literature, and all kinds of illustrated folders. We group photos artistically and guarantee best results. B. C. Photo-Engraving Co., 28 Broad street.

EDUCATIONAL.

IF YOU WANT thorough instruction in shorthand, typewriting, bookkeeping, take a course at The Shorthand School, 15 Broad street, Victoria, B. C. E. A. Macmillan, principal.

FANCY GOODS.

YOKOHAMA BAZAAR, 132 Government street. Japanese fancy goods just arrived.

ORIENTAL BAZAAR, 30 Douglas street, now re-opened. Immense selection of Japanese fancy goods; many new things. A. Wanlbe.

BEST JAPANESE PORCELAIN and fancy goods at Kawai Bros. Co., 48 Douglas street.

FURRIER.

FRED. FOSTER, taxidermist and furrier, 42½ Johnson street.

INSURANCE.

CANADIAN CASUALTY AND BOILER INSURANCE CO. insures against all accidents and sickness. No restrictions. C. S. Baxter, Dist. Agent, 53 Wharf St.

HARDY PLANTS.

ARE YOU ACQUAINTED with the Iris family? We can introduce you to the Oriental, Siberian, Japanese, German, Spanish and English types. They possess a charm all their own. Flewin's Gardens, 36 South Park street.

LATE CABBAGE PLANTS, 25c. per 100, $2 per 1,000; cauliflower plants, 20c. per 100, $2.50 per 1,000; greenhouse and bedding plants, at reasonable prices. P. O. card will find us. G. A. Knight, Mount Tolmie P. O.

LADIES' TAILORS.

JACK LEE, ladies' tailor, manufacturer of ladies' silk underwear. Wrappers and waists made to order and repaired. 80 Blanchard street.

LIME, ETC.

RAYMOND & SONS, Dealers in Lime, Plaster Paris, Brick, Fire Brick and Vancouver Island Cement. 3 Pandora street, Victoria, B. C.

LAUNDRY.

VICTORIA STEAM LAUNDRY, 152 Yates street. Telephone 172. Satisfaction guaranteed. Our wagons call everywhere.

LEGAL.

SMITH & JOHNSTON—Barristers, Solicitors, etc. Parliamentary and Departmental Agents, Agents before the Railway and other Commissions and in the Supreme and Exchequer Courts, Ottawa. Alexander Smith, W. Johnston, Pemberton Bldg., Victoria.

MONEY TO LOAN.

$5,000 TO LOAN—On city real estate, first mortgage. Apply "Money," P. O. Box 422.

MONEY TO LOAN on all kinds of approved security. Unredeemed pledges for sale, cheap, at 43 Johnson street.

MACHINISTS.

L. HAFER, General Machinist, No. 150 Government street. Tel. 730.

MERCHANT TAILORS.

FOR A NEW, UP-TO-DATE SUIT, in up-to-date goods, go to the reliable tailor and cutter, J. Sorensen, 32 Government street. You will find a new stock of fine woollens, and prices 15 to $10 lower than others. Remember 32 Government street, over the Western Union Telegraph Office.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

HICKS & LOVICK, PIANO CO.—Agents for "Mason & Risch" pianos, the Pianola piano, the Orchestrelle. 125 Hastings street, Vancouver, B. C. Phone 1241.

MUSIC.

VICTORIA COLLEGE OF MUSIC, 248 Cook street. Principal, Mr. A. Longfield, F. V. C. M. Lessons in piano, violin, organ, etc. Terms on application.

MONUMENTS.

GRANITE AND MARBLE WORKS—Estimate given for monuments, etc. J. E. Phillips, 74 and 76 View street. Tel. B1596.

PATENTS.

PATENTS—Egerton R. Case, Temple Building, Toronto. R. L. Drury, Esq., M. P. P., reference.

PAPERHANGING.

WALLPAPERS—New designs. Wallpaper department well stocked. Joe. Sears, 21, 36 Yates street.

PLUMBING.

C. M. COOKSON, plumbing and gasfitting; jobbing promptly attended to. Agent for Hydro Carbon Light, also Best Light; all kinds of gasoline lamps and fittings. Gasoline at lowest price in special auto cans. 97 Johnson street. Tel. 614.

POTTERY WARE.

SEWER PIPE, FIELD TILE, GROUND FIRE CLAY, FLOWER POTS, ETC. B. C. POTTERY CO., LIMITED, CORNER BROAD AND PANDORA STS., VICTORIA.

RESTAURANTS.

LADIES SHOPPING SHOULD NOTE that a dainty afternoon tea, also ice cream, is served at the Grand Cafe, 77 Fort street, after 2 p. m. Dinners, 25c.

SADDLERS.

HORSEOWNERS, ATTENTION!—For new goods, highest quality and lowest prices, call at A. H. Sheppard's, 98 Douglas, Porter Block.

TRUCK & DRAY.

TRUCKING—Quick service, reasonable charges. Walsh Bros., Tel. No. 1. Baker's Feed Store, 30 Yates street.

WATCH REPAIRING.

A. PETCH, 39 Douglas street. Specialty of English watch repairing. All kinds of clocks and watches repaired.

FOR SALE

The Following Desirable Property:
4 lots, Phoenix St., Victoria West, 1 minute from Craigflower tram line. (Purchaser can have single lot if desired.)
2 lots, James Bay, fronting on Superior, Kingston and St. Lawrence Sts., first-class building site.
1½ acres, Viewfield Farm, off Esquimalt road, beautiful site for a dwelling.
160 acres, Metchosin, very cheap.
100 acres, Shawnigan District, about ½ mile from Shawnigan Lake, would make capital fruit ranch. Easy terms, balance at 6 per cent. interest.
FLINT & CO.,
Real Estate Brokers, 15 Trounce Ave.

JUST ARRIVED

A large shipment of Chinese Pongee Silks, best qualities and Japanese Habutai Crepe, of all colors and prices, for sale by piece or by yard, or in any quantity required, at lowest prices.

WAH YUN & CO.,
73 and 50 Cormorant Street, Next the Fire Department. Telephone 124.

MARINE IRON WORKS

PEMBROKE ST., VICTORIA, B. C.
ANDREW GRAY, Prop.

STOCK—We buy first hand for cash. MACHINERY—Modern and labor saving. All branches executed in our own works by SKILLED MECHANICS. PRICES—Cost of materials and labor, with a moderate percentage added.
TEST THE ABOVE STATEMENTS.
Works Tel. 632. Res. Tel. 108.

NOTICE.

"EMPRESS HOTEL" LICENSE.

Notice is hereby given that the application, a copy whereof is hereunder set forth, has been filed with the Clerk of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria, B. C., and that the said application will be brought on for hearing before the said Board of Licensing Commissioners at the sitting thereof to be held on Wednesday, the 13th June, 1906, at 3 o'clock in the forenoon.

Victoria, B. C., 28th April, 1906.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY,
By R. MARPOLE,
General Superintendent Pacific Division.

"To the Honorable the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria, B. C.:

"The Canadian Pacific Railway Company hereby applies to the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria for a license to sell wines, spirits, beer or other fermented or intoxicating liquor in the building known as the 'Empress Hotel,' erected by the said Company on the block of land bounded on the south by Belleville street, on the east by Douglas street, on the north by Humboldt street, and on the west by Government street, in the City of Victoria aforesaid, which said building is intended for an hotel, containing more than one hundred rooms and used and to be used and kept continually in use for hotel purposes.

"Dated this 26th day of April, A. D., 1906.

"CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY,
"By R. MARPOLE,
"General Superintendent Pacific Division."

REAL ESTATE DIRECTORY.

PEMBERTON & SON
45 FORT STREET.

FOR SALE.

FORT STREET—Very nice 6 roomed cottage, with good grounds and full sized lot, very close to town, $3,750.

NIAGARA STREET—New bungalow, on car line, near Beacon Hill park, $2,700; terms.

BEACON STREET—Good two story house and two lots, well fitted and very desirable, $3,675.

SIMCOE STREET—Large 13n roomed house and lot 60x230, usual conveniences, easy terms, $3,500.

NIAGARA STREET—Five roomed cottage, hot and cold water, etc., lot 50x135, $1,800.

SEVERAL GOOD HOUSES TO LET—See our list.

J. STUART YATES
22 Bastion Street, Victoria.

FOR SALE.

VALUABLE water front lots, at foot of Yates street, with large wharf and two warehouses.

LARGE WAREHOUSE PREMISES, on Yates street.

FRUIT LAND—In any quantity, just outside city of Victoria.

FINE RESIDENTIAL SITES—Fronting on Gorge and Burnside roads, from $600 to $900 per acre, according to location.

LAND fronting on Sooke Harbor.

BUILDING LOTS—In Esquimalt town.

TWENTY-FIVE ACRES—In Esquimalt District, facing Royal Roads.

For particulars apply to
J. STUART YATES,
22 Bastion Street, Victoria.

P. R. BROWN CO., Ld.
30 Broad Street, Victoria, B. C.
Real Estate, Financial and Insurance Agents.

Call for a List of Our One Hundred and Fifty Dwellings for Sale.

FOR SALE—Old Esquimalt road, beautiful cottage, with all modern conveniences; price $2,650, on the following terms, $650 cash, and the balance at 4 per cent. (872.)

FOR SALE—Superior street, 7 roomed cottage, with frontage on Provincial Square, all modern conveniences, $2,100, terms. (857.)

FOR SALE—2½ acres on Mount Tolmie road, this is choice and cheap, it is covered with large and small oak trees, and would make a handsome site for a gentleman's residence. (2562.)

FOR SALE—James Bay, on the car line and within five minutes' walk of the park, a cottage of 7 rooms, and all modern conveniences, basement cemented, also heater, $2,150. (851.)

FOR SALE — Stern wheel steamer "Strathcona," fully equipped and furnished; built for the Northern trade; 145 feet long, 30 feet beam, tonnage 126, draws three feet when loaded, speed 11 knots, carries 250 passengers, electric lights and searchlight, engines of the best, hull in good condition; a bargain.

FOR SALE—New bungalow, just completed, on Yates street and near the Central school, this contains 7 rooms and all modern conveniences. This is cheap and on very easy terms. (932.)

FOR SALE—$340 cash and $10 per month will purchase a 6 roomed modern dwelling, on the car line; no interest. (804.)

FOR SALE OR TO LEASE—Pemberton road, 2 story modern dwelling, containing 2 parlors, dining room, den, kitchen, four bedrooms, bath and usual offices. (787.)

FOR SALE—Dallas road, 8 roomed modern dwelling, in first-class condition, including electric light and sewer, 3 large lots in fruit trees, greenhouse and stable, $4,000. (771.)

FOR SALE—45 acres on the Kokoolah river, one acre cultivated, 5 acres slashed, all good soil, small dwelling and barn, $400. (2831.)

FOR SALE—Salt Spring Island, farm of 150 acres, 7 acres cultivated, $1,000. (733.)

FOR SALE—Oak Bay avenue, handsome modern dwelling and two lots, this is one of the prettiest bungalows on the avenue. (692.)

FOR SALE—3½ acres and cottage of 6 rooms, ½ acre of fruit, excellent soil, stable for five head of live stock, five minutes' walk from tram line. (3122.)

FOR SALE—2 city lots and new modern bungalow in the fashionable part of town; this is for sale at 30 per cent. below cost, and can be had on easy terms. (654.)

FOR SALE—Stanley avenue, new modern bungalow and full size lot; this is for sale on easy terms and at a moderate price. (591.)

FOR SALE—The only choice acres on the Arm and water front.

FOR SALE—Two acres of choice land at Shoal Bay. (2218.)

FOR SALE—½ acre on Oak Bay avenue, cheap. (2364.)

FOR SALE—Somenos District, 160 acres, 100 acres of good bottom land, 1½ acres of orchard; this is a bargain and worth looking into. (2501.)

FOR SALE—In centre of the city, large modern dwelling and three city lots, having a frontage on two principal streets, well adapted for large boarding house, school or hospital; this cost the owner $19,500, and is for sale at $10,500. (632.)

FOR SALE—Lots in all parts of the city. [illegible] street, two lots for $475. (2246.)

FOR SALE—Two lots on Kingston street, having a water frontage; these are for sale for $3,150, and in a few years' time will be worth double the money. (2248.)

FOR SALE—Two acres, all under cultivation, within a block of the Gorge tram line; these are beautifully situated and [illegible] (2276.)

FOR SALE—Toronto street, one lot 60x[illegible] feet, with a new [illegible] and water laid on the premises. (2201.)

FOR SALE—5 acres at Gordon Head, 400 fruit trees, 2,000 raspberry plants, 14,000 strawberry plants, new cottage of 3 rooms, barn, woodshed, 2 small hen houses. This is for sale at $2,000.

BEFORE BUYING, it would be well for you to investigate our list.

MONEY TO LOAN. FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN.

ESTATES MANAGED. STORES AND DWELLINGS TO LET.

CALL OR WRITE for a list of our property for sale, either farms or residential, as we have the largest list in town.

P. R. BROWN, LTD.,
30 Broad Street.
Phone 1016. P. O. Box 423.

BEAUMONT BOGGS
Real Estate and Insurance Agent, 42 Fort St.
Established 1890.

BUNGALOW—4 acres, 7 room new dwelling, very choice locality; price $5,000.

OAKLANDS—Nearly 3 acres, 6 room dwelling; price $2,250.

CEDAR HILL CROSS ROAD—5 acres, all cultivated, 50 fruit trees, cottage, horse, cow, wagons and implements; owner leaving city.

NURSERYMAN—160 acres fine land, 1 mile from station, 40 acres improved, 4 acres orchard, large glass house and nursery, 6 room house, barns, stock, implements. As a going concern, can be secured cheap.

CORDOVA BAY—Beautiful home, with fine beach frontage, 89 acres land; a bargain.

BRIGHTON BEACH (Foul Bay)—19 acres, sub-divided; price $10,000.

COWICHAN STATION—64 acres, with cottage, 16 acres cultivated, 20 acres pasture; also flock 50 sheep; price $2,250.

COTTAGE AND TWO LOTS—Fronting sea, close to tram, price $2,150.

COWICHAN VALLEY—160 acre farm, over 50 acres cultivated and pasture, 7 room house, barn, etc., 2 horses, 6 cows, 1 bull, implements; 15 minutes' walk from church, school and post office; a going concern; cheap, $4,200.

COWICHAN RIVER—160 acres, 15 acres cultivated, 20 acres slashed, ½ mile river frontage, 2 miles from Duncans; price $2,000.

PENDER ISLAND—75 acres bottom land, water frontage, part Section 7; price $800.

NORTH DAIRY—6 acres, mostly clear, Cedar Hill cross road; price $775.

COTTAGE—30 acres, at Tyee Station, 7 acres cultivated, 8 pasture; price only $2,650.

OAK BAY—Acreage and lots; also several cottages.

COTTAGE—Fronting Beacon Hill park, 2 lots in orchard, dwelling has electric light and is sewered; terms easy; price $1,650.

CLARENCE STREET—Only two of those choice lots left at $850.

DALLAS ROAD—N. E. corner Boyd and Dallas road; price $735.

TO LET—Summer cottage, at Foul Bay.

TO LET—N. W. corner of Dallas road and Menzies street, large comfortable house; rent $23.50.

FREE—"Home List," which contains list of cheap Vancouver Island farms.

SWINERTON & ODDY
102 GOVERNMENT STREET.

2 ACRES—Cultivated, 8 roomed house, 56 fruit trees, $1,000.

19½ ACRES—Cultivated, 6 roomed dwelling, barn 50x14, 10 poultry houses, creek, $2,500.

8 1-3 ACRES—Gordon Head, $625.

SEAVIEW—Splendid building sites, just off Hillside Ave., $110 to $200 per lot.

ACRE BLOCKS—On Saanich road, near terminus of proposed extension of tram line, cultivated land, suitable for fruit, $400.

24.34 ACRES—Cedar Hill road, all cleared and cultivated, will sell in 5 acre blocks, $200 per acre.

5 AND 10 ACRE BLOCKS—Close to city.

MONEY TO LOAN ON MORTGAGE.
$15,000 on business property; also sums from $500 upwards on improved real estate security, at current rates of interest.
INSURE in the Connecticut Fire Insurance Co., of Hartford, Conn.

HEISTERMAN & CO.
Real Estate and Insurance Agents, 75 Government Street.

DALLAS ROAD—Nice modern bungalow, with very large lot, for $3,250; terms if required.

OAK BAY AVENUE—15 acres, good frontage, will sub-divide to good advantage, $750 per acre.

$3,500 BUYS FINE LARGE DWELLING, with double corner lot, well located, steam heat, modern conveniences; terms if required.

$3,000—NEW MODERN BUNGALOW, James Bay, close to Park and car line; $500 cash, balance on easy terms.

LAND REGISTRY ACT.

In the Matter of an Application for a Duplicate Certificate of Title to Lot 1,084, Victoria City, Issued to Frank Jacob Weissenburger, Charles Wentworth Wallace, John James Cochrane and Leopold Lowenberg, on the 15th Day of March, 1883.

Notice is hereby given that it is my intention, at the expiration of one month from the first publication hereof, to issue a duplicate of the above mentioned Certificate of Title.

S. Y. WOOTTON,
Registrar General.
Land Registry Office,
Victoria, B.C., 21st day of May, 1906.

A BUSINESS CAN GO WITHOUT ADVERTISING—So can a wagon without greasing; but in both instances it goes hard.

REAL ESTATE
Mines, Timber, Brokerage Finance and Insurance

WANTED QUICKLY

Buyer for two shares B.C. Permanent Class A stock, guaranteed 6 per cent. per annum

Buyer for beautiful 10-roomed house, central location, large corner lot, fruit and ornamental trees, etc. Price $500 less than paid a short time ago. Owner leaving city.

H. H. JONES & Co.
PROMIS BLOCK.
PHONE 16. 46 GOVERNMENT ST.

REPLENISHING PROSPECT.

Several Thousand Trout Fry Will Be Deposited at That Lake To-Night.

Several thousand trout fry will arrive from the hatchery near New Westminster by the steamer Princess Victoria this evening. They are being brought down by C. B. Sword, the Dominion fisheries inspector. Upon their arrival here a party comprising Mr. Sword, Richard Hall, M. P. P., and R. C. Davies, proprietor of the Poodle Dog hotel, will take the fry and deposit it in Prospect lake. For some time past Mr. Hall has interested himself in securing this fry for the replenishing of the lake mentioned. An enthusiastic sportsman, he took the same view as that of the majority of disciples of Izaak Walton, namely, that such a fine body of water so short a distance from the city should not be allowed to be fished out, but rather made to provide splendid sport for Victorians and visitors alike. With this idea in view, it is understood, that an effort will be made to obtain a million or so fry for Prospect lake next year.

THE FULL COURT.

Sitting Opened This Morning for the Disposing of Appeals.

The sitting of the Full court opened this morning with all the Supreme court judges at present in the province in attendance, namely, Chief Justice Hunter, Mr. Justice Irving, Mr. Justice Duff and Mr. Justice Morrison. The remaining member of the court, Mr. Justice Martin, is still absent on six months' leave.

There was as usual on the opening a large number of counsel present, including quite a few from places outside of Victoria.

The first case proceeded with was that of Newswander vs. Glegerich. This is an appeal from a decision of Mr. Justice Duff. The counsel in the case were E. P. Davis, K. C., of Vancouver, representing the plaintiff, respondent, and S. S. Taylor, K. C., of Nelson, for the defendant, appellant. The case is one arising out of former actions with respect to mining claims. The plaintiff who lost in the original action seeks damages. It is contended by Mr. Taylor that, according to law, having been the loser in the original action no damages are to be allowed.

The appeal is still in progress this afternoon.

CHEAP BUOYS.

A. Roy, Representing Department of Marine and Fisheries, Makes Purchase at Sale.

The sale of ordnance stores at Work Point barracks yesterday resulted in a very considerable quantity of goods being disposed of by W. Hardaker.

One of the best purchases of the day was that made by A. Roy, of Ottawa, representing the department of marine and fisheries, assisted by J. A. Dallain, of the local office. He succeeded in securing 32 buoys, valued at about $5 each. Mr. Roy secured these for the Dominion government for the lump sum of $40 for the 32, thus effecting a decided saving for the department.

In addition to this, sinkers for the buoys, weighing about 924 pounds each, were bought at a very low price, $36 being paid for 53 of these.

The buoys and sinkers are required almost immediately, and the sale proved of great advantage to the department.

The C. P. R. Company purchased cable valued at about $10,000. A hydraulic testing apparatus, valued at about £150, sold for $31.

In the majority of cases the prices paid are said to have been quite high.

PATENT MEDICINES.

Two Witnesses Give Evidence Before the Select Committee of Dominion House.

(Special to the Times.)

Ottawa, June 5.—The special committee of parliament that has been looking into the patent medicine question to-day examined David Watson, president, and J. A. McKee, chairman of the board of control of the Dominion Proprietary Medicine Manufacturing Association.

Mr. Watson protested against the addition of a law that would compel patent medicine men to print on their bottle what the contents consisted of. It would provoke a warranted suspicion on the part of the public if the labels to which they had long been accustomed were now changed. Mr. McKee pointed out, moreover, that where individuals are now addicted to the cocoaine or morphine habits the announcement that certain medicine contained these drugs would only enable these victims to get these drugs the easier.

—The steamship Monteagle was in port from midnight until noon to-day, loading what has been one of the largest freights ever taken on at this port by a C. P. R. liner. The ship took aboard among other cargo 400 boxes of soap from the Pendray Soap Works, between 250 and 300 tons of fertilizer and considerable Chinese merchandise.

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—The Ladies' Auxiliary of the Development and Tourist Association met this morning in the Driard hotel parlors, Mrs. C. Rhodes, the chairman, presiding. Mrs. H. Kent, the secretary, was in her place. Among the business transacted was the decision to hold regular meetings on the 1st and 3rd Wednesdays in the month, and the appointment of Mrs. J. C. Cameron as treasurer. A formal invitation was also extended to every lady in the city to become a member. The promenade concert that will signalize the opening of the "Made in Victoria" exhibit on Monday next was taken up. Among others, Mesdames Taylor and Holmeken and Herbert Kent have promised to contribute to the programme. Several selections will also be given by the Marguerita Mandolin Club as well as the octette of members of the Ladies' Musical Club. Paul Beygran wrote offering to design decorations for boats at any water carnival that may be held which offer was accepted with thanks.

A dispatch from San Jose, Cal., says: "A laborer was killed and several persons injured by the wrecking of a car on the San Jose and Los Gatos interurban line. The accident was caused by a brake failing when the car was about half way down the hill."

Wood yields one-fourth the heat of coal; charcoal about the same heat as coal.

David Spencer Ltd.

WESTERN CANADA'S BIG STORE

Spend Part of Wednesday in the White Sale With Profit to Yourselves and Comfort for the Rest of the Summer

THE JUNE BRIDE—Her wedding store is the store where she has shopped all her girlhood days—SPENCER'S. The old-time bride had most of her underclothing made in the house, and between this and other ante-wedding cares was tired out and far from looking her best by the time the great day arrived. If the bride of to-day, with a purse too slender for French underclothes, does the same thing, it is only because she doesn't know what charming sets have been made up for her. Nimble brains and fingers have planned and sewed with the result that wonderfully good and dainty garments can be bought for comparatively little money. A set usually includes three pieces; gown, corset cover and drawers; or—among the higher-priced styles—gown, chemise and drawers. Each piece is as carefully cut and as delicately put together—often with veining—as the most fastidious bride-to-be could have it done in her own home. There is no loading with poor trimming, but fine tucks, fine little Swiss medallions and French or German Valenciennes are combined with good nainsook and pink, white or blue wash ribbons to make the whole as attractive as it can possibly be for the money. We describe three of our best sets, also some separate prices.

Ladies' fine French handmade Underwear. Complete set comprising Night Dress, Drawers, Chemise, Corset Cover and Skirt. Price, $63.50.

Description as follows:

Night Dress made of fine nainsook with deep yoke of finest embroidery; elbow sleeves finished with wide frill of same; embroidery beading with satin ribbon inserted around neck and sleeves; bow of same on front of gown. Price, $16.50.

Drawers made of fine quality nainsook with deep flounce of embroidery headed with two rows of beading with ribbon inserted; large bow of ribbon on each side. Price, $10.50.

Chemise made of fine nainsook with deep yoke of fine insertion; yoke attached to body of chemise by row of wide beading threaded with satin ribbon; straps of beading with ribbon over shoulders. Price, $9.00.

Fine Nainsook Corset Cover with yoke of finest embroidery to match other articles in set; straps of same over shoulders edged with narrow Torchon lace; row of beading around yoke with ribbon inserted; large bow of same on front. Price $7.50.

Fine Nainsook Skirt with two 18-inch flounces of embroidery, headed with beading with satin ribbon inserted; large, loose bow of same on side of top flounce. Price, $20.00.

Ladies' fine French set, comprising Night Dress, Drawers, Chemise and Corset Cover. Price, $43.75.

Description as follows:

Nainsook Gown with deep yoke made of fine Torchon lace insertion; yoke attached to body of gown by row of wide beading threaded with satin ribbon; row of insertion and beading with ribbon around neck; elbow sleeves with upper part made entirely of Torchon insertion, lower part finished with large frill headed with beading and ribbon and edged with Torchon lace. Price, $18.75.

Fine Nainsook Drawers made with deep frill trimmed with four rows of beading and wide edging of Torchon lace and insertion; frill headed with row of beading with ribbon inserted; large bow of same on sides. Price, $10.00.

Chemise of fine Nainsook; upper part made of Torchon lace, beading and ribbon; straps of beading edged with Torchon and threaded with ribbon over shoulders; row of Torchon around body of chemise. Price, $7.50.

Fine Nainsook Corset Cover made with deep yoke of Torchon insertion edged with narrow Torchon lace; yoke attached with row of beading with ribbon inserted; large bow on front. Price, $7.50.

Ladies' fine French set, comprising Gown, Corset Cover, Drawers and Chemise. Price, $36.00.

Descriptions as follows:

Fine Nainsook Gown with deep square yoke made entirely of insertion, tucking and beading; row of beading around yoke threaded with satin ribbon; elbow sleeves with circular row of embroidery around upper part; sleeve finished with flounce of embroidery headed with beading and ribbon. Price, $14.50.

Fine Nainsook Corset Cover with yoke made of insertion and tucking; row of beading around yoke threaded with satin ribbon; straps over shoulders made of beading with ribbon run through and edged with Torchon lace, large bow of ribbon on front. Price, $7.50.

Fine Nainsook Drawers made with two deep frills of embroidery headed with beading with ribbon inserted; large bows of ribbon on sides. Price, $7.50.

Fine Nainsook Chemise with entire front made of rows of embroidery and tucking; row of beading around neck and over shoulders threaded with ribbon and edged with narrow Torchon lace. Price, $7.50.

Ladies' fine French set, comprising Gown, Drawers and Corset Cover. Price, $28.50.

Descriptions as follows:

Fine Nainsook Gown with deep square yoke made of clusters of tucks and three rows of Torchon insertion; wide row of insertion around neck, forming V shape; row of beading with ribbon also around neck; elbow sleeves with upper part made of clusters of tucks and insertion; lower part finished with deep flounce trimmed with three tucks and wide Torchon lace. Price, $12.50.

Fine Nainsook Drawers made with deep full flounce headed with row of beading threaded with ribbon; flounce finished with one row of Torchon insertion and one row of lace. Price, $8.50.

Fine Nainsook Corset Cover; yoke made of clusters of tucks and Torchon insertion; row of beading around neck with ribbon inserted; straps over shoulder made of beading with ribbon and edged with Torchon lace. Price, $7.50.

SINGLE PIECES IN GOWNS

Ranging in price from $6.50 to $17.50. We describe a few.

Ladies' fine Cambric Gown with deep yoke made of clusters of tucks and insertion; square neck finished with insertion and embroidery; long sleeve with frill of insertion and embroidery; bows of ribbon on front of gown. Price, $6.50.

Fine Cambric Gown with square yoke made of bias pieces of fine lawn heron boned and trimmed with French knots; square cut neck with rows of fine insertion and beading threaded with ribbon; long sleeves finished with row of beading with ribbon inserted and frill of embroidery. Price, $7.50.

Fine Cambric Gown with yoke made of tucked mull and lace insertion; yoke attached to body of gown by insertion and two rows of beading inserted with ribbon; ruching of fine lace around neck, also row of beading and ribbon; elbow sleeves with deep flounce of tucked mull edged with lace. Price, $10.00.

Fine Nainsook Gown with deep pointed yoke made entirely of insertion and bias tucked pieces of nainsook; square neck edged with beading inserted with ribbon, and Torchon lace; two wide frills of embroidery hanging from shoulders to form sleeves, headed with beading and ribbon. Price, $12.50.

CHEMISE.—Ladies' long Chemise, can be used as Corset Cover and Short Underskirt; wide frill around bottom made of rows of tucking and Val. insertion, edged with Val. lace; row of insertion around shaped waist, threaded with ribbon; upper part made with yoke effect of rows of fine insertion and tucking edged with Val. lace. Price, $4.00.

Ladies' Long Chemise with deep yoke made entirely of fine insertion, row of beading around neck threaded with ribbon; shaped waist with row of beading with ribbon; bottom of skirt trimmed with deep frill made of insertion and lace. Price, $8.50.

DRAWERS.—Ladies' fine Nainsook Drawers made with deep flounce of embroidery headed with wide beading with ribbon inserted; bows of wide satin ribbon on side. Price, $8.75.

Ladies' fine Nainsook Drawers; lower part trimmed with fine Val. insertion and squares of tucked mull; deep frill of mull edged with beading and Val. lace. Price, $5.00.

Ladies' fine Nainsook Drawers with deep flounce of fine mull trimmed with rows of tucking and edged with Val. insertion and lace; flounce headed with row of beading with ribbon; large bows on side. Price, $6.50.

Night Gowns

Night Gown of Cambric; square yoke, close neck, muslin frills neck, front and sleeves. Length, 54, 56, 58 inch. Price, 65c. June Sale Price, 40c.

Night Gown of Cambric; V-shaped neck, trimmed Torchon lace, with ruffle of lace on sleeves. Length 54, 56, 58 inch. Price, 75c. June Sale Price, 50c.

Night Gown of Cambric; V-shaped yoke formed of lace, insertion and Nainsook strips; ruffle of lace on neck and sleeves; full size. Length 54, 55, 58 inch. Price, 90c. June Sale Price, 60c.

Night Gown of Cambric; square neck yoke formed of lace and cambric insertion and strips of Nainsook; ruffle of lace on neck and sleeves; full size. Length 54, 56, 58 inch. Price, 90c. June Sale Price, 60c.

Night Gown of Cambric; square neck, yoke formed of wide embroidery, ruffle of embroidery on neck and sleeves; full size. Length 56, 58, 60 inch. Price, $1.25. June Sale Price, 85c.

Night Gown of Fine Cambric; V-shaped neck, yoke formed of tiny tucks, ruffle of embroidery around neck and down front, deep ruffle of embroidery on sleeves; full size. Length 56, 58, 60 inch. Price, $1.25. June Sale Price, 85c.

Night Gown of Fine Cambric; fancy yoke formed with fine lace insertion and strips of Nainsook, two clusters of fine tucks down front, ruffle of fine lace on neck, sleeves finished with deep cuff formed of lace insertion and Nainsook strips and ruffle of lace, washable ribbon and bows on neck and sleeves; full size. Length 56, 58, 60 inch. Price, $1.50. June Sale Price, $1.00.

Night Gown of Fine Cambric; V-shaped neck, yoke formed of tiny tucks, ruffle of embroidery, insertion and embroidery ruffle; deep embroidery ruffle on sleeve; full size. Length 56, 58, 60 inch. Price, $1.75. June Sale Price, $1.20.

Night Gown of Cambric; square shaped neck, trimmed with cambric insertion and embroidery; ruffle of embroidery on sleeve. Length 54, 56, 58 inch. Price, 85c. June Sale Price, 55c.

Night Gown of Cambric; yoke formed with hemstitched tucking, with Nainsook hemstitched ruffle on neck and sleeves; washable ribbon and bow on neck; full size. Length 54, 56, 58 inch. Price, 90c. June Sale Price, 60c.

Nigh Gown of Cambric; square shaped neck, yoke formed with strips of Nainsook and rows of insertion; ruffle of embroidery around neck and sleeves; full size. Length 54, 56, 58 inch. Price, 90c. June Sale Price, 60c.

Night Gown of Cambric; V-shaped neck, yoke formed with hemstitched tucks, lace insertion, and lace ruffle; deep lace ruffle on sleeves; full size. Length 56, 58, 60 inch. Price, $1.25. June Sale Price, 85c.

Night Gown of Fine Cambric; high neck, yoke formed of tiny tucks and lace insertion; lace ruffle around neck, down front and on sleeves; full size. Length 56, 58, 60 inch. Price, $1.25. June Sale Price, 85c.

Night Gown of Fine Cambric; shield yoke, formed of clusters of fine tucks; lace frill around yoke, neck and sleeves, high neck; full size. Length 56, 58, 60 inch. Price, $1.50. June Sale Price, $1.00.

We Never Had Better Offerings in White Wear

50c. for Ladies' Underskirt of Cambric; with wide Nainsook ruffle, deep hem and lace insertion, any length. Value 75c.

60c. for Ladies' Underskirt of Cambric; with deep Nainsook ruffle, with lace inserting and face to match on edge, any length. Value, 90c.

85c. for Ladies' Underskirt of Cambric; deep embroidery ruffle, five fine tucks in body, any length. Value, $1.25.

85c. for Ladies' Underskirt of Cambric; deep umbrella flounce with two rows of lace inserting, edged with lace to match, any length. Value, $1.25.

85c. for Ladies' Underskirt of Cambric; deep embroidery ruffle, with three figure eight tucks in body, any length. Value, $1.25.

$1.00 for Ladies' Underskirt of Cambric; deep Nainsook umbrella flounce, with hemstitched hem and two lace insertings any length. Value, $1.50.

$1.00 for Ladies' Underskirt of fine Cambric; deep embroidery ruffle, five hemstitched tucks in body, any length. Value, $1.50.

$1.20 Ladies' Underskirt of fine Cambric; deep umbrella flounce, with wide embroidery ruffle and three hemstitched tucks above, any length. Value, $1.75.

$1.20 for Ladies' Underskirt of fine Cambric; deep umbrella flounce of Nainsook and four rows of lace inserting, and lace frill at bottom to match, and dust ruffle, any length. Value, $1.75.

$1.25 Ladies' Underskirt of Special Cambric; deep embroidery ruffle set on inserting to match, five fine tucks in body, any length. Value, $1.90.

60c. for Ladies' Underskirt of Cambric; deep embroidery ruffle, and three fine tucks in body, any length. Value, 90c.

$1.00 for Ladies' Underskirt of fine Cambric; deep Nainsook ruffle edged with wide Cluny lace, five fine tucks, above, with dust ruffle, any length. Value, $1.50.

The Special Sale of Men's White Goods Starts on Wednesday

Some special sales are like phonographs—all talk.

Some are like bubbles—very pretty, but all wind and suds.

Some are like drums—when you seek to find where the advertising noise comes from, there is nothing there.

But some are like a bulldog—nothing much to look at, but the real stuff is there.

Shirts and nightshirts and pyjamas are prosy things to sell or to look at, and all a man wants to know is, "Is the real stuff there?"

In other words, "Will it pay me to lay in a year's supply now?"

It certainly will.

White Calico Nightshirts, Wednesday 50c.

Heavy White Calico Nightshirts, feather stitched, blue and red, Wednesday 65c.

Heavy White Twill Calico Nightshirts (plain), Wednesday 75c.

Heavy White Calico Nightshirts, feather stitched in white, Wednesday 75c.

Heavy White Twill Calico Nightshirts, fancy stitching on collar and bosom. Regular $1.25. Wednesday, 90c.

Heavy Colored Cotton Pyjamas, Regular $1.75. Wednesday 90c.

Strong Print Pyjamas; light and dark shades. Regular $1.25. Wednesday, 90c.

Blue and White Zephyr Pyjamas. Regular $1.50. Wednesday 90c.

Three special numbers in Cream and Blue and other pleasing shades. Wednesday $1.75.

Union Flannel Pyjamas. Regular $2.50. Wednesday $1.75.

Gents' White Shirts for everyday wear; fancy bosom; band for collar; two different lines. Special 75c.

White Shirts with pleated bosoms; the latest styles; two lines with different width pleats; very dressy. Special $1.25.

Imported English White Tennis Shirts with pocket; collar to button down; well finished; full size. Special $1.00.

White Honeycomb and White Basket Cloth Shirts. Special $1.00.

Some special numbers in Boys' White Outing Shirts. 75c.

White Honeycomb and White Basket Cloth Shirts; collars to button down; pocket. 75c.

White Crash and White Fancy Mercerized Stripe Shirt. 75c.

Gents' imported Mesh Underwear; very cool; London make; short sleeves and knee drawers. 75c. each.

Women's White Shirt Waists

On sale Wednesday at 55c., 75c. and $1.00.

SPECIAL SALE OF CHILDREN'S WHITE PIQUE COATS, DRESSES, AND WOMEN'S BLOUSES

$1.50 and $1.75 COATS FOR $1.00.

$3.50 TO $5.00 COATS FOR $2.50.

Children's White Pique Coats with wide row of insertion around bottom; large sailor collar trimmed with two rows of insertion and edged with wide frill of embroidery; row of insertion around cuffs. June Whitewear Sale Price, $1.00.

Child's White Pique Coat with three rows of insertion across front of skirt; large circular collar trimmed with straps of insertion and pique and finished with frill of embroidery; wide cuffs trimmed two rows of insertion. June Whitewear Sale Price, $1.00.

Child's White Pique Coat, with large sailor collar trimmed with two rows of insertion and wide frill of embroidery; wide sleeves with pointed cuffs. June Whitewear Sale Price, $1.00.

Child's White Pique Coat with box pleated skirt attached to yoke; two rows of lace insertion down front; sleeves finished with row of insertion; round collar trimmed with insertion and medallions edged with deep embroidery. June Whitewear Sale Price, $1.50.

Child's White Pique Coat with row of wide insertion down front and around skirt; sleeves made with deep cuff trimmed insertion; large sailor collar of pique trimmed with straps of insertion finished with deep frill of embroidery. June Whitewear Sale Price, $1.50.

Child's White Pique Coat, with two wide frills of embroidery around skirt headed with insertion; deep cuffs trimmed with insertion; large circular collar edged with two rows of embroidery headed with insertion. June Whitewear Sale Price, $1.50.

Child's White Pique Coat with deep flounce around bottom of skirt made of bias pieces edged with frill of embroidery; large square collar trimmed with two rows of embroidery headed with bias strap of pique; sleeve trimmed with embroidery. June Whitewear Sale Price, $2.50.

Child's White Pique Coat made with deep bias flounce trimmed with three rows of insertion; deep circular collar made of insertion and bias pieces edged with frill of embroidery; sleeves trimmed with insertion and embroidery. June Whitewear Sale Price, $2.50.

Child's White Pique Coat with two rows of insertion around skirt and down front; wide row of embroidery around bottom of skirt; sleeves trimmed with insertion and embroidery; deep circular collar made of rows of insertion finished with frill of embroidery. June Whitewear Sale Price, $2.50.

Child's Cream Silk Reefer Coat; bottom of coat, pointed collar and cuffs trimmed with narrow edge of knife pleating finished with narrow silk trimming. June Whitewear Sale Price, $2.50.

Child's Pale Blue Pleated Silk Reefer, trimmed down front and around bottom with white trimming; fancy pointed collar also trimmed with white trimming. June Whitewear Sale Price, $2.50.

Child's Pink Pleated Silk Reefer Coat, with fancy pointed collar edged with narrow braid trimming; pleated sleeve with cuff edged with trimming. June Whitewear Sale Price, $2.50.

Dresses, Value $2.50, to $3.50

Child's White Lawn Dress, size 2, with square yoke made of tucking and insertion; full skirt made with deep hem. June Whitewear Sale Price, $1.50.

Child's White Lawn Dress made with three wide box pleats extending from neck to bottom of skirt, back and front; pleats finished to waist with rows of insertion; frills of embroidery over shoulders; sleeve trimmed with row of insertion; frills of embroidery over shoulders; sleeve trimmed with row of insertion; cuff of insertion; size, 6 to 10 years. June Whitewear Sale Price, $1.50.

Child's White Muslin Dress; six rows of tucking around bottom of skirt, also wide hem; row of insertion around waist; deep yoke made of tucking and insertion; collar made of band of insertion; sleeves trimmed embroidery; size 8. June Whitewear Sale Price, $1.50.

Child's White Lawn Dress made with box pleats extending from neck to bottom of skirt, back and front; straps of embroidery down front of dress; frills of embroidery over shoulders; neck edged with embroidery; sleeves trimmed insertion and embroidery; wide colored sash of ribbon. June Whitewear Sale Price, $1.50.

We have arranged to have Wednesday another record day. Some very attractive offerings are ready besides large stocks of fresh whitewear put out to freshen up the stock. The sale is not a week affair but is planned for the entire month of June, and we have sufficient bargains to satisfy all our customers.

CORSET COVERS

17c. for Corset Cover of Nainsook; low neck, Dorothy style, trimming of lace on neck and around armholes, washable ribbon with bow, around neck. Value, 25c.

25c. for Corset Cover of Nainsook; low neck, French style, fine embroidery around neck. Value, 35c.

25c. for Corset Cover of Nainsook; French style, open neck, V-shape in front; trimmed with lace. Value, 35c.

35c. for Corset Cover of fine Nainsook; French style, low neck cut square, with inserts of wide lace, further trimmed with edging of lace to match. Value, 50c.

35c. for Corset Cover of fine Nainsook; Dorothy, low neck, Vandyke front of embroidery, with edging of embroidery to match. Value, 50c.

40c. for Corset Cover of Special Nainsook; Dorothy style, with row of lace insertion across front, lace edging to match on neck and arm. Value, 60c.

40c. for Corset Cover of Specitl Nainsook; Dorothy style, all over Vandyke lace panels in front; low neck, with lace trimming around neck and arm. Value, 60c.

40c. for Corset Cover of Special Nainsook; French style, two rows of lace insertion down front, low neck, trimmed with lace and washable ribbon, and bows on neck and arm. Value, 60c.

40c. for Corset Cover of Special Nainsook; wide embroidery yoke front and back, finished with washable ribbon and bow, embroidery galoon shoulder straps. Value, 60c.

40c. for Corset Cover of fine Nainsook; Dorothy style, Vandyke front of wide lace, low neck, further trimmed with lace edging to match. Value, 60c.

Corset Cover of Special Nainsook; low neck, square cut, with two rows of embroidery, embroidery on armholes to match. Value, 60c.

Corset Cover of Special Nainsook; shaped all over lace yoke, lace frills on neck and arms, fancy pleat down front. Value, 75c.

50c. for Corset Cover of Super Nainsook; French style, low V-shaped neck in front formed by Swiss insertion and embroidery, with armholes trimmed to match. Value, 75c.

50c. for Corset Cover of Super Nainsook; front trimmed with two rows of lace insertion, Vandyked, low neck, trimmed lace neck and arms. Value, 75c.

60c. for Corset Cover, Dorothy style; body formed Nainsook back, and wide embroidery front, finished washable ribbon and bow, with embroidery galoon shoulder straps. Value, 90c.

85c. for Corset Cover of Super Nainsook; Dorothy style, low neck, yoke of Nainsook and lace insertion; finished with frills of lace, beading and washable ribbon, with bows at neck and on shoulders. Value, $1.25.

$1.20 for Corset Cover of Super Nainsook, bias effect yoke of lace insertion and Nainsook, low neck, lace frills on neck and armholes, finished with beading and washable ribbon, with bows front and shoulders. Value, $1.50.

$1.00 for Corset Cover; entire body formed of alternate rows of Nainsook and lace insertion; lace frills on neck and arm, finished with beading and washable ribbon at waist, neck and shoulders. Value, $1.50.

$1.75 for Corset Cover of Super Nainsook, Dorothy style, two rows of embroidery insertion down front, with 3 rows Vandyke between, embroidery frills on neck and arms, finished beading and washable ribbon, with bows on front and shoulders. Value, $1.75.